

القاعدة ←

موقع حروف التكرار ←

① (main verb)

مع الفعل الرئيسي

موقع فعل الفعل -

- She always eats breakfast.

- They often play football.

② (is/are/am) ← (verb to be) مع

- He is always happy.

- We are usually busy.

③ (can, will, must...) مع الأفعال المساعدة

- I can never drive at night.

- She will often call me.

آسيه القطاونة

LESSON 1B VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

Present Simple: affirmative and negative

1 ★ Choose the correct forms to complete the sentences.

- 1 Abbas **get** / **gets** up at 7 a.m.
- 2 I **have** / **has** breakfast every day.
- 3 We **like** / **likes** going to school.
- 4 My parents **eat** / **eats** pizza on Mondays.
- 5 You **live** / **lives** in Scotland.
- 6 Clare **come** / **comes** from Australia.

2 ★ Read what Fadia says and then complete the text about her with the correct forms of the Present Simple.

My name's Fadia. I get up at 7 a.m. on weekdays and have a shower. I get dressed and eat breakfast. I go to school at 8 a.m. and have lessons from 8.30 until 2.30 p.m. I get home at 3 p.m. and I do my homework. I sometimes watch TV or go out with my cousins.



This is Fadia. She **1** **gets up** at 7 a.m. on weekdays and **2** **has** a shower. She **3** **gets** dressed and **4** **eats** breakfast. She **5** **goes** to school at 8 a.m. and **6** **has** lessons from 8.30 a.m. until 2.30 p.m. She **7** **gets** home at 3 p.m. and she **8** **does** her homework. She sometimes **9** **watches** TV or **10** **goes** out with her cousins.

3 ★ Choose the correct forms to complete the text.



Namrata and Rupa **1** in a village called Thamo in Nepal. People come here to see the beautiful mountains, but for Namrata and Rupa, this is their home. Namrata **2** at 6 a.m. and she **3** her mother in the kitchen. They **4** breakfast together. Rupa **5** have breakfast. She **6** with her father and their animals. Namrata and Rupa **7** to school in Namche, 5 km from their home. Sometimes they meet people from other countries on their way to school. Namrata likes to say hello, but Rupa **8** English.

1 a live	b lives
2 a get up	b gets up
3 a help	b helps
4 a eat	b eats
5 a don't	b doesn't
6 a work	b works
7 a go	b goes
8 a speaks	b doesn't speak

٤

Don't → I, we - they - you
 doesn't → she, he, it (s/he)

4 ★★ Complete the sentences with the negative Present Simple forms of the verbs in brackets.

- I like school, but I don't like (like) cooking.
- Samia has lunch, but she doesn't have (have) breakfast.
- My friends go out on weekdays, but I don't go (go) out with them because I always have a lot of homework.
- We have lessons on weekdays, but we don't have (have) lessons on Saturdays.
- My parents speak English, but my dad doesn't speak (speak) very good Spanish.
- My mum comes from London, but she doesn't live (live) in London.

5 ★★ Use the prompts to write sentences in the Present Simple.

- Ghada / not have / lessons on Fridays. She / go out / with her family

Ghada doesn't have lessons on Fridays.

She goes out with her family.

- My mum / be from Italy / but / I / not speak / Italian

My mum is from Italy but I don't speak Italian.

- I / go to / bed / at 9 o'clock on weekdays, but on Fridays / I / not go to / bed early

I go to bed at 9 o'clock on wednesday, but on Fridays I don't go to bed.

- My sister / play tennis / on Saturday / not play tennis

My sister plays tennis on saturdays, but I don't play tennis.

- My parents / have breakfast / at 7 a.m., but I / not have / breakfast with them. I / get up / at 7.15

My parents have breakfast at 7 a.m., but I don't have breakfast with them. I get up at 7.15.

- ★★★ Complete the texts with the correct Present Simple forms of the verbs from the box.

come get up go go (x3)
 at do like not
 home play

آسہ القطاونہ

OUR ROUTINES

Ramzi ¹ goes shopping on Saturdays. I stay at home. I ² don't go shopping because I ³ don't like shopping.

Muna ⁴ goes to English classes on Sunday morning. She walks back home and ⁵ has lunch. Then she ⁶ goes to the park and ⁷ plays tennis.

We ⁸ like playing and watching sports. Yousuf ⁹ plays football for the school team. I ¹⁰ don't play football, but I watch football.

My brother ¹¹ gets up very early on Sundays because he ¹² goes to work at 7 a.m. He ¹³ comes into my room and says: 'Good morning!' He ¹⁴ knows that I want to sleep!

- Write five true sentences about your own daily routine using five different verbs from the lesson. Make at least two negative sentences.

Adverbs of frequency

1 ★ Put the adverbs of frequency from the box in the correct order.

hardly ever never often
sometimes usually

never ^{ever} hardly ^{ever} sometimes ^{times} often ^{times} usually always

2 ★★ Rewrite the sentences with the adverbs of frequency in brackets in the correct place.

1 I am tired at school. (sometimes)

I am sometimes tired at school.

2 I eat chips. (hardly ever)

I hardly ever eat chips

3 My mum works late. (often)

My mum often works late.

4 My dad is angry. (never)

My dad is never angry

5 This shop has some great things to

buy. (usually)

This shop usually ~~has~~ ^{some great} things

6 My friend checks her phone when I'm to buy with her. (always)

My friend always checks her phone when I'm with her

3 ★★ Replace the underlined phrases

with the adverbs of frequency from

Exercise 1. Use each adverb once.

1 I go to the museum about once a

year.

I hardly ever go to the museum

2 I don't drink coffee. I don't like it.

I never drink coffee. I don't like it.

3 Ali goes to school by bus every day.

Ali always goes to school every day

4 My parents are at home in the

evenings nearly every day.

My parents are usually at home ^{in the} evenings

5 Once or twice a month our teacher

gives us a test.

our teacher sometimes gives

us a test.

6 Faten goes to the library three times a week.

Faten often goes to the library

Present Simple: questions

4 Read the questions and write positive and negative short answers.

1 Does your sister play computer games?

Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't

2 Do your friends write blogs?

Yes, they do. / No, they don't

3 Do you often go shopping?

Yes, I do. / No, I don't

4 Does your dad work at the weekend?

Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't

5 Do you and your friends go out on weekdays?

Yes, we do. / No, we don't

5 ★★ Read the answers and complete the questions.

1 How often do you go shopping?

I go shopping about twice a week.

2 Where does your dad work?

My dad works in Zarqa.

3 What time do the museums open?

The museums open at 9 a.m.

4 How do you ~~go~~ ^{get} to school?

I go to school by bus.

Answers to questions in Exercise 5 so they can go to school by bus.

آسیه الْفَطَوْفَه

Unit ①

Present simple

آسية القطاونه



Asia Alqatawnah

المضارع البسيط

متى يستخدم المضارع البسيط؟

① العادات والروتين اليومي

I brush my teeth every day

أغوشني أسنانني كل يوم

② الحقائق العامة والثابتة

The sun rises in the east

الشمس تشرق من الشرق

③ الأشياء الدائمة

she lives in Amman.

هي تعيش في عمان

④ المدخل الزمني

The train leaves at 6 o'clock

القطار يغادر الساعة ٦.

⑤ التكرار (استخدام حروف التكرار)

Always عادة Sometimes أحياناً

Often عادة Never أبداً Rarely نادراً

~~+~~ Affirmative

I /we /you /they → verb...

- We eat eggs for breakfast.
يُقْبَلُ الفعل كما هو

She / He / It → Verb (s / es)

She lives in Amman

الخطيب د او

* مق نجیف دم الافعال امتنانی د

١ - ٠ / -ch / -s / -x (watches
(ies) ← ٤ افعال المترتبة بحرف ساكن
٢ study (studies)

P Questions

```

graph LR
    D((D)) --> I
    D --> you
    D --> we
    D --> They
  
```

Do you eat eggs for breakfast?

الجواب يكون ←
yes I do or No I do not

Does he/she/it

Does she live in Amman?

Yes, she does or No, she doesn't

Negative

I / we / you / they _Don't _Verb...

we don't eat eggs for breakfast

she / He / it → Doesn't _ verb ...

She doesn't live in Amman

آسِيَّةُ الْمَطَاوِنِ

Asia Algatawneh

2

Wh Questions

(wh)
where what when

Do / Does تهافت قبل

Where does she live?

جوابها يكون (اجابه كامله وليس
(yes or No)

She lives in Amman
اٰل جاٰن

LESSON 2B

VOCABULARY

1 ★ Choose two correct words to complete the sentences.

- 1 Rola goes **shopping** / **sport** / **to the park** on Saturdays.
- 2 Raed doesn't play **sport** / **computer games** / **lessons**.
- 3 I go to **the park** / **shopping** / **a friend's house** after school.
- 4 I watch **TV** / **dinner** / **films** with my friends.
- 5 My parents listen to **photographs** / **music** / **the radio** in the evening.

2 ★★ Complete the text with the words from the box.

football friend's homework
lessons dinner school shopping
sport

I do a lot in my free time. I go to ¹friend's house to watch films. Once a week, I play ²sport. I play ³football and tennis. Sometimes, I go to ⁴dinner at a friend's house and once a week I go ⁵shopping with my parents or my friends. I have music ⁶lesson twice a week on Mondays and Thursdays. I go to ⁷school five days a week and I do ⁸home work six days a week – but that isn't free time!



3 ★★ Look at Samar's calendar and complete the sentences with the correct frequency expressions.

- 1 She goes to school **five times a week**.
- 2 She goes to a chess club **twice a week**.
- 3 She tidies her room **once a week**.
- 4 She visits her grandma **twice a month**.
- 5 She goes to an art club **three times a week**.

OCTOBER						
Sun	29 (Sept) chess club	6 chess club	13 chess club	20 chess club	27 chess club	
Mon	30 (Sept) art club	7 art club	14 art club	21 art club	28 art club	
Tues	1 art	8 art club	15 art club	22 art club	29 art club	
			16 chess club	chess club	chess club	
Thurs	3 art club	10 art club	17 art club	24 art club	31 art club	
Fri	4 no school	11 no school visit	18 no school	25 no school visit	1 (Nov) no school	
Sat	5 no school tidy room	12 no school tidy room	19 no school tidy room	26 no school tidy room	2 (Nov) no school tidy room	

4 Describe what you do in your free time. Write when you do it and how often you do it.

01

The things we do

VOCABULARY

التعبيارات المترددة (٦) أسلحة وقت الفراغ
الروتين اليومي Daily routines, free-time activities and frequency expressions

GRAMMAR

Present Simple: affirmative and negative, adverbs of frequency and Present Simple: questions

LISTENING

تستمع ماماً بحب الفنانم به
التحدث عن الأشياء التي يحبون وينكر
A personal podcast, talking about what you like to do

SPEAKING

التحدث عن الأشياء التي يحبون وينكر
Talking about likes and dislikes

READING

فهم الفكرة الرئيسية
Stereotypes, understanding the main idea

WRITING

ملف شخصي
A personal profile

VIEWING AND PRESENTING

Deciding on a present



Different routines آسيبة لقطاوونه



Lan-Fen في الصين In China, we do exercise before school

بعد كل فصل دراسي يبدأ كل طلاب في مدرستك؟



Alia

Wow! Are all those people students at your school?

Lan-Fen

Yes. We've got 5,000.

نحو ٥٠٠٠ نسمة

Alia

That's amazing! Our school's got

عذراً

600 students.

٦٠٠ طلاب



Yuna

I get up at 6 a.m. I'm at school until 5 p.m. and then I have extra lessons.

أعود للمنزل

I get home at 9 p.m. This isn't unusual in Japan.



Luis

We have dinner at 9.30 in the evening.

It isn't unusual in Spain.

Rakan

That's really late! We eat at about 7 p.m. in Jordan. Or maybe 8 p.m. at weekends.

عملية تقديرية للاستفادة

الليل

اسبانيا

الليل



Aiden

In the US, students don't go to school on Saturdays and Sundays.

هيوليات

الطلاب لا يذهبون للمدرسة يوم السبت والأحد.

Sami

Our weekends are free for relaxing hobbies and free-time activities.

وأحياناً

يحبون ممارسة الأنشطة والوقت الفراغ

Aiden

My favourite's playing chess with my dad.

ذلك هو ممتع

W

That's nice. Are your weekends homework-free, too?

Aiden

Well, we don't get much homework on Fridays. So I get to play more chess!

سخريون

القاعدة ←

موقع حروف التكرار ←

① (main verb)

مع الفعل الرئيسي

موقع فعل الفعل -

- She always eats breakfast.

- They often play football.

② (is/are/am) ← (verb to be) مع

- He is always happy.

- We are usually busy.

③ (can, will, must...) مع الأفعال المساعدة

- I can never drive at night.

- She will often call me.

آسيه القطاونة

LESSON 1B VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

Present Simple: affirmative and negative

1 ★ Choose the correct forms to complete the sentences.

- 1 Abbas **get** / **gets** up at 7 a.m.
- 2 I **have** / **has** breakfast every day.
- 3 We **like** / **likes** going to school.
- 4 My parents **eat** / **eats** pizza on Mondays.
- 5 You **live** / **lives** in Scotland.
- 6 Clare **come** / **comes** from Australia.

2 ★ Read what Fadia says and then complete the text about her with the correct forms of the Present Simple.

My name's Fadia. I get up at 7 a.m. on weekdays and have a shower. I get dressed and eat breakfast. I go to school at 8 a.m. and have lessons from 8.30 until 2.30 p.m. I get home at 3 p.m. and I do my homework. I sometimes watch TV or go out with my cousins.



This is Fadia. She **1** **gets up** at 7 a.m. on weekdays and **2** **has** a shower. She **3** **gets** dressed and **4** **eats** breakfast. She **5** **goes** to school at 8 a.m. and **6** **has** lessons from 8.30 a.m. until 2.30 p.m. She **7** **gets** home at 3 p.m. and she **8** **does** her homework. She sometimes **9** **watches** TV or **10** **goes** out with her cousins.

3 ★ Choose the correct forms to complete the text.



Namrata and Rupa **1** in a village called Thamo in Nepal. People come here to see the beautiful mountains, but for Namrata and Rupa, this is their home. Namrata **2** at 6 a.m. and she **3** her mother in the kitchen. They **4** breakfast together. Rupa **5** have breakfast. She **6** with her father and their animals. Namrata and Rupa **7** to school in Namche, 5 km from their home. Sometimes they meet people from other countries on their way to school. Namrata likes to say hello, but Rupa **8** English.

1 a live	b lives
2 a get up	b gets up
3 a help	b helps
4 a eat	b eats
5 a don't	b doesn't
6 a work	b works
7 a go	b goes
8 a speaks	b doesn't speak

Don't → I, we - they - you
doesn't → she, he, it (s/he)

4 ★★ Complete the sentences with the negative Present Simple forms of the verbs in brackets.

- I like school, but I don't like (like) cooking.
- Samia has lunch, but she doesn't have (have) breakfast.
- My friends go out on weekdays, but I don't go (go) out with them because I always have a lot of homework.
- We have lessons on weekdays, but we don't have (have) lessons on Saturdays.
- My parents speak English, but my dad doesn't speak (speak) very good Spanish.
- My mum comes from London, but she doesn't live (live) in London.

5 ★★ Use the prompts to write sentences in the Present Simple.

- Ghada / not have / lessons on Fridays. She / go out / with her family

Ghada doesn't have lessons on Fridays.

She goes out with her family.

- My mum / be from Italy / but / I / not speak / Italian

My mum is from Italy but I don't speak Italian.

- I / go to / bed / at 9 o'clock on weekdays, but on Fridays / I / not go to / bed early

I go to bed at 9 o'clock on wednesday, but on Fridays I don't

- My sister / play tennis / on Saturday / not play tennis / early

My sister plays tennis on saturdays, but I don't play tennis.

- My parents / have breakfast / at 7 a.m., but I / not have / breakfast with them. I / get up / at 7.15

My parents have breakfast at 7:am, but I don't have breakfast with them. I get up at 7.15

- ★★★ Complete the texts with the correct Present Simple forms of the verbs from the box.

one get up go go (x3)
at to like not
in play

آسہ القطاونہ

OUR ROUTINES

Ramzi ¹ goes shopping on Saturdays. I stay at home. I ² don't go shopping because I ³ don't like shopping.

Muna ⁴ goes to English classes on Sunday morning. She walks back home and ⁵ has lunch. Then she ⁶ goes to the park and ⁷ plays tennis.

We ⁸ like playing and watching sports. Yousuf ⁹ plays football for the school team. I ¹⁰ don't play football, but I watch football.

My brother ¹¹ gets up very early on Sundays because he ¹² goes to work at 7 a.m. He ¹³ comes into my room and says: 'Good morning!' He ¹⁴ knows that I want to sleep!

- Write five true sentences about your own daily routine using five different verbs from the lesson. Make at least two negative sentences.

Adverbs of frequency

1 ★ Put the adverbs of frequency from the box in the correct order.

hardly ever never often
sometimes usually

never ^{ever} hardly ^{ever} sometimes ^{times} often ^{times} usually always

2 ★★ Rewrite the sentences with the adverbs of frequency in brackets in the correct place.

1 I am tired at school. (sometimes)

I am sometimes tired at school.

2 I eat chips. (hardly ever)

I hardly ever eat chips

3 My mum works late. (often)

My mum often works late.

4 My dad is angry. (never)

My dad is never angry

5 This shop has some great things to

buy. (usually)

This shop usually ~~has~~ ^{some great} things

6 My friend checks her phone when I'm to buy with her. (always)

My friend always checks her phone when I'm with her

3 ★★ Replace the underlined phrases

with the adverbs of frequency from

Exercise 1. Use each adverb once.

1 I go to the museum about once a

year.

I hardly ever go to the museum.

2 I don't drink coffee. I don't like it.

I never drink coffee. I don't like it.

3 Ali goes to school by bus every day.

Ali always goes to school every day.

4 My parents are at home in the evenings nearly every day.

My parents are usually at home in the evenings.

5 Once or twice a month our teacher gives us a test.

our teacher sometimes gives us a test.

6 Faten goes to the library three times a week.

Faten often goes to the library

Present Simple: questions

4 Read the questions and write positive and negative short answers.

1 Does your sister play computer games?

Yes, she does. / No, she doesn't

2 Do your friends write blogs?

Yes, they do. / No, they don't

3 Do you often go shopping?

Yes, I do. / No, I don't

4 Does your dad work at the weekend?

Yes, he does. / No, he doesn't

5 Do you and your friends go out on weekdays?

Yes, we do. / No, we don't

5 ★★ Read the answers and complete the questions.

1 How often do you go shopping?

I go shopping about twice a week.

2 Where does your dad work?

My dad works in Zarqa.

3 What time do the museums open?

The museums open at 9 a.m.

4 How do you go to school?

I go to school by bus.

Answers to questions in Exercise 5 so far:
1. Yes, I do. 2. Yes, he does. 3. Yes, we do. 4. No, I don't.

آسیه الْفَطَوْفَه

Unit ①

Present simple

آسيا القطاونه



Asia Alqatawnah

المضارع البسيط

ما تستخدم المضارع البسيط؟

① العادات والروتين اليومي

I brush my teeth every day

أغوشني أسنانني كل يوم

② المواقف العامة والثابتة

The sun rises in the east

الشمس تشرق من الشرق

③ الاستثناء الدائمية

she lives in Amman.

هي تعيش في عمان

④ المدخل الزمني

The train leaves at 6 o'clock

القطار يغادر الساعة ٦.

⑤ التكرار (استخدام حروف التكرار)

Always عادة Sometimes أحياناً

Often عادة Never أبداً Rarely نادراً

~~+~~ Affirmative

I /we /you /they → verb...

- We eat eggs for breakfast.
يُقْبَلُ الفعل كما هو

She / He / It → Verb (s / es)

She lives in Amman

أَخْيَفْتُ أَوْ es

* مق نجیف دم الافق امتحان

١ - ٠ / -ch / -s / -x (watches
(ies) ← ٤ افعال المترتبة بحرف ساكن
٢ study (studies)

?

Questions

A diagram illustrating the concept of 'D' (Determiner) as a central node from which four arrows branch out to the pronouns 'I', 'you', 'we', and 'they'.

Do you eat eggs for breakfast?

الجواب يكون ←
Yes I do sir No I don't

Does he/she it

Does she live in Amman?

Yes, she does or No, she doesn't

Negative

I / we / you / they _Don't _Verb...

we don't eat eggs for breakfast

she / He / it → Doesn't _ verb ...

She doesn't live in Amman

آسِيَّةُ الْقَطَاوِنَةِ

Asia Algatawneh

2

Wh Questions

(wh)
where what when

Do / Does تهافت قبل

Where does she live?

جوابها يكون (اجابه كامله وليس
(yes or No)

She lives in Amman
اٰل جاٰن

(Adverbs of frequency)

آسيه القطاونة

ظروف التكرار

* في كلمات تبين مدى تكرار حدوث الفعل أو عدد

المرات التي ينجز فيها الشخص بالفعل ←

① Always دأباً 100% (سأجدهم)

ex → I always do my home work.

أنا دأباً أعمل واجبائي

② usually عادةً 90%

ex → She usually drinks tea.

هي عادةً تشرب الشاي.

③ often غالباً 70%

ex → we often play football.

نحن غالباً نلعب كرة القدم.

④ some times أحياناً 50%

ex → They sometimes watch TV.

⑤ Hardly ever نادراً 10%

He hardly ever eats sweets.

هونادراً يأكلون أكلات.

⑥ never أبداً 0%

ex → I never smoke.

①

LESSON 2B

VOCABULARY

1 ★ Choose two correct words to complete the sentences.

- 1 Rola goes **shopping** / **sport** / **to the park** on Saturdays.
- 2 Raed doesn't play **sport** / **computer games** / **lessons**.
- 3 I go to **the park** / **shopping** / **a friend's house** after school.
- 4 I watch **TV** / **dinner** / **films** with my friends.
- 5 My parents listen to **photographs** / **music** / **the radio** in the evening.

2 ★★ Complete the text with the words from the box.

football friend's homework
lessons dinner school shopping
sport

I do a lot in my free time. I go to ¹friend's house to watch films. Once a week, I play ²sport. I play ³football and tennis. Sometimes, I go to ⁴dinner at a friend's house and once a week I go ⁵shopping with my parents or my friends. I have music ⁶lesson twice a week on Mondays and Thursdays. I go to ⁷school five days a week and I do ⁸home work six days a week – but that isn't free time!



3 ★★ Look at Samar's calendar and complete the sentences with the correct frequency expressions.

- 1 She goes to school **five times a week**.
- 2 She goes to a chess club **twice a week**.
- 3 She tidies her room **once a week**.
- 4 She visits her grandma **twice a month**.
- 5 She goes to an art club **three times a week**.

OCTOBER						
Sun	29 (Sept) chess club	6 chess club	13 chess club	20 chess club	27 chess club	
Mon	30 (Sept) art club	7 art club	14 art club	21 art club	28 art club	
Tues	1 art	8 art club	15 art club	22 art club	29 art club	
			16 chess club	chess club	chess club	
Thurs	3 art club	10 art club	17 art club	24 art club	31 art club	
Fri	4 no school	11 no school visit	18 no school	25 no school visit	1 (Nov) no school	
Sat	5 no school tidy room	12 no school tidy room	19 no school tidy room	26 no school tidy room	2 (Nov) no school tidy room	

4 Describe what you do in your free time. Write when you do it and how often you do it.

Present Simple: affirmative and negative

1 Look at the photos and read posts A-D on page 4. Decide which post is about:

- 1 free time?
- 2 a meal?
- 3 a morning activity?
- 4 a typical school day?

2 Match sentences 1-2 with rules a-d.

- 1 In the US, students don't go to school on Saturdays and Sundays.
- 2 We have dinner at 9.30 p.m.

a We use the Present Simple to talk about a regular activity.

b We use the Present Simple to talk about a fact.

3 Study the Grammar box and find more examples of the Present Simple in the text.

Present Simple: affirmative and negative

I · You · We · They	He · She · It
+ I go out with my friends on Saturdays. We get up at 10 a.m. at weekends.	My cousin lives in the UK. My mum goes to work at 7.30 a.m.
- They don't have lessons on Sundays.	He doesn't go to my school.

Spelling rules for he/she/it:

Most verbs: **live** → **lives**, **play** → **plays**

Verb ends in -o, -ch, -sh, -s, -x: **watch** → **watches**

Verb ends in a consonant + y: **study** → **studies**

Grammar Reference > page 67

4 Read the posts again and choose the correct words.

- 1 Lan-Fen **goes** / **doesn't go** to a very big school.
- 2 Yuna **starts** / **doesn't start** school at 6 a.m.
- 3 Rakan **has** / **doesn't have** dinner at about 7 p.m.
- 4 Aiden **plays** / **doesn't play** chess at the weekend.

الحياة اليومية

5 SPEAKING In pairs, talk about what your life is different from the people's in the posts.

6 Complete the phrases with these words. Which activities are in the photos on page 4?

do get go go to have

- 1 **go to** school/work/bed
- 2 **do** exercise/homework/housework
- 3 **have** a shower/lessons/breakfast/lunch/dinner
- 4 **go** home/out with friends/shopping
- 5 **get** home/dressed/up

7 1.2 PRONUNCIATION Put the verbs from the box in the correct column. Listen and check your answers.





/s/	/z/	/ɪz/
starts	plays goes lives	teaches watches studies

8 SPEAKING In pairs, talk about what you do on Saturdays. Then tell the class.

Now go to Workbook page 4 for the next lesson.

LESSON 2A VOCABULARY

Free-time activities and frequency expressions

1 Match verbs 1–12 with activities a–d. Which of the activities can you see in the photos?

1 <input type="checkbox"/> hang out	a shopping
2 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> go	b computer games
3 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> go to	c with friends
4 <input type="checkbox"/> play	d a friend's house
5 <input type="checkbox"/> play	a to music
6 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> listen	b books
8 <input type="checkbox"/> go	d games on your mobile phone
9 <input type="checkbox"/> play	a sport
10 <input type="checkbox"/> go	b a blog
11 <input type="checkbox"/> write	c to the park
12 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> watch	d TV or films



آسی القطاونیة



2 1.3 Listen to seven people and check your answers to Exercise 1.

3 Look at Fawzi's diary on the right. Complete the sentences.

1 He has a tennis lesson on Sunday and Tuesday evenings.

2 He plays football on Mondays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

3 He goes to the park on Friday afternoons.

4 He does his home work on Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays.

5 He watches a film on Saturday evenings.

6 He goes to a ~~art~~ club on Wednesday.

Grammar Reference > page 67

Sunday 4 p.m. homework

④ (Answers) الجوابات

① He has a tennis lesson twice a week.

② He plays football three times a week.

③ He goes to the park once a week.

④ He does his homework five times a week.

4 Rewrite the sentences in Exercise 3 with the expressions from the box.

once a week twice a week
three times a week five times a week

5 SPEAKING Use a word or phrase from each column to talk about how often you do these activities.

have English lessons	once	a day
make dinner for my parents	twice	a week
do exercise	three/four times	a month
go to a restaurant	times	a year

Now go to Workbook page 6 for the next lesson.



الجيش الاردني

3 Read comments 1–4 on page 8 again and choose the correct answers.

1 Eman thinks that teenagers

- a prefer talking about news to reading news.
- b are only interested in the news.
- c care about the real world.

2 What do we know about Osama's taste in television programmes?

- a It's often similar to his parents'.

- b It's very different from his brother's.
- c It's mainly modern.

3 Hamed thinks that teenagers

- a often have jobs.
- b think more about their hobbies than getting a job.
- c relax too much.

4 Mariam says she

- a often eats unhealthy food.
- b loves computer games.
- c does a lot of sport.

4 Match the highlighted phrasal verbs in the comments on page 8 with their meanings.

1 to return to a place

2 to try to find information in a book or on a computer

3 to not leave your home

4 to play something, such as a song

5 Complete the questions with the highlighted phrasal verbs in the comments on page 8. Then in pairs, ask and answer these questions.

1 When you get back from school, do you do your homework or relax first?

2 Do you ever stay in on Saturday night?

3 How often do you put on a favourite song when you get up?

4 What kind of information do you often look up on your phone?

6 REFLECT | Society Read the quotes. Which group of people are they about? Do you agree with the quotes? Discuss in groups.

“ They never listen to young people. ”

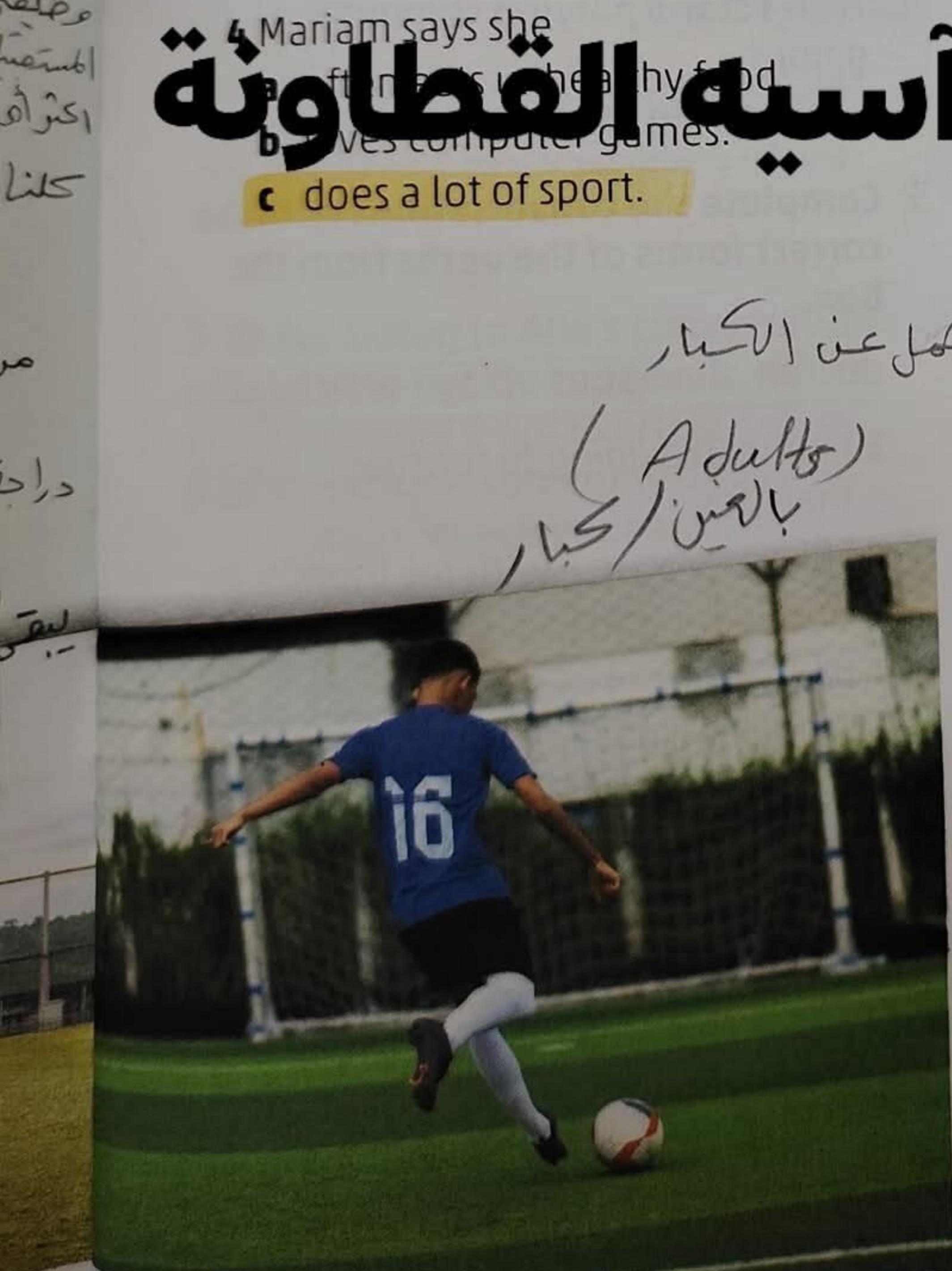
“ They work all the time. ”

“ They often talk about their jobs. ”

“ They always watch TV in the evenings. ”

7 SPEAKING In groups, think of other stereotypical views teenagers have of adults. Are they always true?

— Adults think teenagers don't respect traditions



(Adverbs of frequency)

آسيه القطاونة

ظروف التكرار

* في كلمات تبين مدى تكرار حدوث الفعل أو عدد

المرات التي ينجز فيها الشخص بالفعل ←

① Always دأباً 100% (سأحدهم)

ex → I always do my home work.
أنا دأباً أعمل واجبائي

② usually عادةً 90%

ex → She usually drinks tea.
هي عادةً تشرب الشاي.

③ often غالباً 70%

ex → we often play football.

نحن غالباً نلعب كرة القدم.

④ some times أحياناً 50%

ex → They sometimes watch TV. هم أحياناً يشاهدون التلفاز

⑤ Hardly ever نادراً 10%

He hardly ever eats sweets. هو نادراً يأكل كنافع

⑥ never أبداً 0% لناس أبداً لا يدخنون

ex → I never smoke. أنا أبداً لا أدخن ①

LESSON 3A GRAMMAR

Adverbs of frequency

1 Read Signs you are an excessive phone user. Which sentences are true for you?

SIGNS YOU ARE AN EXCESSIVE PHONE USER

- 1 You **always** check your phone before you get up. **عادة**
- 2 Your phone battery **usually** dies before you get home.
- 3 You **often** check your phone for new messages.
- 4 You are **never** without your phone. **بدون**

2 Study the Grammar box and put the adverbs in the correct place.

- 1 Your phone is with you. (always)
- 2 You check your phone when you wake up. (usually)

Adver

(2) answers - اجابات

1) your phone is always with you. **هاتفك دائماً معك**

2) you usually check your phone when you wake up. **أنت عادة تفتش عن هاتفك عندما تيقظ**

3 Choose

- 1 **hardly ever** watch / watch **hardly ever** football on TV.
- 2 I **hang out** sometimes / **sometimes** **hang out** with my cousins.
- 3 My phone **always** is / **is always** in my pocket.
- 4 I **often check** / **check often** my phone for messages.
- 5 I **usually go** / **go usually** shopping on Thursdays.

□ I can ask and answer questions about everyday life and use adverbs of frequency.

01

Present Simple: questions

4 Study the Grammar box and complete the rules.

1 We use **do / does** to form Present Simple questions with **he / he / it**.

2 We use **do / does** to form questions with **I / you / we / they**.

3 In questions with **does**, the main verb **has / doesn't have** an **-s** ending.

Pr ⑤ (answers) اجابات

② Does your dad often play sport?

③ Do you write a blog?

④ How often do you go shopping?

⑤ Where do you hang out with your friends?

⑥ How often does your best friend text you?

and answer the questions.

1 games / Does / on / your / her / sister / phone? / play

Does your sister play games on her phone?

2 does / often / How / sport? / play / dad / your

3 write / you / a / blog? / Do

4 shopping? / often / do / you / go / How

5 friends? / with / you / hang / out / do / your / Where

6 text / you? / often / best friend / How / your / does

6 SPEAKING In pairs, ask and answer the questions.

1 Do you ever switch your phone off?

2 How often do you take photos on your phone?

Now go to Workbook page 7 for the next lesson.

آسيه القطاونة

1 SPEAKING A stereotype is an idea that most people have about a type of person. Read the stereotypes about teenagers. Do you agree or disagree?

- a 'They don't think about the future.'
- b 'They aren't interested in the real world.'
- c 'They don't do any exercise.'
- d 'They're only interested in playing computer games.'

2 Study Active Reading. Read the text and match quotes a-d from Exercise 1 with comments 1-4.

ACTIVE ② (Answers) اجابات

Under

• Read t

• Don't

• Find im

each pa

① They don't think about future. (Hamed)

② They aren't interested in the real world. (Eman)

③ They don't do any exercise (Mariam)

④ They're only interested in playing computer games. (Osama)

STEREOTYPES! ARE TH

1 EMAN

My dad often says this about me. It's true that I hardly ever read newspapers. But I read the news online every day. And it isn't all stuff about my favourite actors! At school, we also talk about important events or problems. And we often look up more information about them online.

2 OSAMA

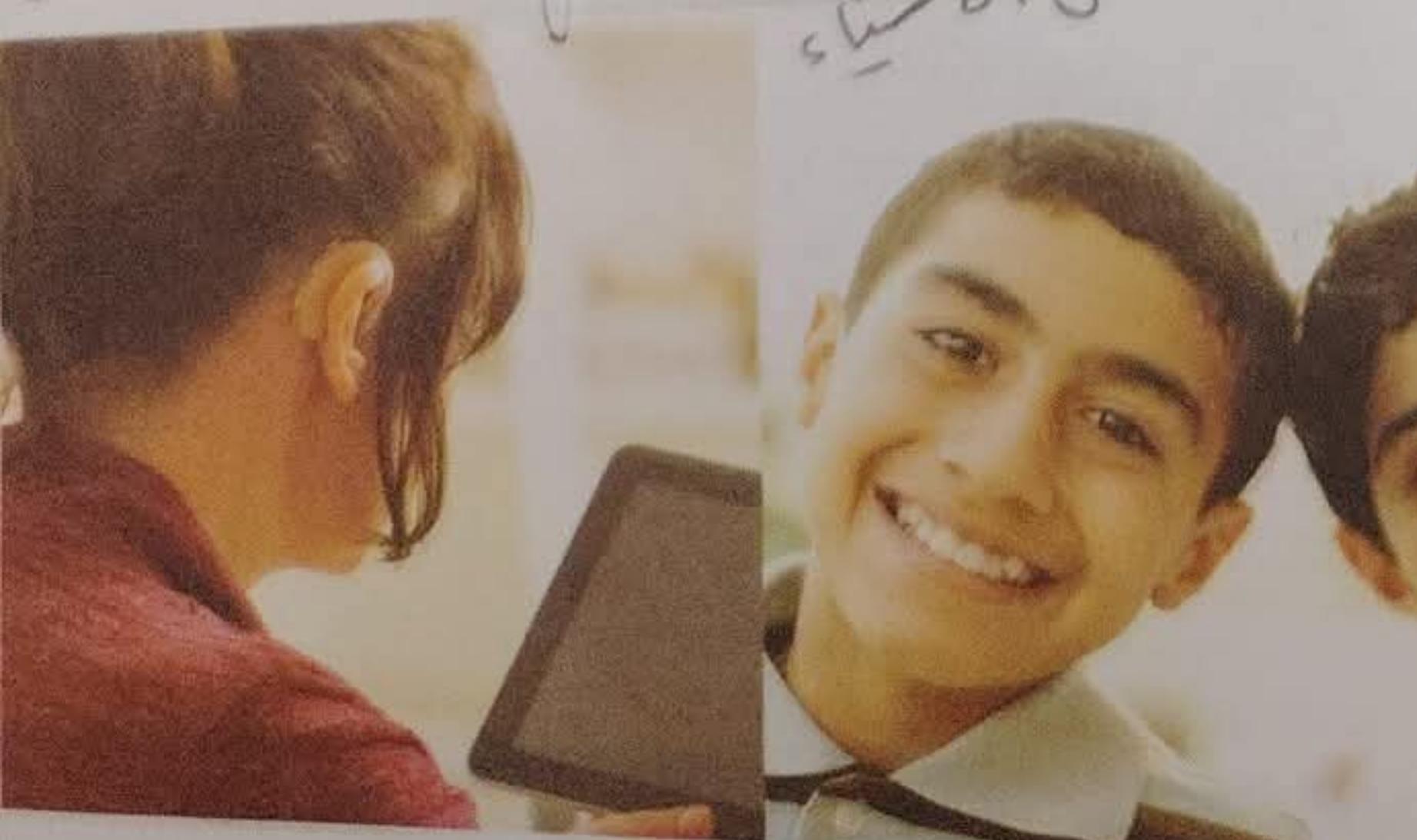
Do people really think this is true? It's a really old and boring stereotype. I love doing all kinds of things: from playing football to reading books about history. My brother is only 13 and he's the same. When my parents put on the TV we usually want to watch the same things.

3 HAMED

The problem is, they think I am not serious enough about my future job. I think I have lots of interesting ideas about my future, but my friends and hobbies are more important right now. When I get back from school, I don't always want to be serious. We all need to relax sometimes!

4 MARIAM

This isn't true! I play sports at school twice a week. I get up at eight on Saturdays and play volleyball in a team. I usually cycle to school and when I go out, I hardly ever eat fast food. Of course, some teenagers stay in all the time and their only hobby is TV or computer games.



VOCABULARY المفردات

التعبيارات المترددة (٦) أسلحة وقت الفراغ
الروتين اليومي Daily routines, free-time activities and frequency expressions

GRAMMAR المفردات

Present Simple: affirmative and negative, adverbs of frequency and Present Simple: questions

LISTENING الاستماع

تستمع ما تحب القيام به
التحدث عن الأشياء التي يحبونها وليست
التحدث عن الأشياء التي لا يحبونها
A personal podcast, talking about what you like to do

SPEAKING التحدث

التحدث عن الأشياء التي يحبونها وليست
فهم الفكرة الرئيسية
Talking about likes and dislikes

READING القراءة

فهم الفكرة الرئيسية
Stereotypes, understanding the main idea

WRITING الكتابة

ملف شخصي
A personal profile

VIEWING AND PRESENTING عرض وتقديم

Deciding on a present



Different routines آسيب لقطاونة



A Lan-Fen في الصين In China, we do exercise before school

يعد كل طفل في مدرستك؟



Alia Wow! Are all those people students at your school?

Lan-Fen Yes. We've got 5,000.

Alia That's amazing! Our school's got

600 students.



B Yuna أسيطعه I get up at 6 a.m. I'm at school until 5 p.m. and then I have extra lessons.

أعود للمنزل

Luis That's a LONG day!

Yuna I know. And then I do my homework!



C Luis We have dinner at 9.30 in the evening.

It isn't unusual in Spain.

Rakan That's really late! We eat at about

7 p.m. in Jordan. Or maybe 8 p.m.

at weekends. I go to bed at 10!



D Aiden في الولايات المتحدة المطلوب In the US, students don't go to school on Saturdays and Sundays.

Our weekends are free for relaxing, hobbies and free-time activities.

My favourite's playing chess with my dad.

Sami That's nice. Are your weekends

homework-free, too?

Aiden Well, we don't get much homework on Fridays. So I get to play more chess!

3 Read comments 1–4 on page 8 again and choose the correct answers.

1 Eman thinks that teenagers

- a prefer talking about news to reading news.
- b are only interested in the news.
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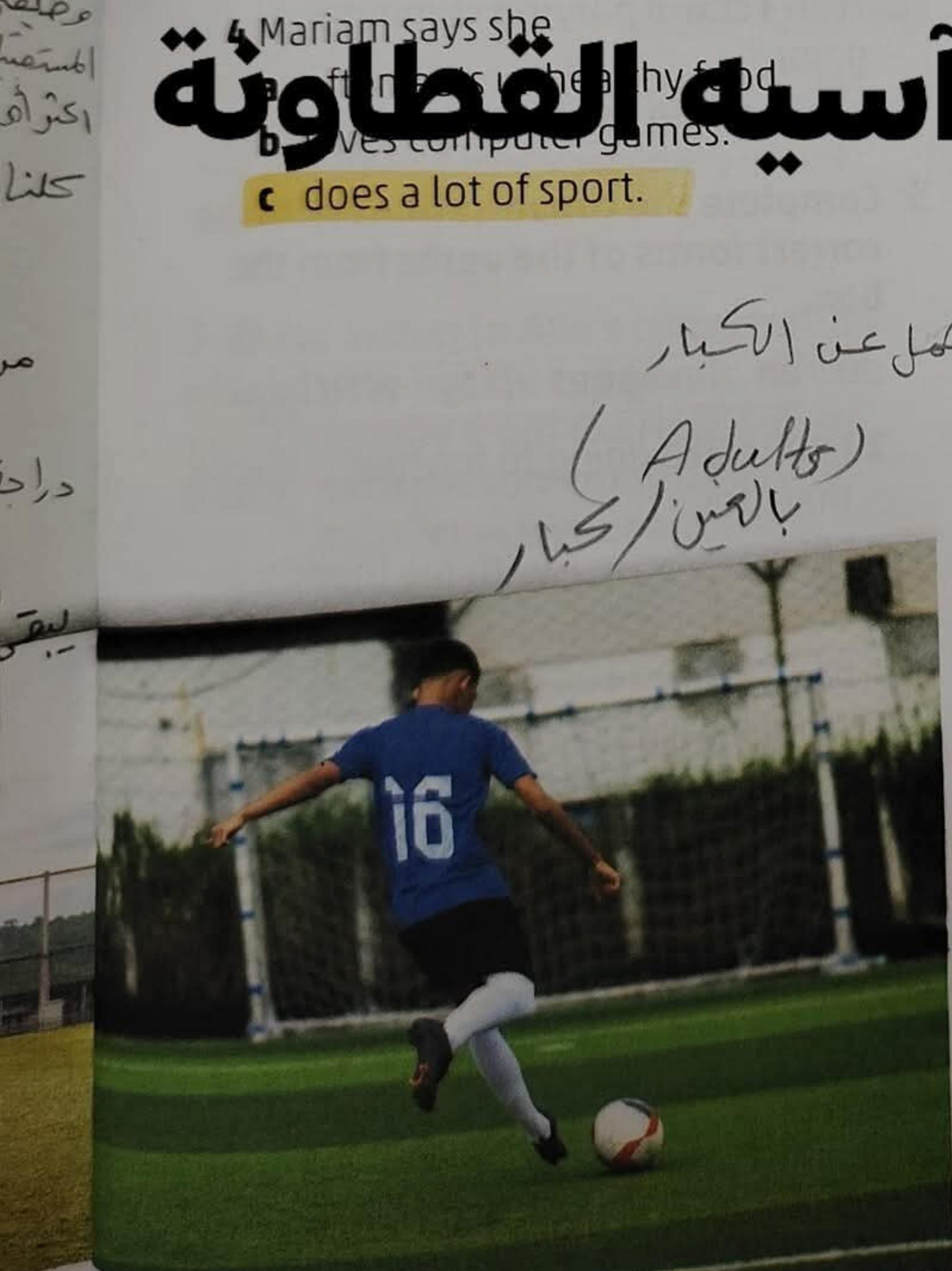
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آسی القطاونیة



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Grammar Reference > page 67

Sunday 4 p.m. homework

④ (Answers) اجابات

① He has a tennis lesson twice a week.

② He plays football three times a week.

③ He goes to the park once a week.

④ He does his homework five times a week.

4 Rewrite the sentences in Exercise 3 with the expressions from the box.

once a week, مرة في週間, مرة في週間

twice a week, مررتين في週間

three times a week, مررتين في週間

five times a week, مررتين في週間

5 SPEAKING Use a word or phrase from each column to talk about how often you do these activities.

have English lessons	once	a day
make dinner for my parents	twice	a week
do exercise	three/four times	a month
go to a restaurant	times	a year

Now go to Workbook page 6 for the next lesson.

LESSON 3A GRAMMAR

Adverbs of frequency

1 Read Signs you are an excessive phone user. Which sentences are true for you?

SIGNS YOU ARE AN EXCESSIVE PHONE USER

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- 2 Your phone battery **usually** dies before you get home.
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1) your phone is always with you. **هاتفك دائماً معك**

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3 Choose

- 1 **hardly ever** / **watch** / **watch hardly ever** football on TV.
- 2 **I hang out sometimes** / **sometimes** **hang out** with my cousins.
- 3 My phone **always is** / **is always** in my pocket.
- 4 **I often check** / **check often** my phone for messages.
- 5 **I usually go** / **go usually** shopping on Thursdays.

□ I can ask and answer questions about everyday life and use adverbs of frequency.

01

Present Simple: questions

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2 We use **do / does** to form questions with **I / you / we / they**.

3 In questions with **does**, the main verb **has / doesn't have** an **-s** ending.

Pr ⑤ (answers) اجابات

② Does your dad often play sport?

③ Do you write a blog?

④ How often do you go shopping?

⑤ Where do you hang out with your friends?

5 6 How often does your best friend text you? and answer the questions.

1 games / Does / on / your / her / sister / phone? / play

Does your sister play games on her phone?

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1 Do you ever switch your phone off?

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Now go to Workbook page 7 for the next lesson.

آسيه القطاونة

1 SPEAKING A stereotype is an idea that most people have about a type of person. Read the stereotypes about teenagers. Do you agree or disagree?

- a 'They don't think about the future.'
- b 'They aren't interested in the real world.'
- c 'They don't do any exercise.'
- d 'They're only interested in playing computer games.'

2 Study Active Reading. Read the text and match quotes a-d from Exercise 1 with comments 1-4.

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STEREOTYPES! ARE THEY TRUE?

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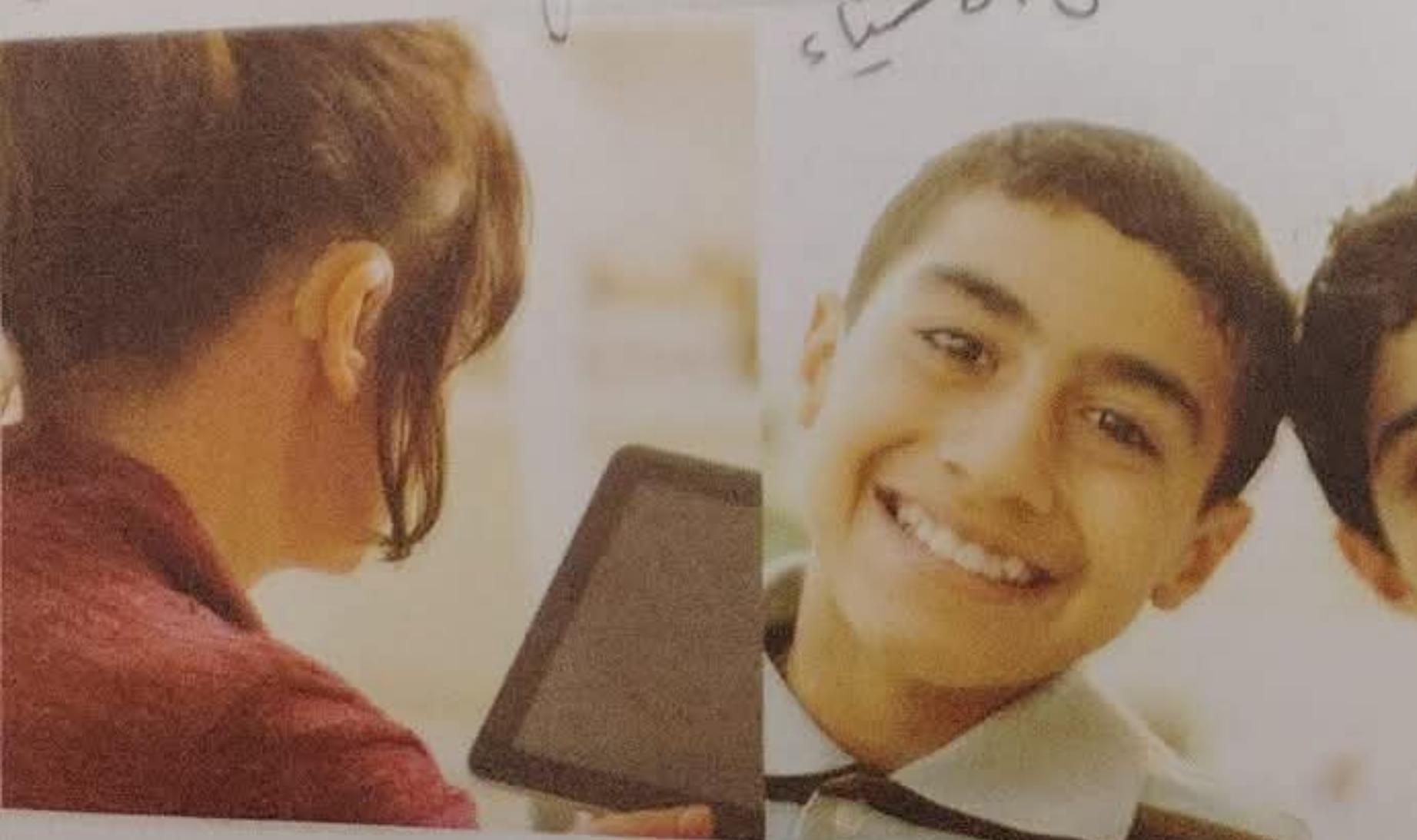
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Present Simple: affirmative and negative

1 Look at the photos and read posts A-D on page 4. Decide which post is about:

- 1 free time?
- 2 a meal?
- 3 a morning activity?
- 4 a typical school day?

2 Match sentences 1-2 with rules a-d

- 1 In the US, students don't go to school on Saturdays and Sundays.
- 2 We have dinner at 9.30 p.m.

a We use the Present Simple to talk about a regular activity.

b We use the Present Simple to talk about a fact.

3 Study the Grammar box and find more examples of the Present Simple in the text.

Present Simple: affirmative and negative

I · You · We · They	He · She · It
+ I go out with my friends on Saturdays. We get up at 10 a.m. at weekends.	My cousin lives in the UK. My mum goes to work at 7.30 a.m.
- They don't have lessons on Sundays.	He doesn't go to my school.

Spelling rules for he/she/it:

Most verbs: **live** → **lives**, **play** → **plays**

Verb ends in -o, -ch, -sh, -s, -x: **watch** → **watches**

Verb ends in a consonant + y: **study** → **studies**

Grammar Reference > page 67

4 Read the posts again and choose the correct words.

- 1 Lan-Fen **goes** / **doesn't go** to a very big school.
- 2 Yuna **starts** / **doesn't start** school at 6 a.m.
- 3 Rakan **has** / **doesn't have** dinner at about 7 p.m.
- 4 Aiden **plays** / **doesn't play** chess at the weekend.

الحياة اليومية

5 SPEAKING In pairs, talk about what your life is different from the people's in the posts.

6 Complete the phrases with these words. Which activities are in the photos on page 4?

do get go go to have

- 1 **go to** school/work/bed
- 2 **do** exercise/homework/housework
- 3 **have** a shower/lessons/breakfast/lunch/dinner
- 4 **go** home/out with friends/shopping
- 5 **get** home/dressed/up

7 1.2 PRONUNCIATION Put the verbs from the box in the correct column. Listen and check your answers.



/s/	/z/	/ɪz/
starts	plays goes lives	teaches watches studies

8 SPEAKING In pairs, talk about what you do on Saturdays. Then tell the class.

Now go to Workbook page 4 for the next lesson.