



Right side up



Upside down



# Unit4

## Look again



## Supplementary Materials

I'm .....

Grade four / .....

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## Dictation List

- 1) optical illusion - shape - rectangle - square - circle - triangle - cube - corner - side- camouflage
- 2) possible - impossible - patient - impatient - polite - impolite - kind -unkind - tidy -untidy
- 3) happy - unhappy - always - sometimes - usually - never- on - under - next to - near
- 4) in front of - behind - between - in - glasses - owl - rabbit- left-handed - right-handed - straight
- 5) In one picture I can see ... - In the other picture I can see ... - On the right there is .... - On the left there is ...- I've found him/her ...
- 6) Animals use camouflage to hide and stay safe.
- 7) Camouflage means that the colours and patterns on an animal's body are the same as the colours and patterns of the place where the animal is hiding.

## Comparative Adjectives

Student's name: \_\_\_\_\_

Level: Basic 03



**SLOW**



**SLOWER**



**HEAVY**



**HEAVIER**



**DANGEROUS**



**MORE DANGEROUS**

Short words (1 syllable) → - er

old → older    slow → slower  
warm → warmer    tall → taller

big → bigger, hot → hotter  
heavy → heavier, happy → happier

Long words (2, 3, 4 syllables) → more...

dangerous → more dangerous  
expensive → more expensive

Irregular comparative forms:  
good → better, far → further  
bad → worse, little → less

**Write the comparative form:**

new \_\_\_\_\_  
long \_\_\_\_\_  
nice \_\_\_\_\_  
big \_\_\_\_\_  
good \_\_\_\_\_  
fat \_\_\_\_\_  
modern \_\_\_\_\_  
friendly \_\_\_\_\_  
famous \_\_\_\_\_

**Write the opposite.**

younger \_\_\_\_\_  
cleaner \_\_\_\_\_  
darker \_\_\_\_\_  
more boring \_\_\_\_\_  
hotter \_\_\_\_\_  
happier \_\_\_\_\_  
easier \_\_\_\_\_  
smaller \_\_\_\_\_  
cheaper \_\_\_\_\_

**Write comparative sentences using the verbs in brackets**

1. My house is (big) \_\_\_\_\_ than yours.
2. This flower is (beautiful) \_\_\_\_\_ than that one.
3. A holiday by the sea is (good) \_\_\_\_\_ than a holiday in the mountains.
4. The weather this summer is even (bad) \_\_\_\_\_ than last summer.
5. I think mathematics is (difficult) \_\_\_\_\_ than English.

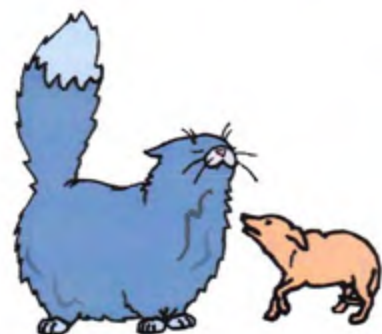
**Complete the sentences. Use the comparative.**

1. Joe's car isn't very fast. He wants a \_\_\_\_\_ one.
2. My job isn't very interesting. I want to do something \_\_\_\_\_
3. The weather isn't very warm today. Yesterday it was \_\_\_\_\_
4. People aren't very polite today. In the past they were \_\_\_\_\_
5. This sofa isn't very comfortable. That one is \_\_\_\_\_
6. This coat is nice, but I think the other one is \_\_\_\_\_

**Write three sentences using comparative adjectives**

1. \_\_\_\_\_
2. \_\_\_\_\_
3. \_\_\_\_\_

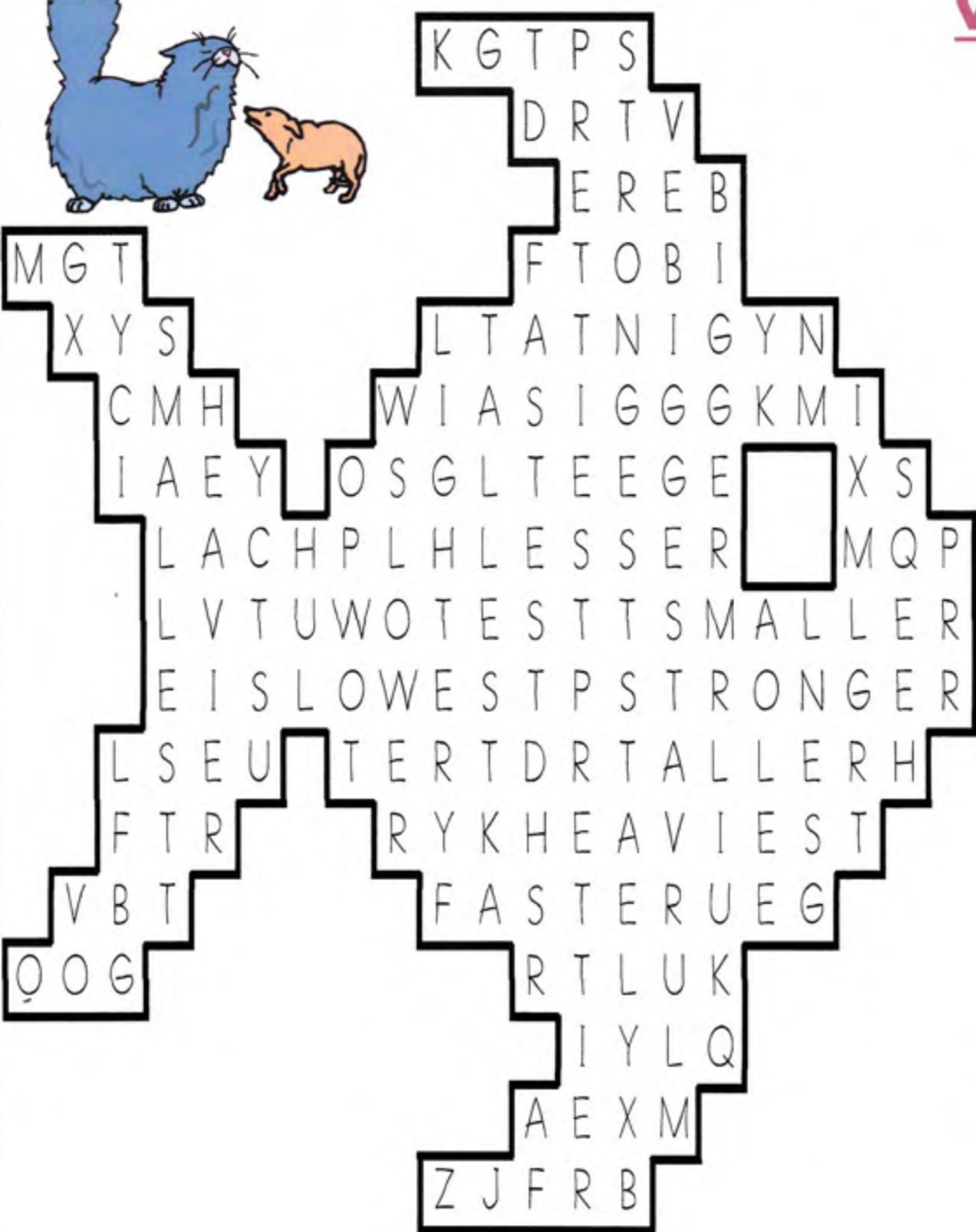
# ESL Kids World: comparatives & superlatives



Find and circle the words.

## Word list

bigger  
biggest  
faster  
fastest  
heavier  
heaviest  
lighter  
prettier  
prettiest  
slower  
slowest  
smaller  
smallest  
stronger  
strongest  
taller  
tallest





# Re-order the words to make correct sentences:

1. is the taller horse. The than camel

2. the heavier hippo The panda. is than

3. elephant. The than is the cheetah faster

4. than is The dolphin stronger mouse. the

5. than the turtle shark. is The slower

6. giraffe tallest. the The is

7. fastest. is cheetah The the

8. whale is the biggest. The blue

9. prettiest. the peacock is The

# Imperative Gap Fill Worksheet

Complete the following sentences using the verb.

Open

Close

Shut

Write

Point

Touch

Give

Draw

Pass

1. Please \_\_\_\_\_ your books to page twelve.
2. \_\_\_\_\_ me the pencil sharpener now?
3. You have to \_\_\_\_\_ pictures of animals.
4. Wild animals are dangerous. You shouldn't \_\_\_\_\_ them.
5. \_\_\_\_\_ me that bag.
6. Don't \_\_\_\_\_ at people. It's rude.
7. \_\_\_\_\_ me a letter about your family. Ok?
8. Quickly! \_\_\_\_\_ the door. It's cold outside.
9. Class is over. Can you please \_\_\_\_\_ your books.
10. \_\_\_\_\_ me the salt please.
11. You'd better \_\_\_\_\_ your exams.
12. It's hot in here. \_\_\_\_\_ the window.
13. \_\_\_\_\_ some stories. You are good at that.
14. \_\_\_\_\_ me a pencil please.
15. \_\_\_\_\_ your nose and turn around.



# Comparatives and Superlatives Using Clothes

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

*Complete the worksheet using the correct comparative or superlative.*

1) The blue and yellow T-shirt is \_\_\_\_\_ than the black T-shirt.

- a) bad      b) plainer      c) more colourful

2) Hats are \_\_\_\_\_ than tights but tights are \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) good      b) more comfortable      c) softer

3) Jeans are \_\_\_\_\_ than socks.

- a) cheaper      b) expensive      c) more expensive



4) Girls usually have \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ clothes than boys.

- a) fancier      b) plainer      c) brighter

5) Boys usually wear \_\_\_\_\_ clothes than girls.

- a) large      b) larger      c) largest

6) \_\_\_\_\_ sweaters feel \_\_\_\_\_ than tight trousers.

- a) more comfortable      b) looser      c) worst

7) Enny is \_\_\_\_\_ dresser but Stephen is \_\_\_\_\_.

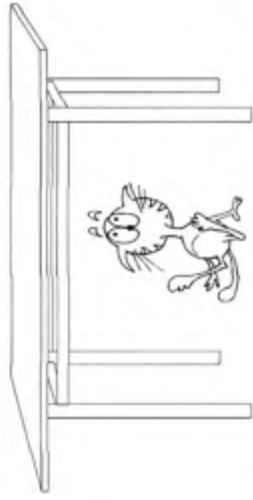
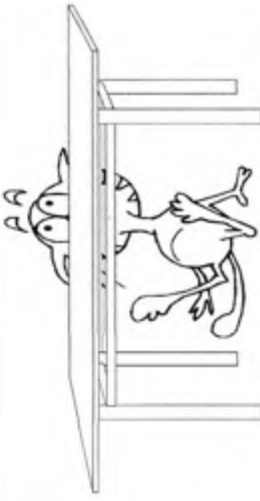


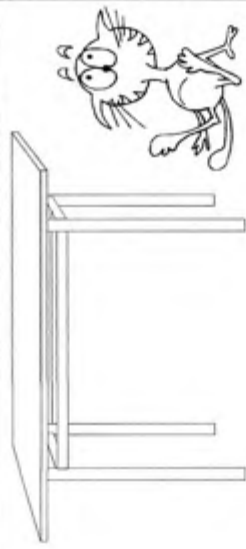

- a) better      b) the best      c) the worst



# ESL Kids World: Where is the cat?

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

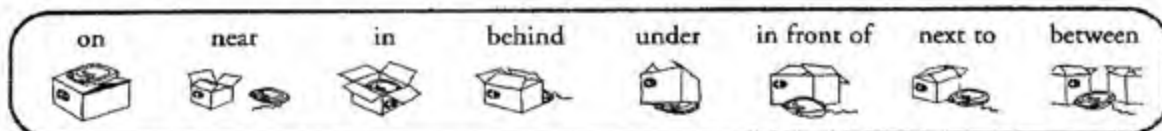
Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Fill in the gaps. Choose the correct preposition. Colour the picture.

	behind	in front of	next to	in	on	under
1.						
	The cat is _____ the table.					
2.						
		The cat is _____ the table.				
3.						
					The cat is _____ the table.	
4.						
	The cat is _____ the bath.					
5.						
			The cat is _____ the table.			
6.						
					The cat is _____ the table.	



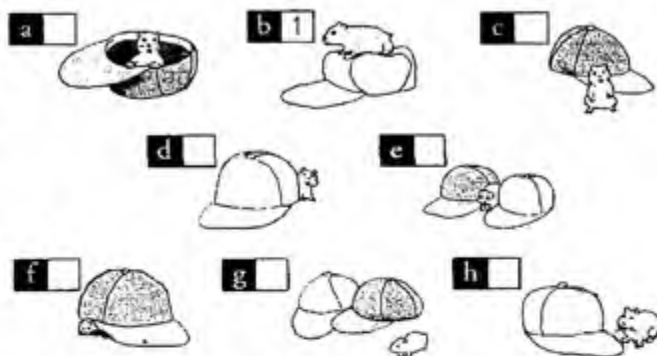
# Prepositions of place

1



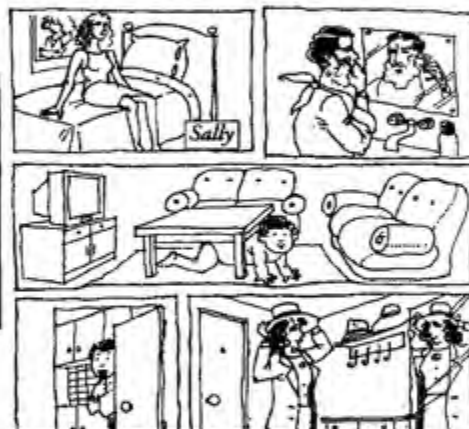
A. Relaciona las frases con los dibujos.

- The hamster is on the hat.
- The hamster is in the hat.
- The hamster is in front of the hat.
- The hamster is behind the hat.
- The hamster is next to the hat.
- The hamster is under the hat.
- The hamster is between the hats.
- The hamster is near the hats.



B. Mira el dibujo de la familia de Sally y relaciona las palabras de la columna I con las de la II.

I	II
1. Sally is	___ a. under the table in the living room.
2. Sally's dad is	___ b. in the bathroom.
3. The baby is	___ c. behind the kitchen door.
4. Sally's mum is	1 ___ d. on the bed in the bedroom.
5. Sally's brother is	___ e. in the hall.



C. Mira el dibujo del dormitorio de Sally y pon un tick (✓) en T (True = verdadero) o en F (False = falso).



- The shoes are under the bed.
- A book is on the chair.
- The dog is next to the schoolbag.
- Some books and notebooks are in the schoolbag.
- The bed is behind the desk.
- The pencils are between the book and the rubber.

T	F
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

D. Corrige las frases falsas del ejercicio C.

The shoes are next to the bed.

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# Comparatives and superlatives

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

*Complete the worksheet using the correct comparative or superlative.*

1) Canada is \_\_\_\_\_ than China but Russia is the \_\_\_\_\_ country.

- a) big      b) bigger      c) biggest

2) Monkeys are \_\_\_\_\_ but ants are \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) small      b) smaller      c) smallest

3) Giraffes are the \_\_\_\_\_ land animal.

- a) tall      b) taller      c) tallest

4) Boys usually have \_\_\_\_\_ hair than girls.

- a) short      b) shorter      c) shortest

5) Lamps are \_\_\_\_\_ but the sun is \_\_\_\_\_.

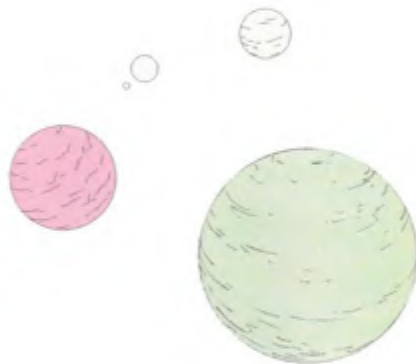
- a) bright      b) brighter      c) brightest

6) Mars is \_\_\_\_\_ from Earth but Neptune is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) far      b) farther      c) farthest

7) Emma is \_\_\_\_\_ but Stephen is \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) happy      b) happier      c) happiest



# Comparative & Superlative Adjectives

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

**Underline the comparative or superlative adjective, then write which kind it is.**

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| <p>(1) I felt better after getting home from the doctor's office. _____</p> <p>(2) That house is the most elegant I've ever seen. _____</p> <p>(3) This factory made fewer mistakes this year than last. _____</p> <p>(4) Cargo trucks are the widest vehicles on the road. _____</p> <p>(5) Amber's handwriting is sloppier than most of the other students'.<br/>_____</p> | <p>(6) Who is the richest person in the world today? _____</p> <p>(7) Poofy was the meanest dog in the neighborhood. _____</p> <p>(8) On the night after the race, Olivia felt sleepier than she ever had before. _____</p> <p>(9) The peanut-butter powered computer was sillier than my science fair project. _____</p> |
|--|---|

**Fill in the blanks with correct demonstrative adjectives.**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>(10) Out of all of the encyclopedias here, this one is the _____ to<br/>(easy)<br/>understand.</p> <p>(11) I think Emma's idea is<br/>_____ than the others<br/>(reasonable)<br/>we've looked at.</p> <p>(12) Newborn babies are the<br/>_____ people in the hospital.<br/>(young)</p> | <p>(13) I think Grace's plan is<br/>_____ than the other's<br/>(realistic)<br/>we've considered.</p> <p>(14) Angela is the _____ writer<br/>(creative)<br/>in my class.</p> <p>(15) Brandon's shirt is _____ than<br/>(red)<br/>everyone else's here.</p> <p>(16) That airline has the _____<br/>(bad)<br/>on-time service.</p> |
|---|---|

# Prepositions - in on and under

Fill the blanks and then draw a line to the picture.

1) The children are \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ the tree.

2) The cowboy is \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ the door.

3) The woman is jumping \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ the hurdles.

4) The cat is \_ \_ the box.

5) The rabbit is \_ \_ the box.

6) The man and woman are sitting \_ \_ \_ \_ \_ each other.



in	next to	over
behind	on	under



# ESL Kids World: Demonstrative Pronouns - This, that, these, those

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Unscramble the sentences. Write them correctly.

1. orang-utans These playing. are \_\_\_\_\_
2. camel sleeping. This is \_\_\_\_\_
3. flying. are parrots Those \_\_\_\_\_
4. eating. That giraffe is \_\_\_\_\_
5. monkeys These swinging. are \_\_\_\_\_
6. horse galloping. This is \_\_\_\_\_
7. crawling. Those tortoises are \_\_\_\_\_
8. hopping. is That kangaroo \_\_\_\_\_
9. are swimming. These hippos \_\_\_\_\_
10. panda eating. This is \_\_\_\_\_
11. ostriches are running. Those \_\_\_\_\_



1. Touch your feet.



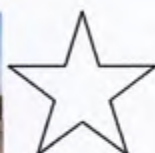
2. Walk to the door.



3. Jump over the wall.



4. Close the door.



5. Read a book.



6. Sit down on a chair.



7. Touch your head.



8. Close your book.



9. Sit down on the floor.



10. Run away from the lion.



11. Open the window.



12. Touch the chair.



13. Look at the lion.



14. Open the book.

# Subject and Object Pronouns

Subject pronoun does the action. —————>







I, You, He, She, It, We, They, You

Object pronoun receives the action —————>

me, you, him, her, it, us, them, you

Structure: Subject + verb + object.

Example: She sees him.

Subject	Object	Sentence
		He presents her.
		They laugh at them.
		She punishes him.



Remember!

Subject pronouns	Object pronouns
I	me
you	you
he	him
she	her
it	it
we	us
they	them



A) Complete the sentences. Use subject or object pronouns:

- 1) Could you please help \_\_\_\_\_ ? I have a problem
- 2) My friend and I have money. \_\_\_\_\_ can go shopping.
- 3) Elephants are very big, so \_\_\_\_\_ eat a lot of food.
- 4) I need to find my book. Where did you put \_\_\_\_\_?
- 5) The boy is sitting under the tree. I can see \_\_\_\_\_ .
- 6) My sister isn't here. \_\_\_\_\_ is at work.
- 7) We gave him the money and he gave \_\_\_\_\_ the candy.
- 8) My brother is studying. \_\_\_\_\_ has a test tomorrow.



Remember!

<i>Subject pronouns</i>	<i>Object pronouns</i>
I	me
you	you
he	him
she	her
it	it
we	us
they	them



# Quiz

## I- Supply the correct form of the present tense of To Be:

- 1-She .....my best friend.
- 2-He .....a good neighbour.
- 3-They .....both in my English class.
- 4- Mice ..... dirty animals.
- 5-He and his sister .....both very tall
- 6-We .....very busy today
- 7-You .....late for the lesson
- 8-It .....very hot today
- 9-Both dogs.....vicious.
- 10-I .....really happy for you!



## II-Choose the correct form:

- 1-I see..... (her ,she )on the bus everyday
- 2-(We,us).....always walk to school together.
- 3-She sits near ( I,me) .....in the lesson.
- 4-Please,could you explain this sentence to..... (me,I)?
- 5-I always speak to.....(he ,him)in English.
- 6-There are some letters here for you and..... (I,me)
- 7-What is the matter with .....(she,her)?
- 8-I know both of .....(they,them)
- 9-I always go with.....(they,them)to the movies.
- 10-Merry is older than .....(I,me)



**Good Luck!!!!!!!!!!!!**

## Subject pronouns

I you he she it we they

The subject is the person or thing doing something.  
The subject is usually before the verb.

## Subject and Object Pronouns

### Object pronouns

me you him her it us them

The object is having something done to it.  
The object is usually after the verb.



1.

Marta gave Maria a lollipop.

\_\_\_\_\_ gave \_\_\_\_\_ a lollipop.

Maria likes the lollipop.

\_\_\_\_\_ likes \_\_\_\_\_.



2.

Marta has got some balloons.

\_\_\_\_\_ has got some balloons.

The balloons are colourful.

\_\_\_\_\_ are colourful.

Marta likes the balloons.

\_\_\_\_\_ likes \_\_\_\_\_.



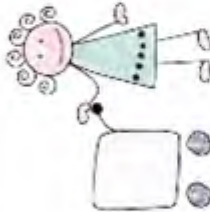
5.

Mum is shouting at Mark.

\_\_\_\_\_ is shouting at \_\_\_\_\_.

Mum and Mark are not happy.

\_\_\_\_\_ are not happy.



7.

Mum is buying food for Ana and me.

\_\_\_\_\_ is buying food for \_\_\_\_\_.

Daniel and I love our mum.

\_\_\_\_\_ love \_\_\_\_\_.



3.

Toby is playing with Diana.

\_\_\_\_\_ is playing with \_\_\_\_\_.

Diana lives near Toby.

\_\_\_\_\_ lives near \_\_\_\_\_.



6.

Ana loves David.

\_\_\_\_\_ loves \_\_\_\_\_.

David doesn't know.

\_\_\_\_\_ doesn't know.



4.

My students gave me an apple.

\_\_\_\_\_ gave me an apple.

I like my apple.

I like \_\_\_\_\_.

I like my students.

I like \_\_\_\_\_.



8.

Eva is watering the flowers.

\_\_\_\_\_ is watering \_\_\_\_\_.

The flowers are beautiful.

\_\_\_\_\_ are beautiful.

# Look, read and circle a, b or c:



always



usually



sometimes



never

Adverbs of Frequency are used in sentences in the present simple tense.

The adverb is placed before the main verb but after the verb 'to be'.

They are used to express how often we do some activities.

1- Muna ..... travels by bus.



a. never

b. usually

c. always

2- I ..... eat my breakfast in the morning.



a. sometimes

b. never

c. always

3- We ..... go to the park on Fridays.



a. sometimes

b. usually

c. never

4- Ahmad ..... lies.



a. usually

b. never

c. sometimes

5- Ali .....washes his hands before he eats.



a. usually

b. sometimes

c. always

6- They ..... play football at 5:00 P.M.



a. never

b. always

c. usually