

ENGLISH

Grade 12

Second Term, 2021

Module 10

لا تغني عن الكتاب المدرسي

أسألكم الدعاء

لي ولوالدي ولأبنائي ولأصحاب الحقوق علينا
محبكم في الله..

Walid Darwish

SPARK

Student's name:

come to terms with	يرضى بالأمر الواقع (سيء)	bits and pieces	أشياء بسيطة - الفتات - القطع والأجزاء
come first	الأهم - أعلى الأولويات	life or death	مسألة حياة أو موت = خطيرة
come in handy	يصبح مفيداً - ينفع	live and learn	اللي يعيش يتعلم
come into effect	يصبح ساري المفعول / يسري	loud and clear	بكل وضوح - بشكل واضح وصرح
come naturally to	سهل بالنسبة لـ - يأتيه بلا تعب	neat and tidy	مرتب ونظيف
come of age	يكبر - يصل لسن البلوغ	short and sweet	مختصر ومفيد - قصير وحلو
come to an end	ينتهي	sooner or later	عاجلاً أم آجلاً
come to light	يُظهر للعلن - يُكشف	trial and error	المحاولة والخطأ
Both and	كلا من و.....	peace and quiet	السلام والهدوء - السكينة
Neither nor	لا ولا	pros and cons	إيجابيات وسلبيات
Either or	إما أو..... (للتخيير)	again and again	مرة أخرى وأخرى (ثاني وثالث)
Whether or / or not	سواء / إذا... أو... (للافتراض)	here and there	هنا وهناك
		rain or shine	مهما كانت الظروف

crime	جريمة	strain	الضغط العصبي - الإجهاد
poverty	الفقر	sector	قطاع
famine	المجاعة - القحط	stock up	يخزن المؤن في - يشتري بكميات للتخزين
refugees	اللاجئين	couple with	تجتمع مع - تشترك مع
child labour	عمالة الأطفال	fixate on	يتعلق بشيء (يُداوم التفكير فيه والحديث عنه)
natural disasters	كوارث طبيعية	regenerate	يجدد - يتجدد
homelessness	التشرد	reassure	يُطمئن - يُشعر بالأمان
devastated	منهار	reassuring	مُطمئن
hopeless	يائس	turn ... around	يدير الدفة لصالحه - يقلب الموقف لصالحه
powerless	بلا قوة	judgemental	كثير الانتقاد وإصدار الأحكام
suffering	المعاناة	non-judgemental	غير نقاد - لا يصدر أحكام
grateful	شاكر - ممنون	publicise	ينشر ويروج في المجتمع
heartbroken	محطم القلب	self-esteem	تقدير الذات
outraged	غاضب	pretend	يتظاهر
terrified	مرعوب - خائف	qualified	مؤهل
threatened	مُهدد	whatsoever	على الإطلاق - البتة - مهما كان
uncertain	غير متأكد	turbulent	عصيبة - مضطربة
abandoned	مهجور - متروك	stigma	وصمة عار
on track	على الطريق الصحيح	seldom	نادرًا
a pat on the back	الثناء - ربة على الظهر		
build up good reputation	يبني سمعة طيبة		

النوع	الكلمة (الجذر)	المشتق	النوع	معنى المشتق
Adj	free	freedom	N	الحرية
Adj	wise	wisdom	N	الحكمة
V	bore	boredom	N	الملل
Adj	hard	hardship	N	المشقة - المصاعب
N for P	friend	friendship	N	الصداقة
N for P	member	membership	N	العضوية
N for P	leader	leadership	N	القيادة
N for P	reader	readership	N	جمهور القراء
N for P	champion	championship	N	البطولة
N	relation	relationships	N	العلاقات
N for P	child	childhood	N	الطفولة
N for P	adult	adulthood	N	البلوغ
N for P	parent	parenthood	N	الأبوة
N for P	neighbour	neighbourhood	N	الجيرة - المنطقة
Ns	hand	handy	Adj	مفيد

1. Yousef lost his card, so he had to ask at the gym for a new one. **MEMBER**
2. My grandfather always had words of to offer me. **WISE**
3. What life lessons do you think children should learn before reaching? **ADULT**
4. Before having children, I didn't realise how difficult would be. **PARENT**
5. The captain of the team didn't show any skills whatsoever. **LEADER**
6. Playing games on my tablet helps relieve the of long flights. **BORE**
7. Do you think Robinson is a good enough player to win the this year? **CHAMPION**

8. Which team do you think is going to win the? **CHAMPION**
9. Pete can't stand theof waiting in long queues. **BORE**
10. You need to show yourcard in order to get a discount. **MEMBER**
11. Andy might be well off now, but he has experienced many situations of extreme throughout his life. **HARD**
12. Our (**FRIEND**) began when we were in primary school and has continued into **ADULT**
13. Bader always admired his father for his great**WISE**



Youth Development Programmes

Inner city children and teenagers are often faced with many difficulties and 1 _____. Not only that, but their parents may be working long hours and there is often little available in their 2 _____ for them to do in their free time. For this reason, 3 _____ is a frequent complaint among young people. To help fight this, special youth development programmes have been set up as a way to give young people a place to go where they can spend their time doing something useful. These programmes aim to teach important skills, pass on 4 _____ about life, as well as motivate and inspire these youths. For example, 5 _____ skills, among others, will help them progress in life. These skills will also come in 6 _____ in helping young people deal with 7 _____ and peer pressure. The youths get the opportunity to meet others and sometimes 8 _____ can develop. Thus, youth development programmes are a brilliant way to help young people adopt a greater sense of self-worth, hope and optimism about life, and as a result, lead a happier 9 _____.

HARD
NEIGHBOUR
BORE

WISE
LEADER

HAND
RELATION
FRIEND

ADULT

28. Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. The evidence that **came to light** proved that the man was innocent.
Which of the following is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined phrase?
A. began to apply B. c. was useful C. was made known D. reached the age of adulthood
2. We've been saving money which our children will be able to access when they **come of age**.
Which of the following is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined phrase?
A. began to apply B. c. was useful C. was made known D. reached the age of adulthood
3. For as long as I have known him, his family always **comes first**.
Which of the following is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined phrase?
A. finishes B. begin to apply C. is easy for him D. is the most important
4. Take a jacket with you. It will **come in handy** if it gets cold.
Which of the following is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined phrase?
A. begin to apply B. c. be useful C. be known D. finish
5. The new law **comes into effect** on 1st April.
Which of the following is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined phrase?
A. begins to apply B. c. is useful C. is known D. finishes
6. Meeting new people and making friends has always **come naturally** to Waleed.
Which of the following is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined phrase?
A. finished B. begun to apply C. been easy D. been useful
7. I was very sad when I realised that our holiday was **coming to an end**.
Which of the following is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined phrase?
A. finishing B. applying C. easy D. the most important
8. I worked here andfor a while
A. there B. where C. here D. gear
9. I usually work from about 7.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m., rain or.....
A. fine B. shine C. snow D. vain
10. Mubarak was trying to repair the radio and there were bits and.....all over the desk.
A. clear B. sooner C. pieces D. tidy

11. Excuse me, I need to use your mobile. It's a matter of life or

- A. short B. death C. learn D. trial

12. The best way to learn this graphics program is by and error.

- A. short B. death C. learn D. trial

13. I know it's a problem, but you're going to have to deal with it or later.

- A. clear B. sooner C. pieces D. short

14. Is the human brain really made up of 60% fat? Well, you live and

- A. short B. death C. learn D. trial

15. I like to make sure everything is neat and before I leave for work in the morning.

- A. clear B. sooner C. pieces D. tidy

16. The phone seems to be working perfectly now, so I can hear you loud and

- A. clear B. sooner C. pieces D. tidy

17. OK. I have to leave on a business trip soon, so let's make this meeting....and sweet.

- A. short B. death C. learn D. trial

18. Don't throw this box away. It might come

- A. into effect B. in handy C. first D. to light

19. I didn't know that Canberra was the capital of Australia. You live and

- A. die B. death C. live D. learn

20. My cousins are coming over for the weekend, so we need tothe fridge.

- A. stock up B. couple with C. regenerate D. fixate

21. The lecture was short andand none of the students got bored.

- A. clear B. neat C. sweet D. tidy

22. You must come to termsthe fact that you can't change the outcome, so there's no point in thinking about it anymore.

- A. by B. to C. for D. with

23. A: When do you think our son should be able to access his personal bank account?
B: I think he is not mature enough at the moment. He will be able to manage money better when he comes.....

- A. first B. of age C. into effect D. to an end

24. A: How do you spend your free time, Anood?
B: Well, my children always come.....so I try to spend as much time with them as I can.

- A. naturally B. of age C. first D. to an end

25. A: What are you planning on doing now that the school term is coming , Nasser?
B: I've planned a holiday abroad and I'm really looking forward to it!

- A. naturally B. of age C. into effect D. to an end

26. A: Your brother can speak three languages! Incredible!
B: Yes, learning foreign languages has always cometo him.

- A. naturally B. of age C. into effect D. to an end

27. A new and more straightforward process for how volunteers apply at the nature reserve will come.....next month.

- A. naturally B. of age C. into effect D. to an end

28. I think you got the message across to her ; I don't think she will make the same mistake again.

- A. pieces and bits B. life and death C. live and learn D. loud and clear

29. The meeting was, and I got home in time for dinner.

- A. neat and tidy B. short and sweet C. sooner or later D. trial and error

30. I had no idea how to use the computer program, but through I soon got the hang of it.

- A. neat and tidy B. short and sweet C. sooner or later D. trial and error

31. Sally is going to understand that she's made the right choice.

- A. neat and tidy B. short and sweet C. sooner or later D. trial and error

32. Now that you have finished your project, can you clean up all the that you've left everywhere?

- A. pieces and bits B. life and death C. live and learn D. loud and clear

33. I need to get this woman to the hospital. It's a matter of

- A. pieces and bits B. life and death C. live and learn D. loud and clear

34. Rawda likes to keep her desk when she's studying as it helps her to focus better.

- A. neat and tidy B. loud and clear C. sooner or later D. trial and error

35. Until I watched that documentary, I hadn't realised how many homeless people there are in this country – you

- A. pieces and bits B. life and death C. live and learn D. loud and clear

36. Do you mind making sure the kitchen is neat and when you've finished making the cake?

- A. clean B. clear C. tidy D. sweet

37. Now that I know that Robert has taken over the project, I can put my at ease.

- A. head B. mind C. thought D. brain

38. Saleh goes jogging every morning — He hates not getting daily exercise.

- A. rain or shine B. life or death C. here and there D. sooner or later

39. After the accident, it was difficult for me to come with the fact that I wouldn't be able to drive for a few months.

- A. into effect B. to an end C. to light D. to terms

40. The scientists met and discussed the different measures that should be put into to stop the virus spreading.

- A. words B. practice C. productivity D. track

41. This big cardboard box came in when I was moving to a new flat.

- A. useful B. handy C. practical D. helpful

29. Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. means criticising people easily and quickly

- A. Environmental B. Reassuring C. Judgemental D. Turning it around

2. To means to accept something unpleasant

- A. come to terms with B. reassure C. publicise D. turn it around

3. To means to increase society's awareness of something

- A. come to terms with B. reassure C. publicise D. turn it around

4. means lessening a person's feeling of anxiety, fear or worry

- A. Coming to terms with B. Reassuring C. Being judgemental D. Turning it around

5. To means to go from a bad situation or set of circumstances, to one which is better

- A. come to terms B. reassure C. be judgemental D. turn it around

6. To means to revitalize

- A. couple with B. fixate C. regenerate D. stock up

7. To means to join with something

- A. couple with B. fixate C. regenerate D. stock up

8. To means to talk/think about something a great deal

- A. couple with B. fixate C. regenerate D. stock up

9. means making progress in the right way

- A. On Track B. Strain C. Sector D. Stock up

10. is a specific section of the workforce within a country

- A. On Track B. Strain C. Sector D. Stock up

11.is an amount of pressure put on something

- A. On Track B. Strain C. Sector D. Stock up

12. To means to purchase a big amount of the same item in order to use in the future

- A. on Track B. strain C. sector D. stock up

13. Try to keep an open mind and don't be so of others.

- A. outraged B. personal C. grateful D. judgemental

14. It's time Gary to terms with the fact that he's not going to be a professional football player.

- A. came B. realised C. accepted D. arrived

15. The issue of child labour has been widely by the media over the years.

- A. announced B. publicised C. advertised D. positioned

16. Well done for meeting the deadline! You should all give yourselves a well-deserved on the back.

- A. knock B. hit C. pat D. clap

17. The children were when their pet parrot flew away.

- A. ashamed B. heartbroken C. considerate D. hectic

18. I've told you again again; wear your jacket or you'll catch a cold.

- A. or B. also C. and D. but

19. It took a lot of hard work to build our company's good reputation.

- A. up B. out C. in D. on

20. Unfortunately, we see Ken and Jackie these days; where they live now is a three-hour car journey away!

- A. frequently B. personally C. slightly D. seldom

21. In some countries, fewer job opportunities with low wages has resulted in many young people seeking employment abroad.
A. fixate B. stock C. couple D. regenerate
22. Do you know if the team are still on to meet Thursday's deadline?
A. strain B. track C. sector D.
23. Thousands of trees will be planted in an attempt to the forest after the destruction caused by last year's wildfires.
A. fixate B. stock C. couple D. regenerate
24. The retailhas seen a significant drop in profits over the last six months.
A. fixate B. sector C. couple D. regenerate
25. Before winter, we usually up on plenty of wood for the fire.
A. fixate B. stock C. couple D. regenerate
26. I'm afraid the of working two jobs has finally caught up with me.
A. strain B. track C. sector D. stock
27. If you want to lose weight, you shouldn't take desserts completely out of your diet, as you risk on them.
A. fixating B. stocking C. coupling D. regenerating
28. Jerry is often too; he criticises people without thinking.
A. considerate B. qualified C. judgemental D. powerless
29. We were allto be alive after the terrible accident.
A. grateful B. ashamed C. reassuring D. outraged
30. It is to know that volunteer work can make a positive difference.
A. judgemental B. reassuring C. distressing D. understanding
31. Scientists remain hopeful that one day the Great Barrier Reef can be and the damage caused to it reversed.
A. publicised B. prioritised C. regenerated D. fluctuated

All / Both / Neither / None / Either

All boys are rich.

كل (بعدها اسم جمع ثلاثة فأكثر + فعل للجمع)

All of the boys are rich.

كل (بعدها اسم جمع ثلاثة فأكثر / ضمير جمع + فعل للجمع)

All of them are rich.

لاحظ استخدام الأداة the

None of the soup is good.

ولا أي من (بعدها اسم غير معدود + فعل للمفرد)

None of the boys is/are rich.

ولا واحد من (بعدها اسم معدود جمع ثلاثة فأكثر / ضمير

None of them is/are rich.

جمع + فعل للجمع أو للمفرد)

لاحظ استخدام الأداة the

Both boys are rich.

كلا الاثنين (بعدها اسم جمع + فعل للجمع)

Both of the boys are rich.

كلا الاثنين (بعدها اسم جمع / ضمير جمع + فعل للجمع)

Both of them are rich.

لاحظ استخدام الأداة the

Neither boy is rich.

ولا واحد من الإثنين (بعدها اسم مفرد معدود + فعل للمفرد)

Neither of the boys is/are rich.

ولا واحد من الإثنين (بعدها اسم معدود جمع / ضمير جمع

Neither of them is/are rich.

+ فعل للجمع أو للمفرد)

لاحظ استخدام الأداة the

Either boy is rich.

أحدهما (بعدها اسم مفرد معدود + فعل للمفرد)

Either of the boys is rich.

أحدهما (بعدها اسم جمع / ضمير جمع + فعل للمفرد)

Either of them is rich.

لاحظ استخدام الأداة the

Double conjunctions

Both Ali **and** Sami are rich.

كلا من و + فعل جمع

تثبت الفعل لكلاهما

I invited **both** Ali **and** Sami.

يجوز أن تربط مفعولين

Neither the boys **nor** Sami is lying.

لا... ولا... + فعل للفاعل الأقرب

Neither Sami **nor** the boys are lying.

تنفي الفعل عن كلا الفاعلين

She can **neither** read **nor** write.

يجوز أن تربط مفعولين/ أو فاعلين

She has visited **neither** Cairo **nor** Doha.

لاحظ أنها تنفي بدون استخدام not

She is **neither** American **nor** British

Either the boys **or** Sami is lying.

إما... أو... + فعل للفاعل الأقرب

Either Sami **or** the boys are lying.

تثبت الفعل لأحدهما

Either she was too busy **or** she forgot.

إما جملة أو جملة

Either colour is fine by me.

أي + اسم مفرد (مش فارقته/ كله زين) = any

Whether she was too busy **or** forgot, doesn't matter.

سواء... أو...

Whether she wants to come **or not**, doesn't matter.

لاحظ أنها تحتاج جواب شرط

I'm not sure **whether** she wants to come **or not**.

هل/إذا/ لو... أم لا...

I can't decide **whether** we should go to Paris **or** London on holiday this year

هل/إذا/ لو... أم...

الاختيار من متعدد MC

1. الجزء الناقص من الرابط

2. المثنى والجمع

3. المعنى مثبت أم منفي

4. الفعل للمفرد أم للجمع "وهذا الأصعب"

1. الجزء الناقص من الرابط:

Both	and
Neither	nor
Either	or
Whether	or / or not

2. المثنى والجمع:

Both (of)	للمثنى
Neither (of)	
All (of)	للجمع
None of	

3. المعنى مثبت أم منفي:

Both (of)	مثبت
All (of)	
Neither (of)	منفي
None of	

4. **الفعل للمفرد أم للجمع**: ونحتاج لمعرفة ذلك عندما يكون العطف للفاعلين أي أن الرابط في أول الجملة.

أفعال الفاعل المفرد	is, was, has, plays, does, doesn't
أفعال الفاعل الجمع	are, were, have, play, do, don't

Neither	A nor B	+ الفعل	الفعل يتبع أقرب فاعل	Either Ali or the boys were cheating.
Either	A or B	+ الفعل		Neither the boys nor Ali was cheating.
Neither of		الفعل للمفرد أو الجمع		Neither of the cars has/ have a problem. سياراتين
None of				None of the cars has/ have a problem. ثلاثة فأكثر
Neither		الفعل للمفرد		Neither car is OK.
Either				Either car has a problem.
Either of				Either of the girls was cheating.
Both		الفعل للجمع		Both cars have a problem. سياراتين
All				Both of the cars have a problem. سياراتين
				All cars have a problem. ثلاثة فأكثر
				All of the cars have a problem. ثلاثة فأكثر

30. Choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d:

1. Neither Mr Roberts Mrs Roberts is at home at the moment.

- A. nor B. and C. not D. or

2. Hala not only is a talented cook she also makes nice desserts.

- A. and B. but C. nor D. or

3. I can honestly say that I love my son and my daughter equally.

- A. also B. and C. both D. not only

4. you quit your job or not is none of my concern.

- A. Both B. Either C. Nor D. Whether

5. Mousa or Omar is going to pick Ahmed up from the airport.

- A. Whether B. Either C. Both D. Neither

6. Maria has got lots of friends, but of them live close to her.

- A. neither B. either C. all D. none

7. my brother and our cousin, Eric, are thinking about studying media and journalism at Bristol University.

- A. Either B. Both C. All D. Neither

8. the manager of the team nor the captain knew the best way to approach the match.

- A. Nor B. Either C. Both D. Neither

9. I can't understand our new neighbours speak Spanish or Italian.

- A. whether B. either C. not only D. neither

10. Both Jamie and Fred finished university last year, but of them has/have found a job yet.

- A. neither B. none C. both D. either

11. All of her friends called her when she was in hospital, but of them visited.

- A. both B. none C. neither D. either

12. A: Do you want to have spaghetti or pizza for dinner?
B:..... I don't mind really.

- A. Both B. None C. whether D. Either

13. We can buythe sofa and the bookcase for our new flat.

- A. all B. none C. both D. neither

14. We can buythe sofa or the bookcase, whichever one you like best.

- A. whether B. neither C. both D. either

15. We can buy the sofa nor the bookcase because we can't afford them.

- A. neither B. none C. either D. both

16. We're not sure we want to buy the sofa or the bookcase.

- A. either B. neither C. both D. whether

17. Anna, Mary and Kate are going to attend a seminar. They are very excited

- A. both B. none C. all D. neither

18. Anna, Mary and Kate are going to attend a seminar.they are very excited.

- A. All of B. Both of C. All D. None

19. Bill and Ted are cousins. they are in a team.

- A. All of B. Both of C. All D. Neither

20.shop sells bags.

- A. All B. Neither C. Both D. None of

21. the shops sells bags.

- A. Neither of B. All of C. All D. Neither

22.the shops sell bags.

- A. Neither of B. None C. All D. Neither

23. Fahad and Salem want to go rock climbing.them has tried this activity before.

- A. None of B. All of C. Neither of D. Either of

24. Fahad and Salem want to go rock climbing. them have tried this activity before and it has been great.

- A. None of B. All of C. Neither of D. Both of

25. None of the soup by the children.

- A. were eaten B. was eaten C. have been eaten D. are eaten

26. the sandwiches were eaten by the children. They loved them a lot.

- A. None of B. All of C. Neither of D. None

27. None of the sandwiches by the children yesterday.

- A. was eaten B. is eaten C. are eaten D. were eating

28. All my friends love coffee. them likes tea.

- A. None of B. None C. Neither D. Neither of

29. dress is appropriate for the occasion.

- A. Whether B. Both C. None D. Either

30. Does you want some ice cream?

- A. none of B. all of C. both of D. either of

31. my sister and my brother go to university.

- A. All B. Both C. Neither D. Either

32. Either my brothermy sister is going to come with me.

- A. and B. nor C. or D. of

33. Either my brother or my parentscome with me.

- A. am going to B. is going to C. going to D. are going to

34. she was too busy or she didn't want to come over.

- A. Whether B. Either C. Neither D. Not only

35. she was too busy or she didn't want to come over, doesn't matter.

- A. Whether B. Either C. Neither D. Not only

36. Eman nor Jazzi likes tennis.

- A. Either B. Both C. All D. Neither

37. Neither the sofa nor the coffee table new.

- A. am B. is C. are D. were

38. Neither the sofa nor the curtains new.

- A. am B. is C. are D. was

39. Neither Layla nor you cook. I'll do it.

- A. has to B. have to C. had to D. having to

31. Complete the dialogues with *all, both, and, neither, nor, none, either, or, whether*.

1. A: There are more than 30 employees in your department. Are of them going on the company picnic this weekend?
B: Well, of us are crazy about company picnics, but I suppose most of us will end up going.
2. A: Laura Diaz is coming over tonight.
B: Who's that?
A: She is my Spanish teacher a friend of mine. We're thinking about cooking dinner or ordering something. Fancy joining us?
B: I can't. I not only have to study but also clean my flat.
3. A: I can't decide we should go to Paris London on holiday this year.
B: Personally, I'd rather go to Paris than London.
C: place is fine by me, but why don't we go to Paris London? We could spend a week in each place.
A: No way. I have the time the money!
4. A: I'm not sure I should wear the brown shirt to our school reunion the black and white one.
B: Wear I think they suit you.
A: OK. I'll wear the black and white one.
B: I'm so excited. I can't wait to see of our old classmates.
A: Well, not of them are coming. I know for a fact that Mark Trenton Frank Patterson will be there.
B: Really? I was really looking forward to seeing them.
5. A: Where do you think we should go for our holiday? I'm thinking about Malaysia Turkey.
B: Well, Malaysia But I don't think we have enough money for Remember we have to pay for the tickets but also the hotel and our personal expenses.
6. A: Will you hurry up and decide which shirt you're going to buy?
B: I can't. I've tried on four different shirts but of them match my new suit. I'll just have to keep looking.

Double conjunctions

ربط الجمل بالروابط المزدوجة:

الروابط المزدوجة هي روابط مكونة من جزئين: سيعطيك جزء واحد ويطلب منك ربط جملتين باستخدامه، فعليك ما يلي

1. حدد الجزء المكمل للرابط المطلوب استخدامه:

Both	and	كلا من و.....
Neither	nor	لا.....ولا.....
Either	or	إما...أو..... (للتخيير)
Whether	or / or not	سواء / إذا..... أو..... (للافتراض)

2. حدد المعطوف والمعطوف عليه / البديلين سواء أسماء أو أفعال أو صفات أو أشباه جمل أو جمل.

3. ضع نصف الرابط المزدوج قبل البديل الأول والنصف الآخر بين البديلين:

لاحظ أن مكان البديلين هو الذي يحدد مكان الرابط في الجملة (أولها - وسطها - نهايتها)

both	البديل الأول	and	البديل الثاني
neither	البديل الأول	nor	البديل الثاني
either	البديل الأول	or	البديل الثاني
whether	البديل الأول	or	البديل الثاني

4. يجب حذف المكرر من الجملة الثانية (إن وجد).

We can watch a documentary or we can go to the park.

5. عند استخدام الرابط في أول الجملة يجب تحديد مصير الفعل (هل سيصبح للمفرد أم للجمع).

6. عند استخدام **neither ... nor...** يعود فعل الجملة مثبتاً حسب زمنه.

1. We can watch a documentary or go to the park, whatever you prefer. **either**

We can ¹watch a documentary or ²go to the park, whatever you prefer. **either or**

We can **either** ¹watch a documentary or ²go to the park, whatever you prefer.

2. Mike and the boys don't enjoy football, so they won't come to the match. **nor**

¹Mike and ²the boys **don't enjoy** football, so they won't come to the match. **Neither nor**

Neither ¹Mike **nor** ²the boys **enjoy** football, so they won't come to the match.

Neither ²the boys **nor** ¹Mike **enjoys** football, so they won't come to the match.

32. Rewrite the sentences using the words given.

1. We can watch a documentary or go to the park, whatever you prefer. **either**
2. We can get a laptop. Another idea is to get a tablet. **either**
3. You'll have to choose between roast chicken and spaghetti with tuna - I can't make both. **either**
4. Jenny doesn't know if she should go to university or find a job after secondary school. **whether**
5. I don't know how to inform my boss about this. Should I call him or send him an email? **Whether**
6. We could leave now, we could leave in half an hour; it makes no difference to me. **whether**
7. Mike and Carl don't enjoy football, so they won't come to the match with us. **nor**
8. Anthony didn't take his tablet or his smartphone with him on the trip. **nor**
9. When I told my mother the news, she wasn't surprised. She wasn't upset, either. **neither**
10. It's incredible, but not a single employee at the bank spoke Spanish. **none**
11. Not a single refugee had a place to stay when they arrived on the island. **None**
12. Alice is volunteering at a soup kitchen. She is volunteering at the Children's Hospital, too. **both**
13. I think that I would enjoy surfing and water skiing equally, so I can't decide which one to take up. **both**
14. They want to buy a car. They want to buy a motorbike, too. **both**
15. Jack is creative and hardworking. **both**