



work sheet

English world - sixth grade

Unit 7

Native people





Vocabulary

Vocabulary	English meaning	Arabic meaning
Island(n)	A land surrounded by water	جزيرة
Sparkle (n)	Shine	لمعان
Glitter (n)	Brightness	بريق
Jewel (n)	A precious stone	جوهرة
Lagoon(n)	An area of shallow water separated from the sea	بحيرة ضحلة
Jet-ski(n)	Kind of sport jumping in the sky using a parachute	القفز بالمظلة
Coral reef	A massive group of coral	شعاب مرجانية
Windsurf(n)	Kind of sport using a flat wooden plate on the water	ركوب الموج
Bay(n)	A part of the coast where the land goes inwards	شاطيء
Explore(v)	Discover	يستكشف

Indirect pronouns

A pronoun is a word that takes the place of a noun. Pronouns can be in one of three cases: Subject, Object, or Possessive.

Rule 1

Subject pronouns are used when the pronoun is the subject of the sentence. You can remember subject pronouns easily by filling in the blank subject space for a simple sentence.

Example:

_____ did the job.

{ I, you, he, she, it, we, and they } all can be used to fill in the blank and are, therefore, subject pronouns.



Rule 2

Object pronouns are used everywhere else (direct object, indirect Object, Object of the preposition).

Object pronouns are { **me, you, him, her, it, us, and them.**}

Examples:

Jean talked to him.

Are you talking to me?

Now Evaluate Yourself

***Complete the sentences with the correct pronoun:**

- 1) It was Grandpa`s birthday. We madea cake.
- 2) We love our uncle Fred. He tolda very funny joke.
- 3) It`s Reem birthday. Let`s buya present.
- 4) The dog was hungry so I gave a bone.
- 5) If you are good, I`ll give some sweets.

Homework

Q2-Rewrite the sentences using(him, her, us or them):

- 1) Give the books to Joe —→ give him the books.
- 2) Show the pictures to my mother.
- 3) Read a story to Tom and Joe.
- 4) Make sandwiches for Tom and me.
- 5) Buy a cake for my sister.
- 6) Bring a bag for my brother.



***Modals are always followed by the base form of a verb .**

Can

1)Used to express ability (to be able to do something):

- Can you open this jar?

2)Used to ask for permission:

- Can I use your bathroom?

3)Used to make requests or suggestions:

- Can I have the bill?

Could (past form of can)

1)Often used in auxiliary functions to express permission politely:

- Could I take this jacket with me?
- Could you please let me pass you?
- Could I get you more water?

2)Used to express possibility:

- Could it be true?

May

2)Used to ask for formal permission:

- May I come in?
- May I say something now?
- May I ask one question?

Now evaluate yourself

***Write a more polite version of each sentence:-**

1) Give me an apple!

(could, give)

2) I want to open the window!

(may, open)

3) Give me a ticket!

(can, give)