Affirmative - Negative - Question

Choose the correct option:

- 1. They play / plays tennis.
- 2. Do / Does you go to dance classes?
- 3. He swim / swims well.
- 4. Do / Does the girl sing English songs?
- 5. Marcos and Lucas don't live / doesn't live English.
- 6. She watch / watches TV.
- 7.1 don't eat / doesn't eat ice cream.
- 8. Do / Does Jennifer run fast?

- 9. They play / plays play tennis every day.
- 10. Marco don't watch / doesn't watch sport on TV.
- 11. He do / does his homework in the morning.
- 12. I live / lives in Russia.



Simple Present

	Choose the right option for each s	entence.
1. Bryan	peanuts and walnuts.	
a) eat	b) eats	
2. Julia	_ her cat.	
a) feed	b) feeds	
3. I p	hotos of all the places I go.	
a) take	b) takes	_ &
4. They	_ vegetables in their farm.	
a) grow	b) grows	11-1
5. A rabbit	in a burrow.	
a) live	b) lives	A STANKING
6. Everybod	y the importance of being cle	zan.
a) know	b) knows	
7. I th	nree sisters.	
a) have	b) has	
8. My son	too much milk.	6 2 2 3
a) drink	b) drinks	
9. We	up early in the morning.	
a) wake	b) wakes	
10. My aunt	a uniform as she is a police!	٥٥
a) wear	b) wears	



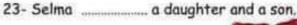


			A
24- T	he baby	milk every morning.	Con ?
a)	eats	c) drinks	7
b)	drink	d) cook	3
24- I	a ve	ery beautiful house.	
a)	has	c) am	
b)	have	d) having	T W
25- 0	rhan is a pilot.	He planes.	(97
a)	flys	c) fly	an.
b)	flyes	d) flies	•••
26-Se	mih always	flowers to Hale.	
They	each	other. 📆 🕏	(Fin
a)	give / love	Ba	1
b)	gives / love		
c)	gives / loves	7	76
d)	give / loves	66	9
27-Th	ese are farm (animals.Theyin th	ne farm.
a)	doesn't lives	c) lives	1
b)	don't live	d) live	
28- It	usually	in autumn.	millan
a)	gets very hot	c) rains	1
b)	snows	d) snow	1
29- M	ert is a vegeto	arian.He eats me	eat.
a)	never o	c) always	1
b)	usually	d) sometimes	E P
30- I	a	every morning.	M
a)	wash my hair		

b) wash my face

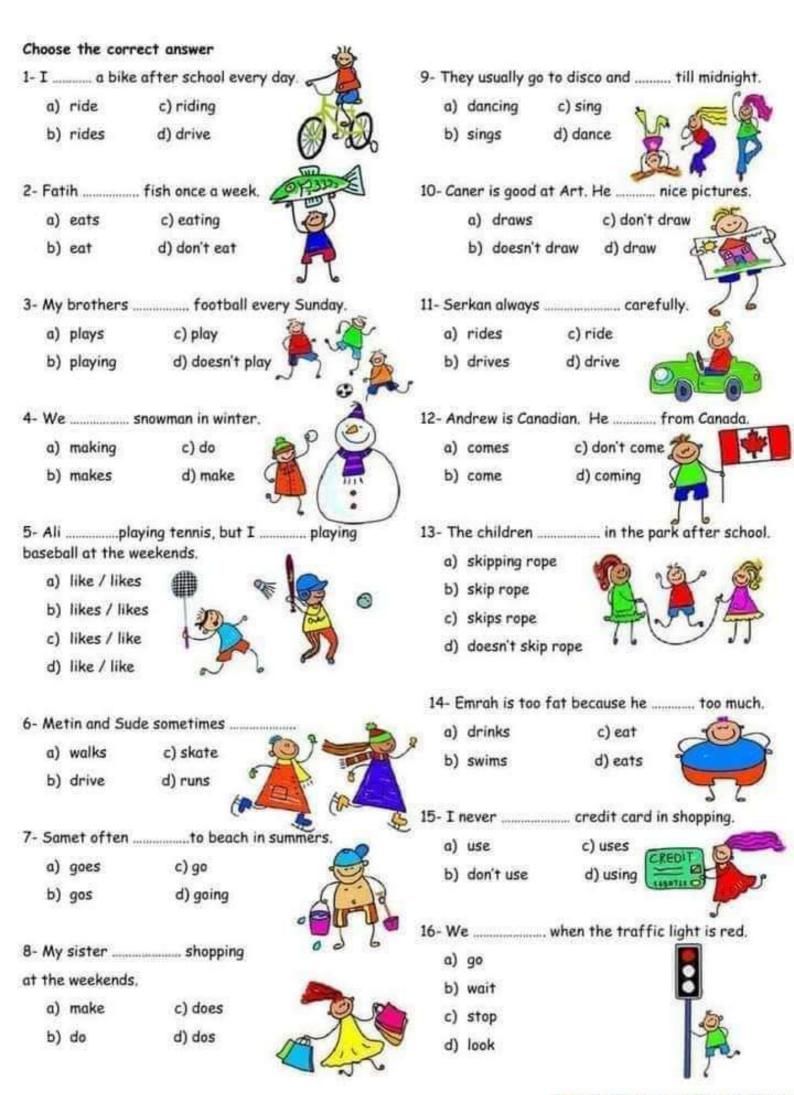
c) comb my hair

d) brush my teeth



- a) has
- c) haves
- b) have
- d) is





Add -s or -es to the verb:

1.	See	
2.	Take	
3.	Brush	
4.	Kiss	
5.	Call	
6.	Give	
7.	Play	
8.	Study	
9.	Watch	
10.	Help	
11.	Cut	
12.	Cry	
13.	Swim	
14.	Wake	
15.	Teach	
16.	Lose	
17.	Teach	
18.	Buy	
19.	pass	
20.	come	

Present Simple Tense

- 1- Mum ---- (play) volleyball at the beach.
- 2- Mum and Dad ---- (play) volleyball together.
- 3- Dad ---- (cook) on Sundays.
- 4- Grandma ---- (cook) everyday.
- 5- My sister always ---- (make) her bed.
- 6- My sister and I ---- (watch) TV.
- 7- I sometimes ---- (make) my bed.
- 8- My parents ---- (go) to the market.
- 9- My brother ---- (read) a lot of comics.
- 10- Grandpa ---- (help) Grandma in the kitchen.
- 11- My cousins ---- (live) in France.
- 12- My aunt ---- (paint) lovely portaits.
- 13- Lucy's cousins ---- (buy) candies everyday.
- 14- Lucy's brother ---- (eat) lots of fruit.
- 15- My family and I ---- (have) lunch at 2pm.
- 16- My sister ---- (have) lunch at school.







What do they do?







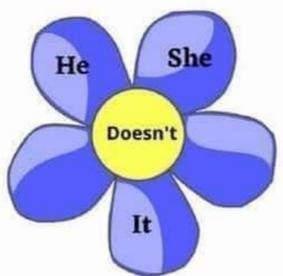












I play the guitar on Mondays.

Youlisten to music on Tuesdays.

She..... cook on Sundays.

He watch TV on Mondays.

It go to the park.

They play games.

We read books on Saturdays.

George draw on Tuesdays

Marie go to the park on Fridays.

George and I play games on Wednesdays.

I use a computer.

You play an instrument on Thursday.

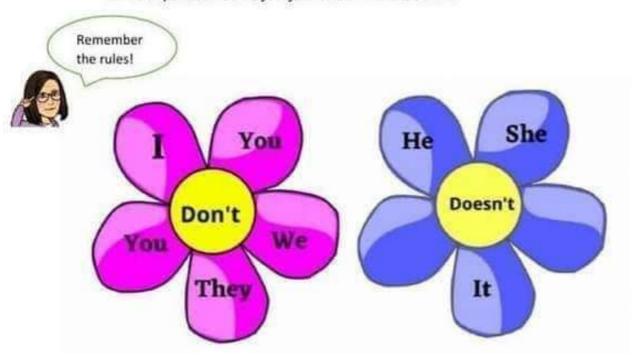
Luis and Grace listen to music.

My dog swim.

I ride a bike on Sundays.

Simple Present Tense.

1- Complete what Molly says. Use don't or doesn't.



- a- I don't get up at 8 o'clock.
- b- My friends......take the bus to school.
- c- My mum.....have lunch at home.
- d- Lessons.....start at ten o'clock.
- e- My father.....have breakfast at home.
- f- Iwatch T.V. at school.
- g- My mum.....read magazines in bed.
- h- My parents.....play computer games.
- i- We.....go to the park on Sundays.
- j- My dogsleep in my bedroom.
- k- My friend Raviplay the violin.
- I- My mum.....have a shower in the morning.
- m- Ibrush my teeth at school.

A\ The sun doesn't rise from the west. (not, rise) B\ Jordan doesn't lie in Europe . (not , lie) C\ They don't eat fish every day. (not, eat) D\ We don't play tennis every day. (not , play) صيغة السوال: Question form verb (infinitive)? he , she , it , singular noun Does Do we , you , they , I , plural nouns verb (infinitive)? الجواب: Answer Yes, does. No , doesn't . Or No don't . Yes do . Or A\ Does he go to school every day? (go) Yes . he does . B\ Do they always drink coffee ? (drink) No, they don't. ملاحظات هامة : // يصرف الفعل (have) في جملة المضارع البسيط المثبتة الى (has) للمفرد و (have) للجمع والضمير (ا) كما يصرف الفعل (be) إلى (is, am, are) حسب فاعل الجملة مثل: A\ He has three brothers . (have) B\ We have red car . (have) C\ I am a teacher. (be) D\ He is a fat boy. (be) E\ We are skillful football players . (be) 2/ أحياتا تستخدم am not , aren't , isn't في جملة المضارع البسيط المنفية مثل: A\ Ali isn't good at cooking . (not , be) B\ I am not a carpenter . (not , be) C\ They aren't very friendly . (not , be) 3/ أحياتا تستخدم Is . Am . Are في جملة السؤال في المضارع البسيط بدلا من Does . Do مثل : A\ Is he a teacher ? (be) Yes, he is. الأستاذ عمر الموسى B\ Are you students ? (be) Yes, we are. C\ Am | clever ? (be) Yes, you are.

2\ Positive form: سيغة الأثبات

We, You, They, I, Plural nouns

+ verb (infinitive مجرد)

Examples:

A\ We always go to school . (go)

C\ They rarely visit me . (visit)

B\I sometimes eat fish. (eat)

D\ The children drink milk every day . (drink)

B\ Water freezes at zero Co. (freeze)

D\ Plants need water and sun . (need)

الاستخدام / الوظيفة اللغوية: Function Use /

المحقانق الطبيعية (العلمية) : For natural facts

A\ Water boils at 100 C°. (boil)

C\ Water consists of Hydrogen and Dxygen . (consist)

E\ The sun is bigger than the moon . (be)

اللعقات : 2\ For habits

A\ He usually watches TV. (watch)

C\ Fatima frequently brushes her teeth. (brush)

E\ We always drink Pepsi . (drink)

B\ She sometimes carries rubbish . (carry)

D\ They scarcely ever wear sandals . (wear)

اللزوتين اليومي : Tor daily routine

Ali gets (get) up at four o'clock in the morning . He takes (take) shower . He goes (go) to pray .

He has (have) breakfast at six o'clock . He goes (go) to work by bus . He finishes (finish) work at 6 pm .

4\ For permanent situations : (حقيقة عامة) الدانمة ال

A\ My brother lives in Sudan . (live)

B\ Ali speaks English . (speak)

C\ I work as a teacher. (work)

D\ They are from China. (be)

E\ My sister drives a bicycle . (drive)

اللمواعيد : 5\ For schedules

A\ The movie stars at 5:00 pm . (start)

C\ The train arrives at 10:00 am. (arrive)

B\ Our plane leaves at 8:00 pm . (leave)

D\ My son turns 2 years old this July . (turn)

6\ With state verbs : مع الأفعال الثابتة

like , love , hate , prefer , need , want , wish , think , remember , forget , know , believe see , hear , smell , taste , feel , seem , have , own , belong , possess , cost

A\ He loves his family. (love)

B\ I hate crowded places . (hate)

C\ That house seems empty. (seem)

D\ We need a lot of money to buy a house. (need)

صنغة النفى: Negative form

He , She , It , Singular noun	+ doesn't	+ verb (infinitive)
We , You , They , I , Plural nouns	+ don't	+ verb (infinitive)

الدرس الأول : Lesson one

Present simple : المضارع البسيط

الكلمات الداله : Key words

		Column Co	THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE		
always	دانما	rarely	ثادرا	hourly	كل ساعة
usually	عادة	seldom	ثادرا	daily	يوميا
sometimes	أحياتا	hardly ever	تادرا جدا	weekly	اسبوعيا
often	غالبا	scarcely ever	تادرا جدا	monthly	شهريا
never	ايدا	periodically	دوريا	yearly	سنويا
every	كل	constantly	باستعرار	ance	مره
each	کل	continually	باستمر ار	twice	مرتين
normally	عادة	repeatedly	بتكرار	all the time	كل الوقت
regularly	باتتظام	frequently	بتكرار	every now and then	بين الفينة والأخرى
generally	عموما	occasionally	من هين لأخر	8.	

القاعدة: The rule

الاثبات: Positive form

He , She , It , Singular noun + verb + (es , ies , s)

ملاحظات

/ يضاف للفعل (es) اذا انتهى بحرف (a,ch,sh,x,s) مثل:

يعبر cross : crosses يخلط mix : mixes يضاهد watch : watches يثناهد و watch : watches

2/ يضاف للفعل (ies) اذا انتهى بحرف ال (y) الغير مسبوق بحرف عله وحروف العله هي (a,e,i,o,u) مثل:

study : studies يطير fly : flies يدرس try : tries يحاول play : plays عدر buy : buy : buys يستمتع enjoy : enjoys

(es) او (ies) مثل: او (ies) مثل:

الأستاذ عمر الموسى

وعلا: eat : eats يأكل drink : drinks يشرب sleep : sleeps يأكل sing : sings

Examples:

A\ He always goes to school . (go)

B\ She sometimes carries a bag on her back . (carry)

C\ Ali drinks grange juice every day. (drink)

D\ Fatima plays tennis each week . (play)

E\ It rains heavily in my town . (rain)

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Lifestyle and Family

Italians are often described as warm and friendly people. Strong traditional ties bind families together, although Italian family dynamics vary from region to region. Normally, northern Italians are a little more reserved than southern Italians. Most parents want to know where their child is going when he/she leaves the house. Italians are not very punctual. Italians are happy and easygoing, always ready to have fun or to laugh at a good joke. They place great importance on friendship and loyalty and are usually very willing to help others, even if this means going out of their way. Selfishness and strong individualism are frowned upon. It is common to offer to share whatever you are eating. It is considered rude if you eat something in front of others without offering. Italians are passionate in the way they communicate: they talk aloud and use lots of gesturing and emphatic facial expressions.

Teen Life and Sports

Because schools in Italy do not organise many <u>extracurricular</u> activities, students usually organise their own free time. Young people can generally stay out until late on Saturday night and, if the family is more liberal, perhaps one or two other nights during the week. Young people tend to live at home until they get married. Teens do not usually have part-time jobs.

Questions

1	How did the author describe the Italians?
	(Mention three aspects)
	warm and friendly, not very punctual, passionate
2	How are the northern Italians different from the southern? They are more reserved.
3	With the help of your dictionary, give the root of the underlined words in the passage above:
	• selfishness: self • passionate: passion • gesturing: gesture • extracurricular: curriculum
4	Find words in the passage that mean: a body movements
	b strong and definite in expression or action. passionate

Speaking

- A 1 Mention a
 - 2 Write abo sentences The pass they talk expressiv 3 Write any
 - 3 Write any teens and Similariti Difference get marr They don
- The following the sentences
 - You can count
 Sue: You ca
 Stacy: Sue, ca
 the do
 - Stacy: Thanks Stacy: We ne
 - sue: I think
 Sue: Sure. I
 calend
- Surf the inte between thos south Italy:

In the nor little skim as Italians

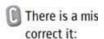


Write a short own country:

> In my cou people dor and fewer don't shar often eat themselve

Grammar

Read the sentences below and circle the correct answer:



- Tony live v
- 2 Jenny talk









To The max 2 Answe...



0	Fill	in	the	missing	parts	in the	columns	with	the	right	word
	Soi	me	box	es may r	ot hav	e a wo	ord.			*//	/o %

Noun	Verb	Adjective
guidance	guide	X
reinforcement	reinforce	reinforced
legalisation	legalise	legal
respect	respect	respectful
value	value	valuable / valued

One word is not

Read the clues to fill in the crossword:

Across

- 2 a religious or social custom that forbids certain actions
- 4 great, deep and complete
- 5 strong, effective and usually quick
- 6 a certain way of clothing or dressing

Down

- the act of giving up something in order to achieve something else
- 3 the act of guiding other people
- 7 allowed by law
- 8 formal clothing

					1	17					3 G
				² T	Α	В	0	0			U
					С				n.		Ű
				4 p	R	0	F	0	U	N	D
					U						Α
	0				F			8 A			N
⁵ D	R	A	9	T	E	C		Ŧ			С
					С		6	Ť	Υ	7 L	E
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have much nily. ws. I've just



Vocabulary

Match each definition in A with its word in B. One word is not needed:

A	В
1. lose something for the sake of somebody (c)	a. legal
2. protect too much (d)	b. profoundly
3. greatly; extremely (b)	c. sacrifice
4. become aware of somebody (f)	d. overprotective
5. allowed by law (a)	e. drastic
	f. perceive

0	Give the	opposite	for the	following	words fr	om the	
-		The Italia					ok:

1	legal	= illegal
2	classic	= recent
3	conservative	= liberal
4	immediate (family)	= extended
5	single	= married

Use the opposites in B to fill in the blanks:

1	Driving a car without a	driving licence i	s <u>illegal</u>				
2	Since Jack has been	married	, he never				
	has any time for his friends.						
3	I'm surprised your family lets you do that. They are ver						
œ.							

4 I haven't seen my aunt in two years. I don't have much contact with my ______ family.

5 Have you heard the <u>recent</u> news. I've just passed my exams!







Noun
guidance
reinforceme
legalisation
respect
value

Read the clue

٦٠/٤ religic reat, c

5 strong, effect

6 a certain w

Down

- the act of gi something e
- 3 the act of gi
- 7 allowed by
- 8 formal cloth

5D R A

Reading

Read the following passage, then answer the questions:

Lifestyle and Family

Italians are often described as warm and friendly people. Strong traditional ties bind families together, although Italian family dynamics vary from region to region. Normally, northern Italians are a little more reserved than southern Italians. Most parents want to leave where their shill is going when he/she leaves the

Speaking

1 Mention a

2 Write aborsentences
The pass
they talk
expressive

Write any teens and



9

To The max 2 Answe...



Speaking

questions:



lly people. Strong

gh Italian family

northern Italians

ns. Most parents

he/she leaves the

s are happy and

h at a good joke.

d loyalty and are means going out

lism are frowned

you are eating. It

of others without

ey communicate:

emphatic facial

ny extracurricular

free time. Young

Mention a negative point about the Italians.

They are not very punctual.

Write about the Italian passion in no more than three sentences.

The passion of Italians comes out in they way they talk. They often talk a lot and they are very expressive with their hands and body.

Write any similarities or differences between the Italian teens and the teens in your country.

Similarities: They stay up late.
Differences: They live with their parents until they get married.
They don't have jobs.

B The following conversation is not in the right order. Number the sentences properly to show the right order:

You can count on me!

Sue: You can always count on me. 6
Stacy: Sue, can you drive Jane and me to

the doctor on Monday? 1

Stacy: Thanks, you are a good friend.

Stacy: We need a ride very badly, are you sure you will be able

to help out? 3

Sue: I think so. 4

Sue: Sure. I will mark it on my calendar so that I don't forget. 2

Surf the internet and find out what the differences are between those who live in north Italy and those who live in south Italy:

In the north of Italy, people are wealthier, they are little skinned and not as traditional and religious as Italians in the south.



Write a short paragraph about 'Lifestyle and Family' in your own country:

In my country, family values are being lost. Many people don't marry anymore and people have fewer and fewer children. People are very individual: they don't share rooms, televisions or phones and they often eat alone. Teenagers often prefer to live by themselves.

turday night and, two other nights ome until they get

bs.

assionate

the southern?

ot of the

<u>passion</u> lar: <u>curr</u>iculum



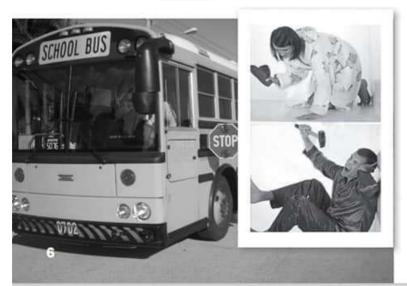


Grammar

- Read the sentences below and circle the correct answer:
 - 1 The cake, I eat/am eating/tastes/is tasting delicious!
 - 2 That man who is sitting/sits on the sofa next to Jill is owning/ owns the Days Inn Hotel.
 - 3 I don't understand/am not understanding what you say/are saying. Could you speak more slowly?
 - 4 Jim doesn't seem/is not seeming so far away from us.
 - 5 Mary is wanting/wants her daughter Dana to grow up and stop acting like a child.



- Fill in the blanks with the verb in brackets.
 - 1 Riley lives (live) in Germany.
 - 2 Raymond je looking (look) for a job in America.
 - 3 The computer and the phone __make_ (make) it faster and easier to communicate.
 - 4 Dana <u>is actually coming</u> (actually come) from Italy to see me this summer.
 - 5 We <u>talk</u> (talk) on the phone every day, sometimes for hours.
 - 6 Listen! Our neighbours are arguing (argue) again.
 - 7 You <u>always complain</u> (always complain) about everything.
 - 8 My school bus <u>arrives</u> (arrive) at 7.00 a.m. every morning.



- There is a mistak correct it:
 - Tony live with
 - 2 Jenny talking
 - 3 My mother no
 - 4 Are you go to
 - 5 Sam and his b





- Use the words in sentences.
 - 1 (not, like)
 - 2 How many lar
 - 3 Where (you, li
 - 4 What (you, do
 - 5 | (not, believe
 - 6 He (not, wear
 - 7 He often (trav
 - 8 David is in Par
 - 9 A: What (you,B: I'm a teach
 - 10 How (you, spe
 - 11 Listen! Someo
 - 12 He sometimes
 - 13 A: What (you, B: It's a tuna s
 - 14 Don't leave, p







To The max 2 Answe...



ect answer: felicious!

t to Jill is owning/

what you say/are

ay from us. I to grow up and



erica.

nake) it faster and

) from Italy to see

ay, sometimes for

ue) again.
about everything.
m. every morning.



There is a mistake in each of the sentences below. Find it and correct it:

- 1 Tony live with his sister. lives
- 2 Jenny talking on the phone at the moment. Jis
- 3 My mother not like sports. does
- 4 Are you go to the gym every day? Do
- 5 Sam and his brother writing an e-mail to their dad. are





- Use the words in brackets to complete each of the following sentences.
 - 1 I (not, like) don't like business.
 - 2 How many languages (you, speak) can/do you speak?
 - 3 Where (you, live) do you live ?
 - 4 What (you, do) are you doing at the moment?
 - 5 I (not, believe) do not believe that you are a millionaire.
 - 6 He (not, wear) is not wearing a tie today.
 - 7 He often (travel) <u>travels</u> abroad on business.
 - B David is in Paris this week. He (stay) is staving at the Hilton.
 - 9 A: What (you, do) __do_you do _?
 - B: I'm a teacher.
 - 10 How (you, spend) do you spend your free time?
 - 11 Listen! Someone (talk) is talking behind the door.
 - 12 He sometimes (visit) _____ us when he is in London.
 - 13 A: What (you, eat) are you eating?
 - B: It's a tuna sandwich. I love it.
 - 14 Don't leave, please. I (come) am comina in a while.







Lamily

[] Fill in the mi Some boxes

7.18 legalisation respect value

Vocabulary

Match each definition in A with its word in B. One word is not needed:

A	В
1. lose something for the sake of somebody (c)	a. legal
2. protect too much (d)	b. profoundly
3. greatly; extremely (b)	c. sacrifice
4. become aware of somebody (f)	d. overprotective
5. allowed by law (a)	e. drastic
	f. perceive

B Give the opposite for the following words from the

1	legal	= illeaal
2	classic	= recent
3	conservative	= liberal
4	immediate (family)	= extended
5	single	=

1 Driving a car without a driving licence is illegal

passage The Italian Family Today in the student's book:

Use the opposites in B to fill in the blanks:

2	Since Jack has been	married	, he never
	has any time for his frie	nds.	
3	I'm surprised your famil	ly lets you do th	nat. They are very
	liberal		
4	I haven't seen my aunt	in two years. I	don't have much
	contact with my		family



5 Have you heard the

passed my exams!



recent



6 a certain v

Read the clue Across 2 a religious 4 great, deep 5 strong, effe

- Down 1 the act of g something
- 3 the act of g
- 7 allowed by
- 8 formal clot

Reading

Speaking









To The max 2 Answe...



Useful Expressions

in bold.
ountry.
c infinitive
(e a difference in

c infinitive olve the mystery. c infinitive e red cars parked

c infinitive vorld was perfect. c infinitive millionaire. c infinitive re every day was

c infinitive refused to come

c infinitive



words between

irive ? (drive) ne but I'd rather

na my mind.

co change his

What made you

being

don't remember

1	Eugene	has	а	friend	visiting	from	America.	They	are
							asks her to		
	her family to her. How would Eugene respond?								

My name is Eugene and I am the fourth of eibrothers and sisters.

7./V

2 Rita's friends at school want to get to know her more. They have asked her about her brothers and sisters and how old they are. What would she say?

I have two sisters. One is older than me and the other is younger.

3 Ron wants to get to know his friend. So he asks him to talk about himself. What will he say?

Lam from Gweden and Lam an only child.

Write a question for the answer given:

1	Who is that in the picture			
	This is my grandma in the picture.			
2	Do you have any brothers or sisters			
	I don't have any brothers or sisters.			
3	What does your mother do			
	My mother is a nurse.			
4	Do you have a big family			
	My family is not big.			
5	Are you the oldest or youngest.			

