## > Unit New neighbours

One <

Neighbor	Address
Street	Suitcase
Full of	Intrersted in
Pet	Garden
Bright	Feathers
Chest	Hungry
Branch	Near
Break	Broke
Thin	Suddenly
Prettily	Slowly
Lady	lap



هى كلمات تستخدم لوصف فعل أو حدث ويتكون عادة بإضافة (ly) لنهاية الصفة.

Adjective	Adverb
Careful	Carefully
Quick	Quickly
Quiet	Quietly
Slow	Slowly
Pretty	Prettily
Loud	Loudly

- He plays the piano loudly.
- She is running **quickly**.
- The singer sings very **prettily**.

# The present simple tense زمن المضارع السيط

#### Usage:-

يستخدم للتعبير عن حقائق وعادات

#### **Keywords:-**

Always – often – sometimes – usually – every – never

#### Forming:-

۱- يضاف للفعل (s/es) بعد الاسم المفرد أو بعد (ss-sh-ch-x-o) الفعل إذا انتهى بــ (ss-sh-ch-x-o)

#### Ex.

- Mr. Waleed **teaches** English.
- She never **plays** tennis.

Y - الفعل يكون في المصدر بعد الاسم الجمع أو بعد العلم المصدر بعد الاسم الجمع أو بعد

#### Ex.

- I always **play** football on Tuesday.
- The girls <u>like</u> dolls.
- They never **go** to school on Saturday.

#### **Negative**

- انفى جملة فى زمن المضارع البسيط نضيف (not) للفعل المساعد (does) بعد المفرد ويكون الفعل فى المصدر.

- Mr. Waleed teaches Arabic. (not)

Mr. Waleed doesn't teach Arabic.

- نضيف (not) للفعل البسيط (do) بعد الجمع

- I go to school on Friday. (not)
- I don't go o school on Friday.

#### **Interrogative:-**

- Do you like English?
- Yes, I do. No, I don't
- Does he like English?
- Yes, he does. No, he doesn't.
- Where do you live?
- I live in Hurghada

# The past simple tense زمن الماضى البسيط

Usage يستخدم للتعبير عن شيء حدث في الماضي وإنتهي. Key words Yesterday – last – ago **Forming** هو التصريف الثاني للفعل وهناك نوعين من الأفعال: أفعال منتظمة: هي الأفعال التي بضاف لها (d/ed) نضيف (d) إذا كان الفعل ينتهى ب (e) Live Lived - نضيف (ed) إذا كان الفعل لاينتهي ب Played Play ٢- أفعال شاذة : هي أفعال لا تنطبق عليها القاعدة السابقة وليس لها أي قاعدة went

Negative

See •

- لنفى جملة فى زمن الماضى نضيف (not) لكلمة (did) ويرد الفعل إلى المصدر I saw Mr. Waleed yesterday. (Negative)

I didn't see Mr. Waleed yesterday.

saw

#### Interrogative

- لتكوين سؤال بمعن (هل) نستخدم (Did) كأداة إستفهام

\*Did you go to the cinema yesterday?

-Yes, I did - No, I didn't

- يمكن تكوين سؤال بإستخدام أداة إستفهام وتكون (did) فعل مساعد

\* Where did you go yesterday

I went to the park. -

### Model test (1)

1) Underline the correct word in brace	<u>ekets</u>
1- I to Aswan last week.	
(go - went - goes)	
2-They often football.	
(plays - play - playing)	
3 Where you go yesterday?	
(is - did - are)	
4 Alex is interestedcompute	ers.
(at - on - at)	
5 My room is full things I do:	n't need.
(at - on - of)	
*************	*****
(2) Do as shown:	
1- Joe likes birds.	(Negative)
2- I (see) a cat yesterday	(Correct)
3- Sally (like) animals.	(Correct)
4 D 1'1 : 1.0	
4- Do you like animals?	(Answer)
5- He is interested computers.	
(3) Give one word for:	(Complete)
1- A person who lives near you.	(
2- An animal which you keep at home.	(
3- A small yellow bird that sings and kep	ot at home as a pet.( )
4- A case with a handle used for carrying c	• ` ′
(4)- Supply the missing parts in the fol	llowing dialogue:-
Safwa: Where were you born?	
Donia:	
Safwa:	?
Dania • I live in Hurghada	

#### 4) Read the following and answer the questions:

Joe is eleven and sally is twelve. Joe likes music and he plays the guitar. Sally likes animals. She has a canary and a cat. Joe and Sally have an older brother. His name is Alex. He has a fish called Fin.

#### \* Answer the following question:

1) Who is the	oldest child?
2) Who is the	youngest?
3) How many	pets do they have?

#### (4) Supply the missing letters:

- 1- Joe is ele v ... n and sally is twelve. Joe lik -s m sic.
- 2- Sally likes an mal s. She has a cana-y and a cat.
- 3- The bi...d was on a long b...anch.
- 4- It was small brown with br..ght red fe..thers.
- 5- He la...ded in the l..p of an old lady.

Love what you do till do what you love

# > Unit Have you ever been abroad?

Two <

Interesting Picture Photos Mask Jewellery World Necklace Dragon North pole South pole Everywhere Born During During Pilgrimage Return Snowy forests Photos Photos Photos Pied Photos Necklace North pole Boots Boots Childhood Homesick Snowy forests	abroad	Souvenir
MaskJewelleryWorldNecklaceDragonNorth poleSouth poleBootsEverywhereMoonBornDiedDuringChildhoodPilgrimageHomesickReturnSnowy forests	Interesting	Things
World Dragon North pole South pole Everywhere Born During During Pilgrimage Return Necklace North pole Boots Chood North pole Boots Chidhood Homesick Snowy forests	Picture	Photos
DragonNorth poleSouth poleBootsEverywhereMoonBornDiedDuringChildhoodPilgrimageHomesickReturnSnowy forests	Mask	Jewellery
South pole Boots  Everywhere Moon  Born Died  During Childhood  Pilgrimage Homesick  Return Snowy forests	World	Necklace
Everywhere Moon  Born Died  During Childhood  Pilgrimage Homesick  Return Snowy forests	Dragon	North pole
Born Died During Childhood Pilgrimage Homesick Return Snowy forests	South pole	Boots
DuringChildhoodPilgrimageHomesickReturnSnowy forests	Everywhere	Moon
Pilgrimage Homesick Return Snowy forests	Born	Died
Return Snowy forests	During	Childhood
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Pilgrimage	Homesick
Mountains	Return	Snowy forests
Mountains	Mountains	Sail
Setout Journey	Setout	Journey
Storm	Storm	Fleet
Sink Prayer mat	Sink	
Traveler Writer	Traveler	Writer

Present	Past	P.P.	المعنى
go	went	gone	يذهب
eat	ate	eaten	يأكل
make	made	made	يصنع
see	saw	seen	یر <i>ی</i>
swim	swam	swum	يعوم
Am /is	was	been	يكون
Are	were	been	يكون
Do/does	did	done	يفعل
Has/have	had	had	يملك

#### Usage:-

يستخدم للتعبير عن شيء حدث في الماضي وماز الت له آثار

#### **Keywords:-**

Ever – never – just – already – since – for- yet

#### Forming:-

He-she-it ← Has

I-we-you-they  $\leftarrow$  Have + P.P

#### **Negative:-**

He-she-it ← Has

I-we-you-they  $\leftarrow$  Have + not + P.P

#### Ex.

- I have been to America.
- She has never visited Australia.

#### **Interrogative:-**

- Have you been to America?
- Has she seen a lion?

\*\*\*\*\*\*

"Ever – never"

١ - تستخدم (ever) في السؤال بمعنى من قبل وتوضع قبل التصريف الثالث للفعل.

- Have you **ever** been to China?
- Has she **ever** ridden a horse?

٢ - تستخدم (never) في الجملة كأداة نفى وتوضع قبل التصريف الثالث للفعل.

- They have **never** been to America.
- Sally has **never** ridden a horse.

# Negative (tie

لنفى جملة فى اللغة الإنجليزية نبحث أو لا عن الأفعال المساعدة (Am - is - are - was - were - has - have - had - can - will)

ثم نضيف لها ( not / n't )

- He is a doctor.	<b></b>	He <u>isn't</u> a doctor.
- They are players	<b>→</b>	They <u>are not</u> players.
- She is clever	<b></b>	She <u>isn't</u> clever.
- Do	لجملة نستخدم : →	- إذا لم يكن هناك أى أفعال مساعدة فى ا إذا كان الفعل فى المصدر
- I like English	<b></b>	I don't like English.
- Does	<b></b>	إذا كان الفعل مضاف له (s) و نحذف (s) من الفعل عند النفي.
- He <u>likes</u> English	<del></del>	و تحدث (s) من الفعن عند اللقى. .He <u>does not like</u> English
– Did		- إذا كان الفعل في الماضي و ير د الفعل إلى مصدر ه
- I saw Mr.Waleed.		وير د الفعل إلى مصدره. .I <u>didn't go</u> see Mr. Waleed
- The <b>played</b> football		→ They <u>didn't play</u> football.

# Paragraph writing

#### 🗷 وهناك أشياء مهمة يجب أن تضعها في الاعتبار عند كتابة البراجراف وهي:

توافق الفعل مع الفاعل

- فالفاعل المفرد يأتى معه الفعل في المفرد ، والفاعل الجمع يأتي بعده الفعل في الجمع.

\* لاحظ أيضا زمن الفعل بحيث يناسب نوع الموضوع: فإذا كان موضوعا عاما فالأفعال كلها في زمن المضارع البسيط، أما إذا كان الموضوع قصة أو وصف زيارة قمت بها . إلخ فالأفعال كلها في زمن الماضي البسيط.

- لا تنسى علامات الترقيم عند الكتابة وأهمها استعمال capital letter فى أول حرف فى الجملة ووضع full stop فى آخرها.

-Look; at the picture and write three more sentences:

The Sphinx – camels – nice trip

W	е	W	er	11	0	n	a	S	C	no	0	O	II	TI	p	) <b>T</b>	Ο	(	ار	Z	a.	,																
••••	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	•••	• •	• • •	••	• •	• •	••	• •	• •	• •	• • •	••	• •	•••	• •	• • •	••	••	• •	• •	• • •	• •	• •	• •	• • •	••	••	• •	• • •	• • •	• • •	•
• • • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	• • •	••	• • •	••	••	• •	• •	• •	• •	• •	• • •	••	• •	• • •	••	• • •	••	••	• •	• •	• • •	• •	• •	• •	• • •	••	••	••	• • •	• • •	• • •	•

### Model test (2)

1) Underline the correct word in bracket	ts:		
1- Her house is full interesting the	hings.		
( in – of – at )			
2- Have you been to China?			
( never – never – now )			
3- She has China.			
( visit – visits – visited)			
4- Have you ever a horse?  ( ride – rode – ridden)			
5- Ibn Batuta was one of the greatest Arab			
(doctors – teachers – travelers)			
****************	*****		
(2) Do as shown:			
1- Have you ever (see – saw – seen) a panda?	) (Cho	ose)	
2- My mum has never (make) a cake.	•	)	
3- Ibn Batuta was teacher.		Negative)	
4- Have you ever been to America?		(Answe	er)
5- Ibn Batuta stayed at home for very long.	(Neg	 jative)	
****************	*******		
3) Supply the missing parts in the following dia	alogue:		
Mr.Waleed:?			
Samia: I'm fine, thank you.			
Mr.Waleed: Do you have any pets?			
Samia:			
(3) Give one word for:			
1- A piece of jewellery which you wear around	your ned	ck. (	)
2- A stone which has been made to look like a	person (	or animal.(	
3- Something which covers your face to hide it	. (	)	
4- The time when you are a child.	(		)
5- A journey to an important religious place.	(	)	
6- A number of boats all together.	(		)

#### 4) Read the following and answer the questions:

My name is Waleed I live in a big farm in Sharkia. I'm interested in collecting stamps. I'm also interested in animals. We have lots of sheep and last spring we were very busy. There were lots of lambs other baby animals.

*	<b>Answer</b>	the	following	question:
---	---------------	-----	-----------	-----------

(4) Supply the mice	**************************************
3) What animals do	they have?
2) What hobbies do	es he interest in?
1) Where does Wal	eed live?

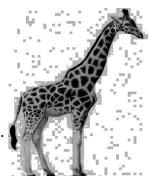
#### (4) Supply the missing letters :

- 1- During his chi...dhood he stu...ed very hard.
- 2- He de...ided to go on a pligrima...e to Mecca.
- 3- At fi...st he was very ho...esick.
- 4-There are ph...tos, masks and stat...es.
- 5- She has been to the No...th p..le.

#### 8-Look; at the picture and write three more sentences:

#### tall - long neck - long legs

The giraffe is a beautiful animal	



# > **Unit** What were they doing?

### Three <

busy	hour		
all	zone		
except	world		
paint	midday		
Sitting room	change		
Phone call	east		
Internet friend	west		
earth	north		
spin	south		
round	forwards		
space	backwards		
shining	Australia		
side	America		
dark	Europe		
day	night		

# The Present Continuous Tense

\* Usage

يستخدم للتعبير عن شيء يحدث وقت الكلام أو وصف حدث في صورة

**Key words:** 

Now – look – listen – at this moment

**Forming** 

**Negative:** 

#### EX.

- He is playing football now.
- They aren't eating now.

#### Interrogative:-

- Is he playing tennis now? What are you doing?

# The Past Continuous Tense

#### **Usage**

- التعبير عن حدث كان مستمرا في وقت معين في الماضي.
- للتعبير عن حدثين كانوا مستمرين في نفس الوقت في الماضي.

#### **Key words**

#### **Forming**

#### **Negative:**

#### EX.

While I was watching TV my brother was sleeping. While Mrs Gordon was working, Alex was Studying.

#### **Interrogative:-**

- Was Ahmed playing?
- Were you watching the match?
- What were you doing?

### Test 3

1) Underline the correct word in b	rackets:
1- Mr. Gordon was the sitting room.	
(Paint – painted – painting)	
2- East is the opposite of	
(backwards – west – the same)	٨
3- There are twenty four time in the work (zones – watches – statues)	u.
,	na
4- While he was watching TV, his wife was	as
(cook – cooking – cooked)	
5- A word which means 60 minutes	
(hour – day – second)	
***********	*****
(2) Do as shown:	a daina hia
1- Mrs. Gordon was working in the garden. Alex homework.	x was doing his (Join)
Homework.	, ,
2- Mr.Waleed was reading a story.	(Negative)
3- I'm playing football.	(not)
4- They were working hard yesterday.	(Negative)
5- There are 20 hours in one day.	(correct)
***************	*****
3) Supply the missing parts in the following dia	logue:
Ahmed: Hello! Hesham. This is my new friend. Hesham: What's his? Ahmed: Mustafa.	
Hesham: How are you?  Mustafa:	
(3) Give one word for:	
<ul><li>2- A planet which we live on.</li><li>3- A large bright star in the sky which gives us l</li></ul>	ight and heat (
5- A large bright star in the sky willon gives us i	igit and neat ( )

#### 4) Read the following and answer the questions:

Hazem is my friend. He is twelve years old. His school is near his house. He is from Giza but he lives in Cairo with his grandfather. He visits his family on Fridays. His father is a doctor and his mother is a teacher. Yesterday, we went to the swimming pool because it was very hot. We are clever, so our teachers are very happy.

* Answer the following question:  1) What's Hazem's father?  2) Where did Hazem and his friends go yesterday?  3) How does Hazem go to school?				
				(3) Supply the missing letters :
				1- The eath spns round and round.
2- The eath takes twenty four hurs to spin round the sun.				
3- If you travel round the word, you must change tme.				
4- If you travel eat, you must put your watch forards.				
5- If you travel wst, you must put your watch backards.				
8-Look; at the picture and write three more sentences:  Fast — sharp teeth — long tail				
A lion is a strong animal.				

## > **Unit** If you want to see the cows

### Four <

Trip	Dairy			
Wife	Husband			
Sheep	Lamb			
Cow	Calves			
Horse	Foal			
Hen	Chicken			
Goat	Kid			
Duck	Duckling			
Noise	Suddenly			
Tripped	Stone			
Hurt	Muddy			
Pond	Edge			
Slipped	Laugh			
Wet	Path			
Circus	beach			
Present	Past	المعنى		
go	went	يذهب		
eat	ate U			
read	read			
write	wrote			
see	يرى saw			
Do/does	did did			

### القاعدة الما

في هذه الحالة نتحدث عن مستقبل .. ويستخدمها عندما يكون هناك احتمال حقيقي أن الحدث سيحدث

If present simple المصدر+ will +الفاعل present simple للمصدر +الفرعل

- <u>If</u> you study hard, you will successed.
- If we run, we will catch the train
- I'll come and see you <u>if</u> I have enough time

# The past simple tense زبن الماضى البسيط

Usage

يستخدم للتعبير عن شيء حدث في الماضي وانتهى.

Key words

Yesterday – last – ago

**Forming** 

هو التصريف الثاني للفعل وهناك نوعين من الأفعال:

ا ـأفعال منتظمة :

 $\overline{(d/ed)}$  هي الأفعال التي يضاف لها

نضيف (d) إذا كان الفعل ينتهى ب (e)

Live Lived

- نضيف (ed) إذا كان الفعل لاينتهى ب

Played Play

٢ <u>أفعال شاذة</u>
 عليها القاعدة السابقة وليس لها أى قاعدة

went See • saw

Negative

- لنفى جملة في زمن الماضى نضيف (not) لكلمة (did) ويرد الفعل إلى المصدر

I saw Mr. Waleed yesterday. (Negative)

I didn't see Mr. Waleed yesterday.

*Interrogative* 

- لتكوين سؤال بمعن (هل) نستخدم (Did) كأداة إستفهام

\*Did you go to the cinema yesterday?

-Yes, I did

- No, I didn't

- يمكن تكوين سؤال بإستخدام أداة إستفهام وتكون (did) فعل مساعد

- \* Where did you go yesterday
- I went to the park.

# Reflexive pronouns الضمائر المنعكسة

#### - تستخدم الضمائر المنعكسة عندما يكون الفاعل والمفعول نفس الشخص

فاعل	منعكسة
I	Myself
Не	Himself
She	Herself
It	Itself
You	Yourself
We	Ourselves
They	Themselves

- I hurt **myself** with the knife.
- He saw **himself** in the mirror.
- They enjoyed **themselves.**
- We made the model with ourselves.

### Model test (4)

1) Underline the correct word in brackets:	
1- If you look at the pond, you the ducks.	
(See – will see – saw)	
2- The farmer's wife was making cheese in the	
(bond - dairy - school).	
3 did you go yesterday? I went to a party.	
(Where – When – What)	
4- The baby of sheep is called	
(lamb - calf - goat)	
5- The baby of horse is called	
(lamb – calf – foal)	
************	
(2) Do as shown:	
1- If you go into the barn, you will (saw) goats.	(Correct)
2- There was an animal on the farm.	(Plural)
3- Tom and Katie enjoyed a wonderful day on the farm.	 (Negative)
4- Yes, I enjoyed my self very much.	(Ask)
5- I enjoyed	(Reflex)
(3) Give one word for:	
1- An area of land for keeping animals and growing food.	( )
2- A young sheep. (	)
3- A solid food made from milk which is white or yellow. (	)
4- A small area of water on a farm or in a garden. (	)
5- Place where cheese, milk and butter are made.	( )
3) Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:	
Mother: How was your first day at school?	
Ahmed:	
Mother: What's your English teacher name?	
Ahmed:	

#### 4) Read the following and answer the questions:

My name is Bassma. I have got a brother and a sister. My brother Mohammed likes strawberries. My sister Nada likes grapes very much. I like bananas. My favourite subject is English. Nada likes Maths, but Mohammed likes science.

* Answer the following question: 1) Who is Nada?	
2) Does Mohamed like science?	
3) What is Bassma's favourite subject?	
(5) Supply the missing letters :	

- 1- If you go to in the b...rn you will see the la...bs.
- 2- If you look in the d..iry you will see my wi...e.
- 3-There were some co...s with their cal...es.
- 4- There were h...ns with their ch...cks.
- 5- They saw du...ks and du...klings in the pond.

#### 8-Look; at the picture and write three more sentences:

many animals - tractor - liked it

Last spring we visited a farm in Sharkia.	

## Unit

## What are you doing this weekend?

### Five -

weekend	Football match
Shopping	Afternoon
Cousin	Avything
Theatre	Message
Nobody	Stadium
Price	Seat
Row	Camel
Hump	Kangaroo
Naughty	Penguin
Cleaning	Washing
Feeding	Brushing
Sweeping	Collecting
Rubbish	Café
Waiter	floor

# The Present Continuous Tense

#### \* Usage

- قد نستخدم زمن المضارع المستمر للتحدث عن حدث أو عمل سوف يحدث في المستقبل.

#### Forming

#### **Negative:**

#### EX.

- I'm doing homework tomorrow. .
- Sally is buying some new shoes.
- Alex isn't going to a football match on Sunday.

#### Interrogative:-

- Are you going shopping tomorrow? What are you doing this weekend?

### Model test (5)

#### 1) Underline the correct word in brackets:

( am – is – are )	
2- They are going to theto see a good film.  ( theatre – cinema – farm )	
3- Sally is going shopping her mother.  ( in – to – with )	
4- They are leavinghalf past two.	
5- You the ducks if you go to the farm.  ( see – saw – will see )	
2) Do as shown:	
- Alex is going to a football match on Saturday. (Negative)	
2- Sally is buy some new shoes now. (Correct)	
- Yes, Sally and her mother are going shopping tomorrow. (Ask)	
- The match starts at 3 o'clock.	(Ask)
- There is an animal in the zoo.	(Plural)
S) Supply the missing parts in the following dialogue:	
Mr.Waleed: Who is Abu Treka?	
Ahmed:	
Ahmed: Yes, I want to be a footballer.	

4)	Read	the	following	and	answer	the	questions:

Joe is eleven and sally is twelve. Joe likes music and he plays the guitar. Sally likes animals. She has a canary and a cat. Joe and Sally have an older brother. His name is Alex. He has a fish called Fin.