



The

# Brilliant

Series

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# تحذير

يمنع منعاً باتاً تناول هذا الكتاب خارج مدرسة عبد الله بن العباس الخاصة – ولاية الكامل والوافي – لا يسمح بتداول أو نشر أو اقتباس أيّاً من محتويات الكتاب إلا بإذن مكتوب من المؤلف

حقوق النشر محفوظة





## في هذا الكتاب :

1. ترجمة لجميع مفردات وكلمات الفصل الدراسي الأول (الوحدات من 1 إلى 5)
2. شرح وافي لجميع قواعد المنهج للفصل الدراسي الأول .
- 3 عدد لا بأس به من الأنشطة والتدريبات علي قواعد المنهج





# UNIT 1 Vocabulary

## SB Reading P. 8-9

portrait	لوحة
project	مشروع
art	فنية
technology	تقنية
report	تقرير
subject	مادة دراسية - موضوع
excitement	إثارة
enthusiastic	حماس
volunteer	متطوع
create	يصنع - يخلق - يبدع
professor	أستاذ جامعي
explain	يفسر - يشرح
decide	يقرر
town	مدينة صغيرة
building	مبنى
chance	فرصة
opinion	رأى
evidently motivated	متحفز بشكل واضح
session	جلسة
rush	يندفع - يسرع
leaflet	منشور
discuss	يناقش
produce	ينتج
photography	التصوير
recording	التسجيل
voice	صوت إنسان





sound	صوت غير إنسان
music	موسيقى
different kinds	أنواع مختلفة
limit	حد
own imagination	خيال خاص
aged	يتراوح العمر
met for the first time	تقابل للمرة الأولى
choose	يختار
find out	يكشف
message boards	سبورات رسائل
interested in	مهتم بـ
stick	يلصق
while	بينما
response	استجابة
include	يشمل
local neighbourhood	الحي المحلي
making new friends	يكون صداقات
take part in = participate	يشارك في
interview	حوار - مقابلة
think - thought	يعتقد - اعتقد
at the end of	في نهاية
animation	الرسوم المتحركة
computer club	نادى الحاسوب
somewhere	في مكان ما
someone	أحد ما
surfing the internet	يتصفح الانترنت
likes and dislikes	الإعجابات والمكروهات
dentist	طبيب أسنان
me neither!	ولا أنا!





### SB P.11

#### Working with words

invite – invitation	يدعو – دعوة
imagine – imagination	يتخيل – خيال
animate – animation	جعلته حيويًا – الرسوم الحية أو المتحركة
motivate – motivation	يحفز – تحفيز
create – creation	يصنع – صنع أو خلق
produce – production	ينتج – إنتاج
construct – construction	يشيد – تشييد
present – presentation	يقدم – تقديم
discussion	مناقشة
mission	مهمة
impression	انطباع
procession	مسيرة – موكب

#### WB Vocabulary P. 5

run = flowing	ينهمر
= organising	ينظم
= going fast by taking steps quickly	يركض
present adj = here	صفة ( هنا أو حاضر )
n = gift	اسم ( هدية )
n = this time, now	اسم ( هذا الوقت – الآن )
v = show	فعل ( يعرض أو يقدم )
get on	يركب قطار أو طائرة
	ينسجم - يندمج
	يحقق تقدماً

#### Working with words

#### WB p. 6

equipment	معدات
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argument	جدال
mission	مهمة
fashion	موضة
cushion	وسادة
discussion	مناقشة
brush	يغسل أسنانه بالفرشاة

### Grammar in Use

WB P. 8

do a project	يعمل مشروعاً
do homework	يقوم بأداء الواجب المنزلي
make a decision	يتخذ قرراً
make a list	يكتب قائمة
make friends	يكون صداقات

# UNIT 2 Vocabulary

SB Reading P. 18-19

the man at the fountain	الرجل عند النافورة
descriptive story	قصة وصفية
cousin	ابن عم
newspaper stall	منصة لبيع الجرائد
when	عندما
noticed	لاحظ
thief	لص
knew	عرف
square	ميدان
was bustling	كان يعج بـ
several = many	عديد
cold drinks	مشروبات باردة
snacks	وجبات خفيفة





in the shade of the trees	في ظلال الأشجار
pigeons	حمام
hopefully	علي أمل
never-ending flow of traffic	تدفق المرور اللامنتهي
benches	مقاعد
dusty windows	نوافذ متربة
were cruising	كانت تطوف
engine	محرك
hummed noisily	همهمت بصخب
fumes	عوادم
rose into the air	ارتفعت في الهواء
oily smell	الرائحة الزيتية
mixed with the scent of roses	مختلط برائحة الزهور
passenger	راكب
nobody was taking any notice	لم يلاحظ أحد
difficult to recognize	من الصعب التعرف عليه
didn't look exactly like	لم يبدو تماماً مثل
in disguise	متنكر
look for	يبحث عن
all over the city	في كل أرجاء المدينة
fountain	نافورة
almost hidden	مخفي تقريباً
group of tourists	مجموعة من السياح
chatted and laughed	رددش وضحك
famous for	مشهور بـ
beautiful statues	تماثيل جميلة
cascades of tinkling water	شلالات من المياه الرنانة
traveller	مسافر
made from	مصنوع من
white marble	الرخام الأبيض
glistened like Arctic ice	لمع مثل الثلج القطبي






huge	ضخم
leaping fish	السماك الواثب
pool	وكة مياه
powerful	قوى
galloping horses	الخيال العاديات
magnificent chariot	 عربة حربية فخمة
driven by	يتم قيادته بواسطة
warrior	 محارب
ancient times	العصور القديمة
was mingling with	كان يختلط مع
seeds	حبوب
elegant buildings	مباني راقية
getting closer	يقترّب
took a few steps forward	أخذ بضع خطوات للأمام
nodded	أوما برأسه
pocket	جيب
particularly interested	مهتم بشكل خاص
column	عمود
massive, wooden doors	أبواب خشبية ضخمة
flag	علم
vast entrance	مدخل واسع
duke	دوق - نبيل
frown	تجهم - عبس
stare	حدق النظر
startled pigeons	الحمام المروع
took off	أقلع - طار
alone	لوحده - بمفرده





cart		عربة
spotted a movement		رصد حركة
darting towards		يثب نحو
follow him		لاحقه - تعقبه
<b>WB Vocabulary P. 13</b>		
<b>EX 2</b>		
strut		اختال في مشيته
cruise		طاف - تجول
drift		اندفع
spurt		انطلق
mingle		اختلط
dart		وثب

sound		صوت
movement		حركة
appearance		مظهر
<b>EX 6</b>		
busy		مشغول
wide open		مفتوح بشكل واسع
beautiful		جميل
wide		واسع
surprised		مدهش
wonderful		مدهش - رائع





## Grammar in Use WB P. 16

make escape	يهرب
make mistakes	يخطئ - يرتكب أخطاء
take notice	يلاحظ
take a photo	يصور
take a holiday	يأخذ أجازة

# UNIT 3 Vocabulary

## SB Reading P. 28

life at the edge	الحياة على الحافة
endangered animals at the north	حيوانات معرضة للخطر في الشمال
polar bear	الدب القطبي
uncertain	غير محدد
climate is changing	المناخ يتغير
spring	الربيع
the Arctic ice	الثلج القطبي
melt	ينصهر
summer	الصيف
habitat	المسكن - الموطن الأصلي
disappear	يختفي
survive	يبقى على قيد الحياة
winter	الشتاء
land freeze	تتجمد اليابسة
go hunting	يصطاد
appearance	المظهر - الشكل





kind	نوع
weigh	يزن
male	ذكر
female	أنثي
thick white fur	فرو أبيض سميك
insulate	يعزل
the cold	البرد
furry	كثير الشعر
snow	الثلج
webbed	مكفف
<b>diet</b>	<b>النظام الغذائي</b>
seal	فقمة
breathe	يتنفس
wait patiently	ينتظر بصبر
seize	استولي على
powerful jaws	مخالب قوية
<b>reproduction</b>	<b>التكاثر</b>
make dens	يصنع عرائن
snowdrift	كومة من الثلج
cubs	صغار الدببة
ice floe	الطوف الجليدي
<b>threats</b>	<b>التهديدات</b>
pollution	التلوث
industry	صناعة
oil spills	تسريبات الزيت
threaten	يهدد
in safety	في أمان
protected from	محمي من
harmful industry activity	أنشطة الصناعة الضارة
<b>Look at nature SB p. 29</b>	
the sea otter	كلب البحر
were hunted and killed	تم اصطيادهم وقتلهم





for their fur	من أجل فروهم
extinct	منقرض
was banned	تم منعه أو تحريمه
rocky coasts	السواحل الصخرية
spend their entire lives in water	يقضون حياتهم بالكامل في الماء
waterproof	مقاوم للماء
fully webbed	مكفف بالكامل
underwater	تحت الماء
newborn	حديث الولادة
dive	يغوص
prey	فريسة
lift boulders	يرفع الصخور
sea creatures	المخلوقات البحرية
snail	الحلزون
crab	السرطان
shellfish	المحار
stones	أحجار
small tools	أدوات صغيرة
otter pups	صغار كلب الماء
floats on her back	تطفو على ظهرها
on her chest	على صدرها
drowning	الغرق
dies of cold	تموت من البرد
oil tanker	ناقلة البترول
is not guaranteed	غير مضمون

### Working with Words

SB p. 31

#### *Adjectives with the suffix -al*

industrial	صناعي
musical	موسيقي
natural	طبيعي
seasonal	موسمي
coastal	ساحلي





continual	مستمر
factual	حقيقي
final	نهائي
internal	داخلي
normal	عادي
electrical	كهربائي
comical	كوميدي
several	عديد

**Adjectives with the suffix -y**

furry	مغطي بالفرو
dusty	مترب - كثير التراب
dirty	قذر - متسخ
powdery	ناعم - مغطي بالبودرة
smoky	مدخن - ملي بالدخان
nutty	كثير الجوز - بالبندق
starry	ملي بالنجوم
handy	بارع - عملي

**Spelling SB p. 31**

grief	حزن شديد - كآبة
receive	يستقبل
chief	رئيس
thief	لص
briefcase	حقيبة أوراق
height	ارتفاع
weight	وزن
seize	استولي على
friend	صديق

**Working with Words**

**WB p. 24**

silk – silky	حرير - حريري
thirst – thirsty	عطش - عطشان





scare – scary	خوف – مخيف
fun – funny	مرح – طريف
hunger – hungry	جوع – جوعان
stone – stony	حجر – حجري

# UNIT 4 Vocabulary

SB Reading P. 38 - 39

Advertisements	الإعلانات
benefits	مزايا
half price entry	دخول بنصف الثمن
adventure sports	رياضات المغامرة
weekend	عطلة نهاية الأسبوع
reduction	تخفيض
bookings	حجوزات
training session	جلسة تدريب
membership	عضوية
members	أعضاء
contact us	اتصل بنا
safety first	الأمان أولاً
protective clothing	ملابس واقية
safety equipment	معدات الأمان
expert trainers	مدربين خبراء
learn new skills	تعلم مهارات جديدة
confidence	ثقة
challenge yourself	تحدي نفسك
be confident	كن واثقاً





# Adventure Sports

رياضات المغامرة

aerial runway



vertical slide



canopy walk



climbing wall



bungee jumping



indoor skydiving



## Adjectives الصفات

thrilling

مثير

exhilarating

مبهج





unique	فريد
unbelievable	لا يصدق
unforgettable	لا ينسى
unmissable	لا يفوت
electrifying	مثير
wild	جامح
brilliant	رائع

### Working with Words SB p. 41

<i>-ent</i>	<i>Adjectives</i>	<i>-ant</i>
different	مختلف	important
silent	صامت	brilliant
excellent	ممتاز	elegant
evident	واضح	defiant
patient	صبور	ignorant
obedient	مطيع	reliant





# UNIT 5 Vocabulary

## SB Reading P. 48-49

queen	ملكة
Princess	أميرة
was born	ولدت
royal family	عائلة ملكية
extremely protective	محافظة للغاية
grow up	تنشأ
under strict rules	تحت قواعد صارمة
was never allowed to be alone	لم يسمح لها أبداً أن تكون بمفردها
tutor	معلم خاص
governess	الحاكمة
bedroom	غرفة النوم
playtime	وقت اللعب
dolls	دمى - عرائس
childhood	طفولة
handsome	لطيف
at once	في الحال
marry - marriage	يتزوج - زواج
request	طلب
palace	قصر
refuse	يرفض
several times	مرات عديدة
wedding	حفل زفاف
took place	حدث
for advice and support	للنصيحة والدعم
prime minister	رئيس الوزراء
make decisions	يتخذ قرارات
family life	حياة العائلة





guidance	إرشاد
daughter	ابنة
illness	مرض
was devastated	تحطمت
rest of her life	بقية حياتها
government duties	واجبات الحكومة
castle	قلعة
because of	بسبب
popular	ذات شعبية
gradually	تدريجياً
public events	أحداث عامة
the British Empire	الإمبراطورية البريطانية
during	خلال
expanded	توسعت
rule	حكم
expansion	توسع
cruel rulers	حكام غلاظ
countries	دول
point of view	وجهة نظر
threat	تهديد
powerful	قوى
reign	سيطرة - نفوذ - حكم
bad behaviour	سلوك سيء
industrial progress	تقدم صناعي
factories	مصانع
railways	سكك حديد
bridges	جسور
comfortable homes	بيوت مريحة
pleasant	ساحر - ممتع
exhausting	مرهق
dangerous	خطير
hard conditions	ظروف شاقة
immensely	كثيراً - للغاية





grandchildren	أحفاد
grandmother	جدة
population	السكان
was buried	دفنت
deeply saddened	حزنوا بشدة

### Working with Words

SB p. 51

#### *suffix – ment*

agree – agreement	يوافق – موافقة
argue – argument	يجادل – جدال
excite – excitement	يثير – إثارة
equip – equipment	يعد – معدات
entertain – entertainment	يسلى – تسلية
government	حكومة
movement	حركة
disappointment	إحباط
payment	دفع
advertisement	إعلان
appointment	موعد
arrangement	ترتيب
statement	تصريح
announcement	إلان – بلاغ
measurement	قياس

#### *Suffix -ness*

kind – kindness	عطوف – عطف
sick – sickness	مريض – مرض
gentle – gentleness	لطيف – لطافة
naughty – naughtiness	شقي – شقاوة
ugly – ugliness	قبيح – قبح
weak – weakness	ضعيف – ضعف
tidy – tidiness	يرتب – ترتيب
dark – darkness	مظلم – ظلام





lazy – laziness	كسول – كسل
narrow – narrowness	ضيّق – ضيق
useful – usefulness	نافع – منفعة
<b>Grammar WB p. 43</b>	
expensive	غالي الثمن
rich	غني
well-educated	بالغ التهذيب
hardworking	مجتهد
wealthy	ثري
clever	ذكي
artistic	فني
talkative	ثرثار
energetic	نشيط
tidy	منظم





# Grammar Unit 1

The Present simple

زمن المضارع البسيط

English Grammar:

**Present simple** المضارع البسيط

I You We They



Play

Football

He She It



Plays





## Adverbs Of Frequency



Maste





## Present simple – Activity 1

### Exercises: affirmative forms



My mother  on Sundays.



We  the answers.



It  grass.



I  more ice cream.



She never  chess.



They  to school.



He  a bus.



Monkeys  a lot of noise.



This girl  Italian.



My father  for the tickets.





## Activity 2

1. She  noodles every Monday. (eat)

2. Ali  computer every day. (play)

3. They  English well. (speak)

4. He  television every morning. (watch)

5. I  up late. (get)

6. We  pictures every week. (draw)

7. The boys  in the pool. (swim)

8. My father  a new car. (drive)

9. You  in the office. (work)

10. Mr. Ahmed  to London. (fly)

11. I  my homework. (do)

12. The teacher  to school every day. (walk)

13. Jack  his bicycle. (ride)

14. His mother  some fruit. (buy)

15. The baby  every night. (cry)





## The Present Continuous

المضارع المستمر

### PRESENT CONTINUOUS TENSE

I	am		
He			
She	is	+	verb-ing
It			
You			
We	are		
They			





# Activity 3

Put in the verb in brackets into the gaps and form affirmative sentences in **Present Progressive**.

1. He  a film. (*watch*)
2. We  a computer game. (*play*)
3. Look at that dog. It  at the cat. (*bark*)
4. He  his rabbits. (*feed*)
5. They  a song. (*sing*)
6. She  her hair. (*wash*)
7. I  to Doris. (*talk*)
8. She  a picture. (*draw*)
9. They  their mother. (*help*)
10. You  the poem by heart. (*learn*)





## Activity 4

1. He  in the lake. (*swim*)
2. They  muffins. (*make*)
3. He  a letter. (*write*)
4. They  pictures. (*swap*)
5. She  with Bob. (*dance*)
6. You  home. (*run*)
7. I  a shower. (*take*)
8. We  money for a new computer. (*save*)
9. She  the grass. (*cut*)
10. He  his bike. (*ride*)





## Grammar Unit 2

### The Past Simple

### الماضي البسيط

It's the 2<sup>nd</sup> Conjugation of verbs

هو التصريف الثاني للفعل

### الشكل Form

#### الإثبات Positive

Regular verbs	أفعال منتظمة	Irregular verbs	أفعال غير منتظمة
1. visit → visited		be → was – were	
2. like → liked		have → had	
3. stop → stopped		eat → ate	
4. play → played		write → wrote	
5. study → studied		cut → cut	

#### النفى (Negative)

يكون تكوين الماضي البسيط في اللغة الإنجليزية في حالة النفي عبارة عن استخدام الفعل في حالته الأصلية ولكن يسبقه **did not** أي يكون تكوين الجملة هو

**Subject + did + not + verb**

وتكون الأمثلة عليها:

I **did not** (**didn't**) play football last week.





لم أعب كرة القدم الأسبوع الماضي

They **did not (didn't)** work **last** month.

لم يعملوا الشهر الماضي

he **did not (didn't)** go to the party **last** weekend.

لم يذهب إلى الحفلة نهاية الأسبوع الماضي

### السؤال (Yes / No Questions)

في حالة السؤال (Yes / No Questions) في صيغة الماضي البسيط ويكون الرد عبارة عن Yes or No تكون صيغة السؤال هي:

Did + Subject + Base verb?

ومن أمثلتها:

Did you go to the park **yesterday**?

هل ذهبت إلى الحديقة أمس؟

Did she leave **last** night?

هل غادرت الليلة الفارطة؟

Did you read the novel?

هل قرأت الرواية؟

وتكون الإجابة عبارة عن Yes أو No .

### السؤال (Wh Questions)

وهي عبارة عن أسئلة يكون بها أحرف W أو H مثل When للزمان أو Where للمكان.

صيغة السؤال تكون على النحو التالي:

?WH + Did + Subject + Base verb

مثل:

Where **did** you go **last** week?

إلى أين ذهبت الأسبوع الماضي؟

What **did** you eat for dinner **yesterday**?

ماذا أكلت في العشاء البارحة؟

When **did** he wake up **this morning** ?

متى استيقظ هذا الصباح؟





## Activity 5

### Past simple - write

#### *Affirmative and negative forms.*

help / I



✓ I helped my brother.

✗ I didn't help my sister.

wash / he



✓ He  the clothes.

✗ He  the car.

study / my sister



✓ My sister  chemistry.

✗ She  history.

visit / you



✓ You  your friends.

✗ You  your family.

arrive / the train



✓ The train  at ten past six.

✗ It  at six o'clock

play / we



✓ We  football.

✗ We  golf.





## Activity 6

### Past simple - write

#### *Affirmative, negative, questions.*

live / Nero



- ✓ Nero lived in Rome.
- ✗ Nero didn't live in Brazil.
- ? Did Nero live in Spain?

want / you



- ✓ You  some fruit.
- ✗ You  meat.
- ?  fish?

die / the man



- ✓ The man  in 2005.
- ✗ The man  in winter.
- ?  in London?

stay / he



- ✓ He  alone.
- ✗ He  with me.
- ?  with you?

push / she



- ✓ She  the machine.
- ✗ She  the wheel.
- ?  the button?





tidy / they

✓ They  up their room✗ They  up the kitchen.?  up the office?

## Activity 7

Change the verbs in brackets into past simple:

- 1. She must first tell how she **got** it. (**get**)
- 2. She **stood** with her hands to her head. (**stand**)
- 3. He **did** so, and we **left** the room. (**do**) (**leave**)
- 4. It was for her father that she . (**come**)
- 5. Then he  me into his own room. (**lead**)
- 6. I  him for a moment before we started. (**see**)
- 7. This question  the girl to the present. (**bring**)
- 8. I didn't know it, but I . (**do**)





- 9. She looked at them again as she . (**speak**)
- 10. He  a place for me by his side. (**make**)
- 11. And then I  the strength for it. (**find**)
- 12. He  to the window and looked in. (**go**)
- 13. He  that it must have its way. (**know**)
- 14. He  for it but found it not. (**feel**)
- 15. He  no word until he was done. (**speak**)
- 16. I  them I could not do it. (**tell**)
- 17. I  of him for the place. (**never/think**)
- 18. I  I should never see it again. (**think**)
- 19. I don't believe that he  me. (**hear**)
- 20. We  in silence for a few minutes. (**sit**)





## Activity 8 Game

<https://www.gamestolearnenglish.com/past-tense-game/>

# The past continuous tense

الماضي المستمر

was  
were

+ V +ing

- It **was snowing** yesterday.
- They **were eating** at the restaurant.
- You **were working** yesterday.
- I **was studying** last night.
- I **was waiting** for the cab when I met Raj.
- The children **were shouting** when the teacher came in.
- It was midnight when it **was raining**.
- Everyone **was clapping**.
- Raj **was practising** the guitar after classes.
- The baby **was laughing** when I came into the room.
- The children **were playing** in the garden.





# Past Continuous Tense



Affirmative	Negative	Interrogative
He <b>was</b> eating.	He <b>wasn't</b> eating.	<b>Was</b> he eating?
I <b>was</b> eating.	I <b>wasn't</b> eating.	<b>Was</b> I eating?
It <b>was</b> eating.	It <b>wasn't</b> eating.	<b>Was</b> it eating?
She <b>was</b> eating.	She <b>wasn't</b> eating.	<b>Was</b> she eating?
They <b>were</b> eating.	They <b>weren't</b> eating.	<b>Were</b> they eating?
We <b>were</b> eating.	We <b>weren't</b> eating.	<b>Were</b> we eating?
You <b>were</b> eating.	You <b>weren't</b> eating.	<b>Were</b> you eating?



## When-while in past continuous tense

**Change the verbs into past continuous tense form.**

1. While I \_\_\_\_\_ (walk) to school, it began to rain.
2. I saw Mark at the canteen at lunchtime yesterday. He \_\_\_\_\_ (line) up for food.
3. While I \_\_\_\_\_ (wash) the dishes last night, I \_\_\_\_\_ (drop) a plate.
4. I didn't hear the phone ring because I \_\_\_\_\_ (have) a shower.
5. When the teacher walked into the classroom, the students \_\_\_\_\_ (talk) to each other.
6. The ink finished while I \_\_\_\_\_ (sign) the contract.
7. While I \_\_\_\_\_ (do) my homework my father came home.
8. The children \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) TV while their mother \_\_\_\_\_ (cook) dinner in the kitchen.
9. When Kristin called Mark last night, he \_\_\_\_\_ (study).
10. Mary put her hand up while the teacher \_\_\_\_\_ (talk).
11. I turned the radio on while I \_\_\_\_\_ (make) dinner.
12. When the alarm clock rang, I \_\_\_\_\_ (sleep).
13. Yesterday David \_\_\_\_\_ (cross) the street when a lorry \_\_\_\_\_ (turn) the corner very fast and almost \_\_\_\_\_ (hit) him.
14. Last night while we \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) an exciting programme, the electricity \_\_\_\_\_ (go) out.
15. Yesterday while I \_\_\_\_\_ (clean) the house I \_\_\_\_\_ (find) my lost ring.
16. Yesterday I \_\_\_\_\_ (see) an old friend while I \_\_\_\_\_ (cross) the street.
17. My father \_\_\_\_\_ (not watch) the road when he \_\_\_\_\_ (hit) the car in front of him. Nobody \_\_\_\_\_ (get) hurt. Someone \_\_\_\_\_ (call) the ambulance.
18. Just as the postman \_\_\_\_\_ (knock) on the door, I \_\_\_\_\_ (leave) the house.
19. While I \_\_\_\_\_ (make) a cake, the children played in the garden.
20. Peter \_\_\_\_\_ (play) football when he \_\_\_\_\_ (break) his leg.
21. Jason \_\_\_\_\_ (wear) a suit and a tie when I \_\_\_\_\_ (see) him yesterday.
22. I \_\_\_\_\_ (watch) TV last night and \_\_\_\_\_ (relax) after a long day when my new puppy \_\_\_\_\_ (take) my wallet from my bedside table.

iSLCollective.com





# قاعدة used to



## معنى used to

معناها "اعتاد أن"، يستخدم بصيغة الماضي البسيط حصراً للتعبير عن أعمال كانت اعتيادية في الماضي ولكن توقفت الآن.

**My neighbors used to make too much noise**

اعتاد جيراني على إحداث الكثير من الضجة.

## استخدامات used to

للتعبير عن حالات كانت اعتيادية في الماضي ولكن توقفت الآن.

**She used to live in Montreal when she was a child**

اعتادت أن تعيش في مونتريال عندما كانت طفلة.

## صيغة الجملة مع used to

صيغة التثني من used to هي **didn't use to** وتعني "لم أعتد أن".  
أيضاً من الممكن استخدام الاختصار **usedn't to** و لكن الصيغة الأكثر شيوعاً هي **never used to** (أبدأ لم أعتاد أن).

Yes/ No Questions : **Did+ Subject + use to+ infinitive + .....?**

Wh Questions : **Wh + did + use to+ infinitive + complement?**

## استخدام be used to

معناها "معتاد على". تستخدم بخلاف used to للتعبير عن أعمال وأشياء مألوفة واعتيادية بالنسبة لنا في الوقت الحالي.

**I am not used to eating Chinese food**

أنا لست معتاداً على تناول الطعام الصيني.





### used to صيغة الجملة مع

#### used to النَّفي من

و تعني "لم أعتد أن". أيضاً من الممكن استخدام الاختصار didn't use to هي used to صيغة النَّفي من never used to هناك صيغ أخرى للنَّفي مثل

.I **didn't use to** ride a horse

لم أعتد أن أركب حصان

.They **never used to** eat fast food

لم يعتادوا أن يتناولوا الوجبات السريعة

#### used to صيغة السؤال من

?Yes/ No Questions : Did+ Subject + use to+ infinitive + complement

?Wh- Questions :Wh- + did + use to+ infinitive + complement

?**Did** you **use to** go to the theater

Yes, I did/ No, I didn't

هل اعتدت أن تذهب إلى المسرح؟

نعم/لا

?What **did** you **use to** do when you was young

ماذا **اعتدت** أن تفعل عندما كنت شاباً؟

.I **used to** play tennis every day

اعتدت أن ألعب التنس كل يوم





## Activity 10

Used to, get used to & be used to

**Exercise Instructions:** Choose the correct answer.

Q1 - I'm not used to \_\_\_ up this early.

- get
- getting

Q2 - I used to \_\_\_ a lot.

- read
- reading

Q3 - You'll have to get used to \_\_\_ on the right when you live there.

- drive
- driving

Q4 - I didn't use to \_\_\_ it, but I do now.

- like
- liking

Q5 - I found it hard to get used to \_\_\_ in such a hot country.

- live
- living

Q6 - Where did you use to \_\_\_ when you visited?

- stay
- staying





Q7 - It took me a while to get used to \_\_\_ the language.

- speak
- speaking

Q8 - I used to \_\_\_ hard when I was a student.

- work
- working

Q9 - Have you got used to \_\_\_ it yet?

- do
- doing

Q10 - I'm not used to \_\_\_ so much tea.

- drink
- drinking

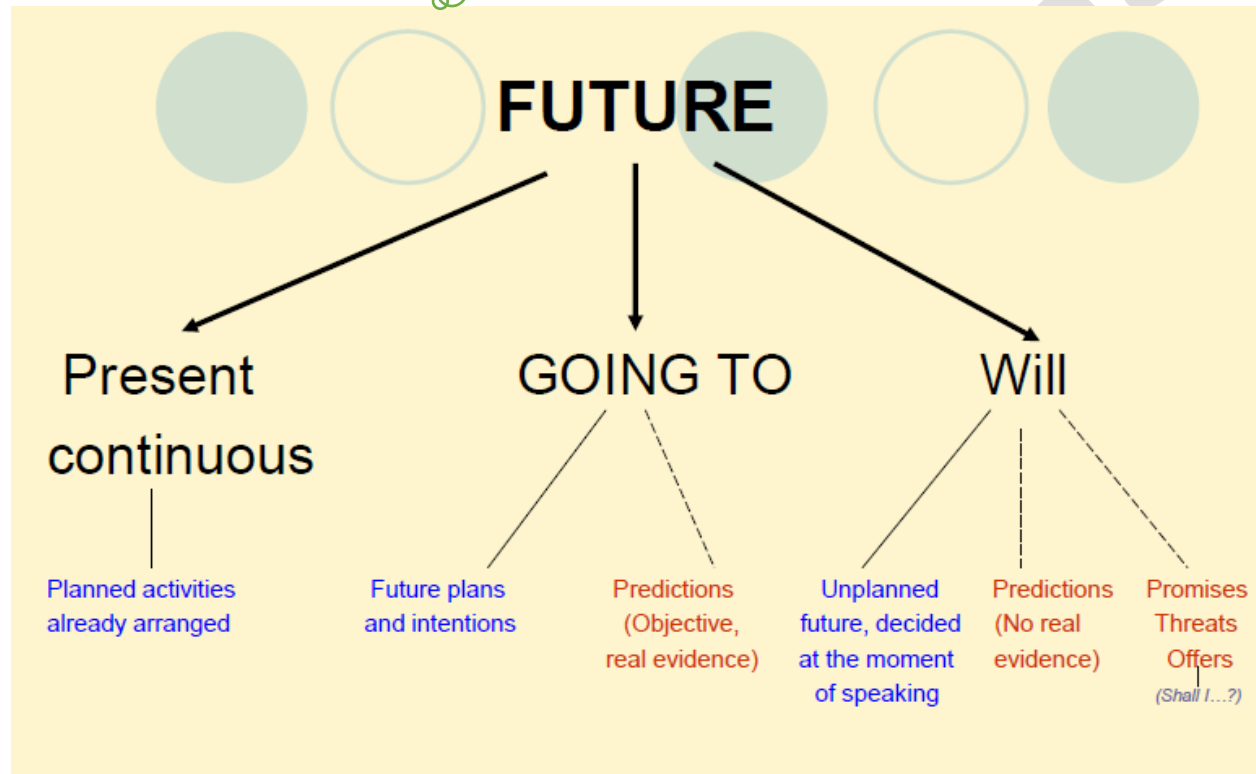
Master





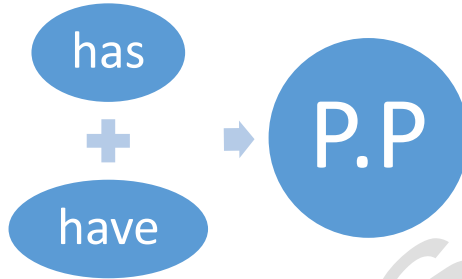
### Grammar Unit 4

will – going to –  
Present Continuous





The present perfect  
tense المضارع التام



PRESENT PERFECT NEGATIVE					
Singular	I	have	not	(haven't)	played walked said done seen studied talked
	you	have		(haven't)	
	he she it	has		(hasn't)	
Plural	you we they	have		(haven't)	





## Activity 11

### A. Complete the sentences with the verbs in The Present Perfect tense.

1. She  (buy) a new dress.

2. He  (drink) a glass of milk.

3. They  (cook) dinner.

4. They  (play) chess with me.

5. Saud  (clean) the house.

6. My parents  (visit) my grandparents.

7. We  (wash) our hair.

8. Fatima  (study) a lot for the test.

9. Emily  (swim) in the sea.

10. Osama  (live) in Muscat for a long time.

11. Karl and Sue  (pay) for the dinner.





12. I  (have) my breakfast before coming here.

13.  you  (begin) to solve the exercise?

14.  Peter  (say) anything wrong?

15 Paul  (see) her for a long time.

16. You  (be) here for me.

17. Ahmed  (wear) glasses for a long time.

18. My cousins  (do) a good job.

19. I  (carry) that heavy bag by myself.

20. Julia and I  (meet) Mr Brown yet.

21. They  (understand) the explanation.

22. My neighbours  (know) about it by the newspapers.

23. Helen  (drive) a taxi yet.

24. He  (read) many books since he arrived.

25. We  (send) an email.





since VS for

**SINCE**

**OR**

**FOR**

- \_\_\_\_\_ January
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10 years
- \_\_\_\_\_ Monday
- \_\_\_\_\_ 12 noon
- \_\_\_\_\_ I got up
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5 minutes
- \_\_\_\_\_ a long time ago
- \_\_\_\_\_ four days

- \_\_\_\_\_ 6:00
- \_\_\_\_\_ Wednesday
- \_\_\_\_\_ a month
- \_\_\_\_\_ two days ago
- \_\_\_\_\_ November 1
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2004
- \_\_\_\_\_ an hour
- \_\_\_\_\_ I was young

source: <http://www.myshard.ru/slide/1305276/>

**WORD Counter.net**  
Every Word Counts





## Activity 12

**Exercises: for and since - time.**



last Sunday.



ten years.



2019.



he was seven.



many hours.



Christmas.



eight o'clock.



a long time



a week



my birthday.





## Activity 13

### *For and since in sentences.*



We have played golf  two hours.



I've wanted to be a vet  I was ten.



They have been friends  a long time.



She hasn't drunk  we got there.



Lots of things have happened  then.



I have lived in Spain  ten years.



My parents need the van  two days.



I've known her  she was born.



We have been busy  morning.



He has worked here  seven years.





## Activity 14

Choose the correct answer: **already, since, for, yet, or just**

1. A: I have  seen this movie twice. I like it.

B: Yes, they say it's an interesting story, but I haven't seen it .

2. A: I haven't seen John  Sunday. He just disappeared.

B: I have  met him at the hospital. I was there a few moments ago. He hasn't been feeling well  the farewell party we had on Saturday.

3. Khalid and Huda have been married  twelve years.

4. They have lived in the same house  they got married.

5. I haven't told anyone  about my decision. Please, keep it secret.

6. I am worried about my son. He hasn't come home .

7. My brother bought a house last month, but he hasn't renovated it .





## Comparative VS Superlative

المقارنة والتفضيل

# Comparatives & Superlatives



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**Comparative Adjectives**

nice	nicer	nicest
heavy	heavier	heaviest
old	older	oldest
young	younger	youngest
small	smaller	smallest
big	bigger	biggest
good	better	best
hot	hotter	hottest
long	longer	longest

**Comparative Adjectives**

nice	nicer	nicest
heavy	heavier	heaviest
old	older	oldest
young	younger	youngest
small	smaller	smallest

ink saving Eco





# IRREGULAR COMPARATIVE & SUPERLATIVE

ADJECTIVE

COMPARATIVE

SUPERLATIVE

BAD

WORSE

THE WORST

GOOD

BETTER

THE BEST

FAR

FARTHER

THE FARTHEST

LITTLE

LESS

THE LEAST

MUCH

MANY

A LOT OF

MORE

THE MOST





## Activity 15

***write the correct forms.***

Bikes are  than cars.

January is  than June.

My sister is  than my brother.

Sue is  at English than me.

Hares are  than tortoises.

My shirt is  than hers.

Alan's eyes are  than Peter's.

Mount Everest is  than K2.

Football is  than tennis.

Paula's hair is  than Martha's.

My girlfriend is  than Rose.

Elephants are  than giraffes.





## Grammar Resources

[https://www.englisch-hilfen.de/en/exercises\\_list/alle\\_grammar.htm](https://www.englisch-hilfen.de/en/exercises_list/alle_grammar.htm)

<https://www.e-grammar.org>

<https://agendaweb.org/grammar>

<https://www.englishgrammar.org>

<https://learnenglish.britishcouncil.org>

<https://www.studyandexam.com>

<https://elt.oup.com>

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