

Chapter 6: Direct Current and Resistance

التسليم يوم الاثنين 2\24 (home work)

1) Three resistors having resistances of $4.0\ \Omega$, $6.0\ \Omega$, and $10.0\ \Omega$ are connected in parallel. If the combination is connected in series with an ideal 12-V battery and a $2.0\text{-}\Omega$ resistor, what is the current through the $10.0\text{-}\Omega$ resistor?

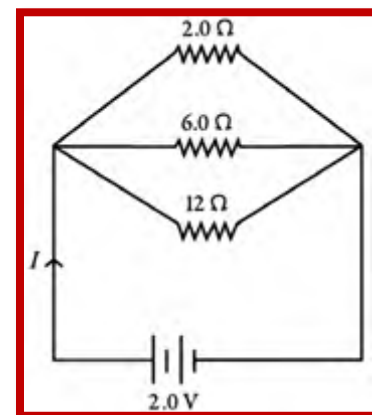
A) 0.59 A B) 2.7 A C) 6.4 A D) 11.2 A Answer: A

8) Three resistors are connected across an ideal 2.0-V DC battery as shown in the figure.

(a) At what rate does the battery supply energy to the resistors?

(b) At what rate is heat produced in the $6.0\text{-}\Omega$ resistor?

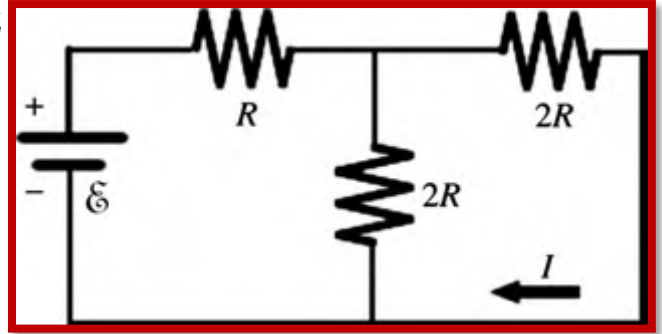
Answer: (a) 3.0 W (b) 0.67 W



For the circuit shown in the figure, $I = 0.50 \text{ A}$ and $R = 12 \Omega$. What is the value of the emf \mathcal{E} ?

- A) 18 V B) 24 V C) 6.0 V D) 12

Answer: B



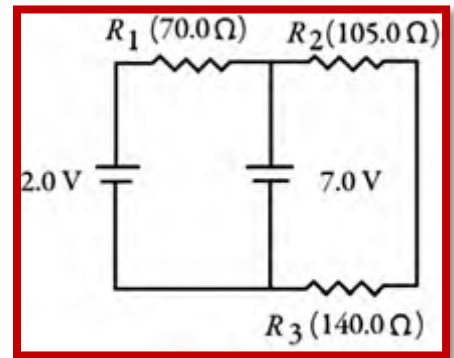
When a 20.0-ohm resistor is connected across the terminals of a 12.0-V battery, the voltage across the terminals of the battery falls by 0.300 V . What is the internal resistance of this battery?

- A) 3.60Ω B) 1.56Ω C) 0.98Ω D) 0.30Ω E) 0.51Ω Answer: E

For the circuit shown in the figure, what is the current through resistor R_1 ?

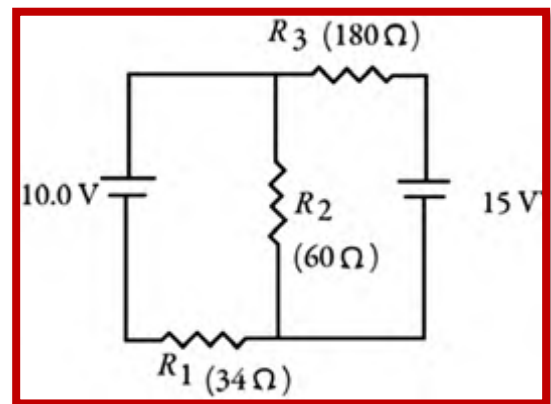
- A) 0.071 A B) 0.13 A C) 0.029 A D) 0.016 A

Answer: A



For the circuit shown in the figure, what is the current through resistor R_3 ?

- A) 0.043 A B) 1.5 A C) 0.028 A D) 0.086 A Answer: A



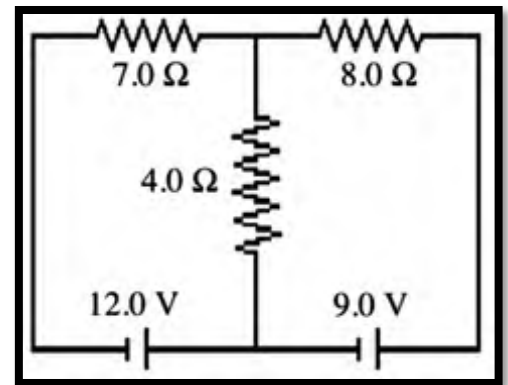
For the circuit shown in the figure, determine the current in

(a) the $7.0\text{-}\Omega$ resistor.

(b) the $8.0\text{-}\Omega$ resistor.

(c) the $4.0\text{-}\Omega$ resistor.

Answer: (a) 1.6 A (b) 1.3 A (c) 0.28 A



A galvanometer has an internal resistance of $100\text{ }\Omega$ and deflects full-scale at 2.00 mA . What size resistor should be added to the galvanometer to convert it to a milliammeter capable of reading up to 4.00 mA , and how should this resistor be connected to the galvanometer?

A) $50.0\text{ }\Omega$ in series with the galvanometer B) $50.0\text{ }\Omega$ in parallel with the galvanometer

D) $100\text{ }\Omega$ in series with the galvanometer E) $100\text{ }\Omega$ in parallel with the galvanometer

Answer: E