

Unit 5: Inventions Lesson 1: Gadgets

- What is your favourite gadget? When do you use it?

Activity 1 Vocabulary

Match the quiz questions to the pictures.



- 1 Which gadget can you ride?
- 2 Which gadget helps you if you are lost in the desert?
- 3 Which gadget do you use to call or text your family and friends?
- 4 Which gadget always has a touchscreen?
- 5 Which gadget lets you send. emails and look on the internet?
- Which gadget keeps your shoes or clothes on?



Activity 2 Listening Track 20

Compass

Listen to the people talking about their favourite gadgets.

- 1 Which gadget does each person describe?
- 2 Give one reason why Luke likes his favourite gadget.
- 3 Give one reason why Ben likes his favourite gadget.



Infinitive of purpose I use my camera to take photos.

Vocabulary

important, gadget, useful. compass, tablet, smartphone,

VOCABULARY

galager; a small tool or ractime that is very useful







Activity 3 Listening

Listen again and complete the sentences.
Who says each sentence, Luke (L) or Ben (B)?

	to talk	smartphone	useful	laptop
a I can us	se it to to			
b What	In The	to my friend	s, send texts a	nd take photosi
c I do like	my 5 m ar			
is my	ab ton	Phane too, bu	It the most im	Corton
d I think is	's more			portant gadget f
a mark	s more	15 Cful than a la	4	

Activity 4 Speaking

What is your favourite gadget? Complete the sentences and tell your partner.

My favourite gadget is my Smart ohone I can use it to ______ Call ______ My Strand.



Activi

Activity 5 Speaking

Talk to three classmates about their favourite gadget and complete the table below.

Name	Favourite gadget
Rashed	. Smart phote
Ali	taplet
Mohand	50ny4

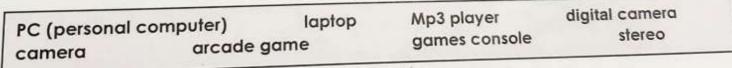
LANGUAGE TIP

Describing why we use something:

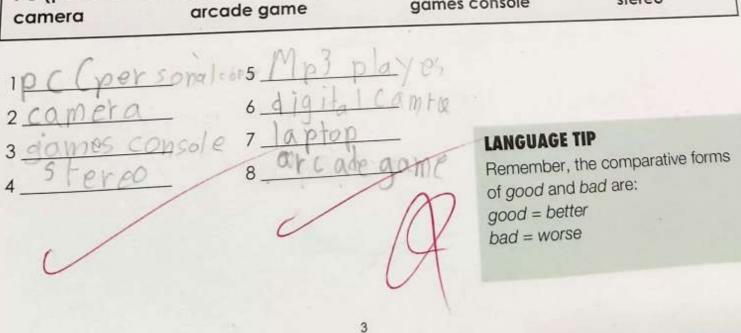
I use my tablet to play games

"What's your favourite gadget?"





Match the words in the box to the correct picture.



Activity 3 Reading

Read the sentences below and match with a gadget from Activity 1.

- 1 It is bigger than a laptop. It is very large, with a big screen, and a keyboard.
- 2 This can take photos and videos. You can delete the pictures you don't want or upload the good ones to your computer.
- 3 This tiny gadget has headphones, so you can listen to music anywhere. It is smaller than an old stereo. It can go in your pocket.
- 4 This machine has a stick which you move around to play the game.
 Children loved to play these games in the 1980's.

Activity 4 Reading

Read Aysha's description of her favourite gad Find and circle five punctuation mistakes.

i really like digital cameras. They are better than old cameras. They are smaller and lighter than old cameras. You can take photos and videos, which is great

WRITING TIP

Words at the start of a sentence must have a capital letter.

The old camera is heavy.

At the end of every sentence we need a full stop.

The old camera is heavy.

Activity 5 Writing

Choose a new gadget from Activity 1 and describe it. Say why it is better now. Use the description in Activity 4 to help you.

I really like laptop. It is smaller than computer and not heavy.

Lesson 3: Language focus

- Do you like visiting museums?
- What interesting things can you see in a museum?

Activity 1 Reading

Look at the article. Match the pictures to the headings.

Key Structure was / were Phones were bigger in the past Vocabulary heavy, screen, channel, to

carry, long, tall, yesterday, in the

past

The History of Gadgets

The TY

TVs were very big and heavy in the past. The screen was in black and white, not colour. There were only two channels.

Telephones

The first telephones were longer and taller than they are today. There was a piece for listening and a piece for speaking.

Computers

In the past, computers were bigger and slower than they are today. They were very heavy. It wasn't easy to carry an old computer!

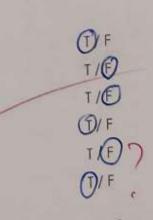


Activity 2 Reading

Read the article. Are the following sentences true (T) or false (F)?

In the past:

- TVs were big and heavy.
- Computers were easy to carry.
- Old telephones were small.
- There were only two channels on old TVs.
- The screen was in colour on old TVs.
- Old computers were slower than computers today.



Was / were

Was / were is the past tense form of to be.

Positive

Negative

was

wasn't

He/She/it You/We/They was were wasn't weren't

TV's were big and heavy in the past. It was not easy to carry an old computer!

Activity 3 Practice

Complete the sentences with was or were.

- 1 Old computers were slow and heavy.
- 2 It was sunny yesterday.
- 3 John and Mark were late for school. The teacher Was angry!
- 4 Old screens Wehe in black and white.
- There _____ a film on TV last night.

Activity 4 Practice

Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.

- was / My first laptop / blue.
- school. / We / for / late / were
- weren't / Old computers / fast.
- exam / The / easy. / wasn't

Mg first laptop wash We were late for school Old computer werent The exam wasn't easy.

Activit Match

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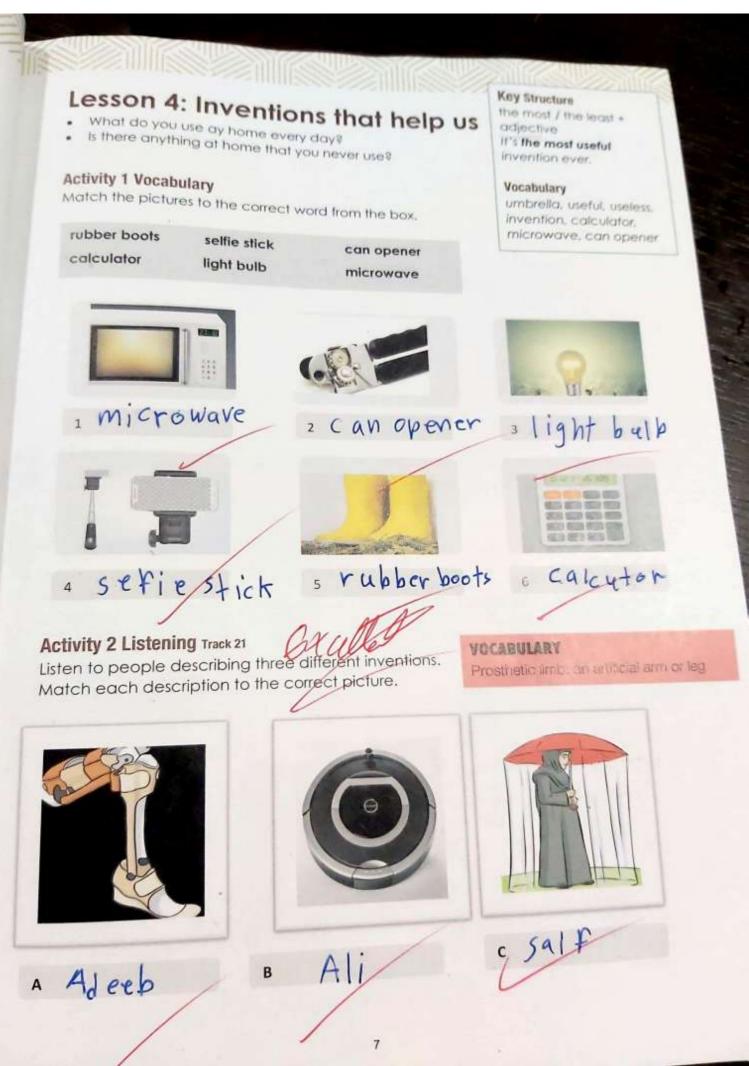
Activity 5 Speaking

Ask and answer the questions with a partner.

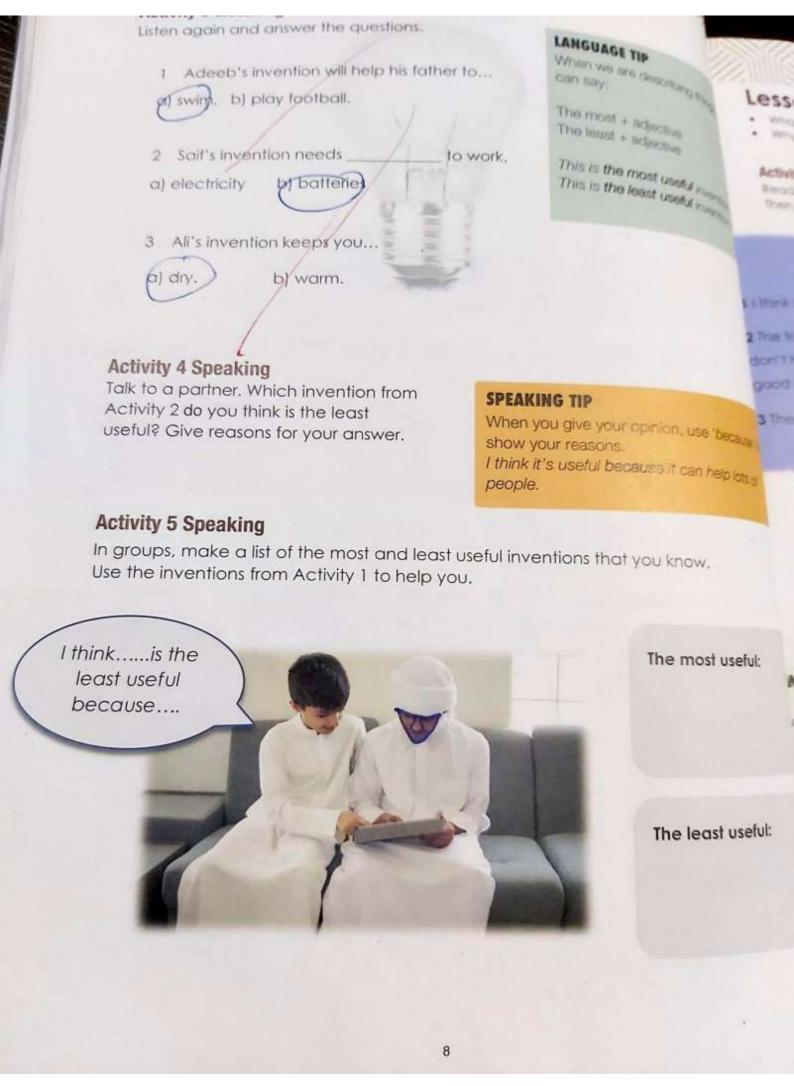
- Were you at school yesterday?
- Where were you on Friday?
- Was there anything good on TV yesterday?

I was at home yesterday. The news was on TV. It was interesting.





56



Lesson 5: My favourite invention What is the most important invention?

Activity 1 Reading

s, we

Read Noor's paragraph about her tavourite invention.

Key Structure

and; because If is cheap and helpful.

Vocabulary

fridge, to keep. important, fresh food, supermarket, cold, hot

My favourite invention

1 | think the refrigerator, also called a fridge, is the best invention,

intorduction

2 The fridge is important because it keeps food fresh for a long time. We don't have to go to the supermarket every day to buy fresh food. It is also good because it keeps drinks cold, and this is nice when the weather is hot.

pod y

3 These are the reasons why the fridge is my favourite invention.

Conclusion

1 What invention does Noor think is the best?

2 Why does she think it's important?

Activity 2 Reading

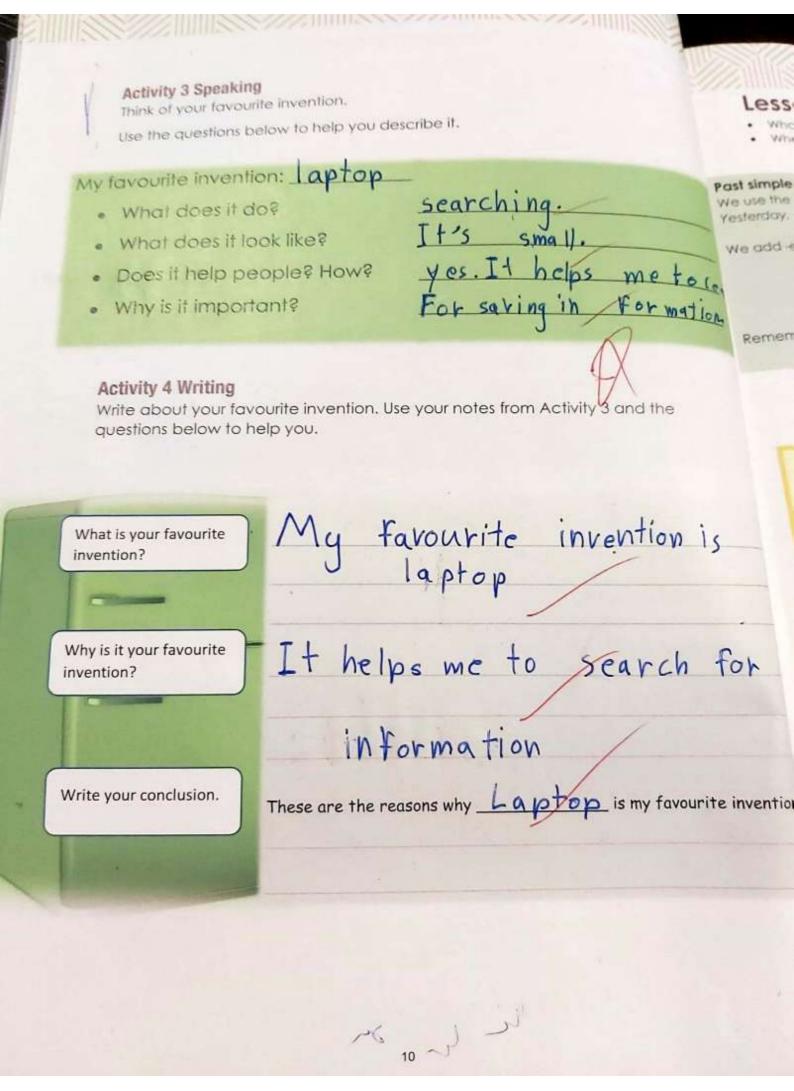
Read the paragraph again and label the introduction, main body sentences, and conclusion.

WRITING TIP

A paragraph can have three parts.

- An introduction: say what your topic is. (1 sentence) Main body: say what you think and give reasons. (1 -2 sentences)
- Conclusion: summarise your ideas. (1 sentence)





Lesson 6: Language focus What did you do last weekend?

- Where did you go yesterday?

Past simple Yesterday, I walked to the shop.

Vocabulary

last week, last night, to stop, to walk, weekend, to stay, to find

Past simple

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tion.

We use the past simple to talk about finished actions in the past.

We add -ed to regular verbs to form the past simple.

walk - walked

stop - stopped

play - played

Remember that the verb to be in the past is was or were.



Activity 1 Reading

Read Aysha's blog post and choose the best title, a, b or c.

A day with my friend.

Yesterday, the weather was nice. I walked to my friend's house because she asked me to visit her.

We played computer games for an hour. Then, my friend wanted to go shopping, so we stopped playing computer games.

We talked about what to buy at the shop. Then we looked at our phones to find the shop. It was far away, so we asked my mum to take us there.

Aysha

- a) A day with my frier
 - b) At the park
 - School holidays c)

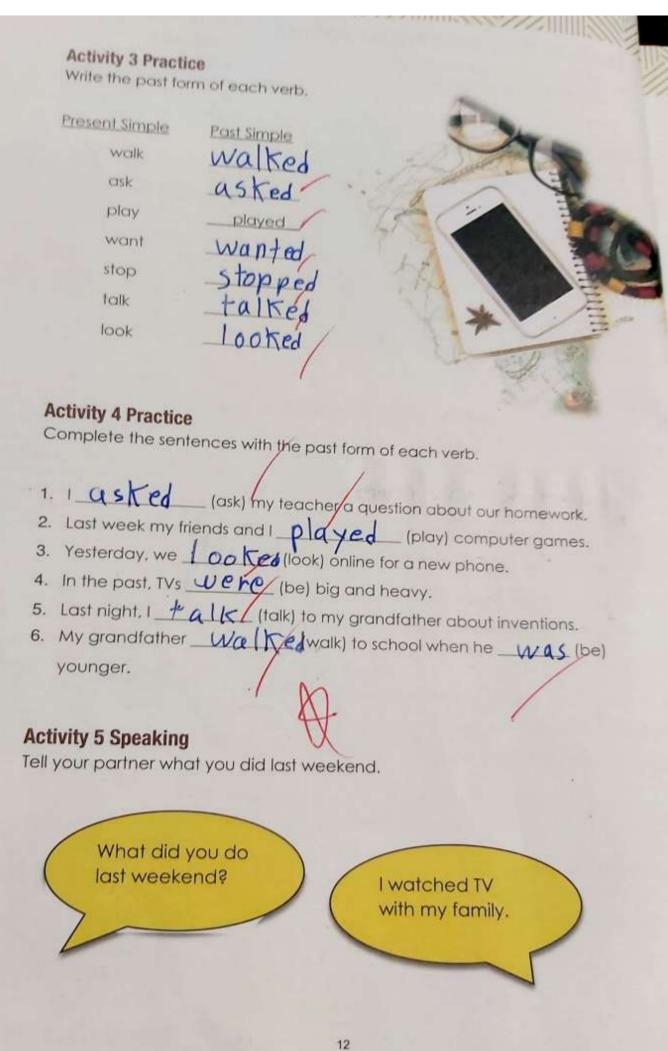




Have a Good Weet

Activity 2 Reading

Read the blog post again and underline the past simple verbs.



Do you have a phone? or gaugets

What other gadgets do you have?

Activity 1 Speaking

Which of the gadgets below do you have? Tell your partner.

Hell man removes Was II отреголей

Vocabulary

tablet, expensive, cheap, screen, watch







Listen to two students taking about their gadgets. Circle the word you hear.

Mike: Hi James, what's that?

James: It's my new)/ old phone. It's great!

Mike: It looks nice. Was it cheap / expensive?

James: A little, but it's very useful.

Mike: Was your old phone smaller (bigger than your new one?

James: Yes, it was bigger, but it was slower / faster.

LISTENING TIP

Sometimes we say was quickly and it sounds different. Listen to your teacher and repeat:

It was cold yesterday.

Jane: Hi Salma, is that a new tablet / watch?

Salma: Yes, it is! But it's not very good.

Jane: Was your old tablet bigger / better?

Salma: Yes, it was. It was cheaper than this tablet, too.

Lesson 8: New ideas

- How many gadgets and inventions can you remember? What inventions do you think people will make in the future?

Key Structure

Asking questions what colour is ity

Vocabulary

home, dangerous, safe, price, fantastic, button, microwove

Activity 1 Speaking

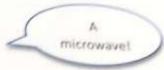
With a partner, give examples of inventions for each of the topics in the box.

travel

food

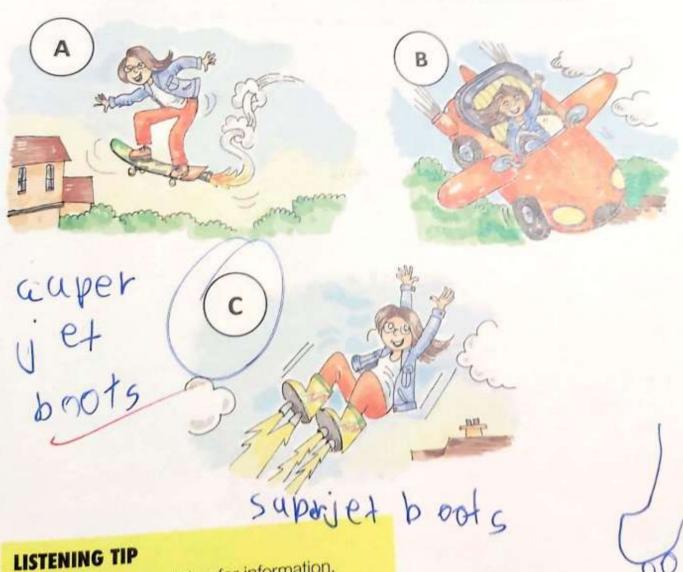
fun

home



Activity 2 Listening Track 24

Listen to Jane's idea for a new invention. Which picture describes her idea?



When you need to listen for information, always read the questions before you listen.

Activity 3 Listening

Listen again. Are the sentences true (1) or take (F)®

- Super Jet Boots are cheaper than a plane.
- 2 Super Jet Boots can't ffy.
- 3 You control the jets from your laptop.
- 4 Super Jet Boots are an easy way to travel.



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Activity 4 Listening mak 20

Jane's friends ask her some questions about her invention. Listen to the questions and circle the topics that they ask about.



Activity 5 Speaking

Think of some more questions to ask Jane. Use the topics in Activity 4 to help you



Activity 6 Speaking

What would you like to invent? Use your ideas from Activity 1 to help you.

SPEAKING TIP

Asking Questions

In questions with a wh- word, your voice goes down at the end.

What size are they?

In all other questions, your voice goes up at the end.

Are they expensive?



Lesson 9: Start small, think big

Can you think of any funny inventions?

Do you have any ideas for a funny invention?

Activity 1 Reading

Read Part 1 of the story. What was Hamed's 'crazy idea'?

Adverbs He walked home slowly.

Vocabulary

calmly, perfect. wonderfully, quickly, quietly, kindly, carefully

Hamed was very happy. It was raining and windy, but this was perfect weather for Hamed. He could test his amazing new invention - the Umbrella Hat!

After walking for a few minutes, Hamed knew his invention worked wonderfully. Did the hat keep the rain off? Yes! Did the wind blow the hat off? No!

Hamed smiled and walked calmly down the street.

Activity 2 Reading

Read again and answer the questions.

- What was the weather like? Perfect
- 2 Why was Hamed happy with the weather?
- 3 Was Hamed happy with his new invention?



Activity 3 Reading

Read Part 2 of the story and answer the questions.

Hamed saw three boys from his school. They were running quickly to Hamed. "What's this?" said Ali, the biggest of the three boys. "It's an Umbrella Hat" said Hamed, quietly. The boys laughed at Hamed. They took his Umbrella Hat and threw it on the floor. "It looks stupid!" said Ali, and the boys ran off.

- Who did Hamed see? 1
- What did the boys do to Hamed's invention? 2
- What did Ali say to Hamed?

READING TIP

Reading stories in your free time helps you to learn news words.



Activity 4 Reading

Read Part 3 of the story and answer the questions.

Hamed felt sad and angry. But then he saw his uncle Salem, looking at him kindly.
"Don't be sad, Hamed" said uncle Salem. He picked up the Umbrella Hat and
carefully cleaned it.

"This is a great invention, Hamed. You are a very clever young man!" said Salem.

"One day you will be a famous inventor!"

Hamed felt happy again. He said thank you to his uncle and went back home to think of more 'crazy inventions'!

- 1 Who did Hamed see next?
- 2 What did Salem do and say?
- 3 How did Hamed feel at the end of the story?



Activity 5 Practice

Look at the highlighted words in the story. Answer the questions below.

Part 1

How did Hamed's invention work? How did Hamed walk down the street?

Part 2

How were the boys running? How did Hamed speak to the boys?

Part 3

How did Salem look at Hamed? How did Salem clean the Umbrella Hat? Wonderfully Ca(m/y

quickly quietly

Labet ully

LANGUAGE TIP

We use adverbs to talk about 'how' someone does something.

Salem looked at Hamed kindly.

Adverbs are usually formed by adding -ly to an adjective.

Lesson 10: Review

Activity 1 Vocabulary

Complete the sentences with the correct words from the box.

camera tablet microwave heavy keyboard

1 I have lots of apps on my tablet.

21 like taking photos with my (A Mera.

4 I think the MIChowavisauseful kitchen invention.

5 Most computers have a Key board.

Activity 2 Reading

Read the text and choose the best title.

Computers

Gadgets, old and new

New gadgets



Key Structure

Vocabulary

Unit 5 structures

Unit 5 vocabulary

Gadgets, old and new

Cameras

Cameras were very big and heavy in the past. Pictures were black and white, not colour. Now cameras are light. We can take many types of pictures on cameras today.

Bicycles

The first bicycles were tall and heavy. The wheels were bigger, too. In the past, bicycles were expensive. Now it is easy to buy a bicycle because some bicycles are cheap.

Computers

In the past, computers were bigger and slower. They were very heavy. It wasn't easy to carry an old computer! Now there are computers in every size and we have tablets, too.

Activity 3 Reading

Read the text again. Decide if the sentences are true (T) or false (F).

- 1 in the past, cameras were light.
- TID
- 2 The first bicycles were small and light.
- TAD
- 3 Computers were heavy in the past.
- (I)F
- 4 If was easy to carry an old computer.
- TID

Activity 4 Language

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb.

- 1 Yesterday I watch ed (watch) TV on my tablet.
- 2 Last week my friends and 1 played (play) computer games.
- 3 Yesterday, we looked (look) at a new smartphone.
- 4 In the past, TV's were (be) bigger and heavier.
- 5 Yesterday in class, I talked (talk) about my favourite gadgets.

Activity 5 Speaking

Talk to your partner about what you did last weekend.

What did you do last weekend?

I watched TV with my family.

Activity 6 Writing

Write about your favourite gadget.

Describe your favourite gadget and say why you like it.

My favourite gadget is Smartphone

It is useful and helpful nowadays. I can use

it to talk to my friends. I can take photos

and can play games.

These are the reasons why smartphone is my favourite gadget.

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Unit 6: Ex

Lesson

Activity 1 Look at a

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- * VIII