

$\frac{\Delta x}{\Delta y} \rightarrow \lim_{\Delta y \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta x + 2}{\Delta y - 1}$
 $y = 2x + 3x$
 $(x+a)^2 = x^2 + 2ax + a^2$
 $x_{1/2} = \frac{b \pm (a-c)}{\sqrt{2a}}$
 $\ln/x \left(\frac{a-\sqrt{x}}{x} \right) + c$
 $\tan(\alpha) = \frac{2 \tan(\alpha)}{1 - \tan^2(\alpha)}$
 $f_x = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+a^2}}{x}$
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[illegible]

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$\frac{A-C}{C} =$
 $\int_2^5 f(t) dt$
 $y = \frac{dx}{dz}$
 $\frac{dx}{dy} = \lim_{y \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\Delta x + 2}{\Delta y - 1}$
 $1 - 3y^2$
 $(x+a)^2 = x^2 + 2ax + a^2$
 $f_x =$
 $\frac{1}{x} \ln \left(\frac{a - \sqrt{x^2 + a^2}}{x} \right) + C$
 $X_{1/2} = \frac{b \pm (a-c)}{\sqrt{2a}}$
 $\tan(2\alpha) = \frac{2 \tan(\alpha)}{1 - \tan^2(\alpha)}$
 $(x-y)$
 $y = 2x^2 + 5x$
 $(4, 4)$
 $\sqrt{1 + \sin x}$
 $x^2 + 2ax + a^2$
 $f_x = \int \frac{\sqrt{x+a^2}}{x}$
 $e = 2.718$

