





Final Revision Grade 4

Write one letter from the box in each space.

a-water	b- Ghaf	c-desert	d-
			leaves
e- roots	f- deep	g- quickly	
	<u></u>	g quionig	
All living thi	nas need	It is diffic	cult for plants to
_	_		rt is very dry, but some
			plant istree.
plante de gi		opoolal accord	plant ioniminated
Ghaf trees o	an live with v	ery little water	for a very long
	earev		ioi a very long
		•	p as 30 metres. Here
		•	oil. When rain falls, the
	_	_	•
roots or the	tree drink up	the water very.	•••••
*******	tree arink up	**************************************	************
*******	*******	********	**************************************
*********	*******	********	************
a-camouflag	**************************************	********	************
*******	**************************************	ter from the bo	**************************************
**************************************	e b-hide	ter from the bo	**************************************
**************************************	write one let b-hide f-blend	c-different	**************************************
a-camouflag e- bark	write one let b-hide f-blend is a good way for a	c-different smallanimal to	tin each space. d- butterfly

camouflage. Its body is the colour ofbrown and green. Its long body, legs and antennae

in perfectly with tinybranches and leaves.

Write one letter from the box in each space.

a-deserts b-water c-food d-hump e-fat

Camels liveinthe of Africa, Asia and Australia. They carry peopleandthings across the desert. Before travelling across the desert, a camel eats a lot of food and drinks a lot of The food is stored as fatintheon the camel's back. As the camel crosses the desert, it uses the fat in its hump as food and water. A camel can live for a week or more without drinking water! At the beginning of the trip, the camel's hump is big and............ At the end of the trip, its hump is much smaller.

Complete the text with the words in the box.

colour hide brown summer fur

Many animals use different types of camouflage to _______^{(1)} from other animals who want to eat them. Some, like the Arctic fox, have _______^{(2)} that is the same colour as the snow in the winter, so that no one can see them.

In the ______ (3) the Arctic fox's fur changes to _____ (4) so it is the same _____ (5) as tree bark and the earth.



Read the text and choose a title for each paragraph

The '	titles
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A. Lunch at scho	ı inbrazii
3. Lunch at scho	l inUAE
C. UAE food and	rink
D. Brazil food an	drink
	O called A shalling
1. My name	Question1 the title
lunch at s	

Paragraph 1

Adeeb al Baloushi is a twelve-year-old inventor from Dubai. He started inventing when he was nine.

Paragraph 2:

First he helped his father with a new kind of artificial leg.

Paragraph 3:

Then he decided to help his mother. It was hard for her to reach under the sofa to clean. Adeeb built a robot to do the job. It took him just one day. The robot is very small so it can go to places that are hard for a person to reach. It has a brush, a motor and batteries.

Paragraph 4:

When Adeeb's mother went into the living room, she was surprised that Adeeb was sitting on the sofa. She looked under the sofa and it was clean. Adeeb showed her the robot. Now no one had to clean the floor, because the robot could do it for them.

Paragraph 5:

Adeeb is a member of the Arab Robotics Association. Adeeb is still inventing. He hopes he will make many other new things that will help people.

Write the letters (A-F) in the blanks.

Hello! My name's Saif. We're learning the Al Ayyalah routine. It is a very old routine and an important tradition in the UAE. National Day is celebrated in the UAE and in many other countries too. The Al Ayyalah routine is part of the celebrations. People love watching it.

Our teacher,Mr Mohamed showed us how to do the movement. We are moving right and left. We are practicing together. We are having a lot of fun. My teacher's playing the drum. The students move to the sound of the drum, too. When my teacher taps the drum quickly, the students move quickly. When he taps the drum slowly, the students move slowly.

Learning the Al Ayyalah routine is fun, but it's also difficult. We have to practice a lot. My friends want to move really well. We want our Al Ayyalah routine to be perfect.

- 6. AlAyyalahroutineisaveryoldfoodtraditionin theUAE.
- 7. National Dayiscelebrated in the UAE and in many other countries too.
- 8. Theteachershowedthemhowtodothe movement.
- 9. Whentheteachertapsthedrumquickly, the students moves lowly.
- 10. Saif thinks that it's fun but not easy to doAl Ayyalahroutine

T	F
T	F
T	F
T	F
T	F

I love camping. My family and I went on a special camping trip to the desert. It was the first time that I camped in the desert. It was cloudy. I was happy because I don't like sunny days. We parked the SUV under some trees. My father made a big camp fire. There was a lot of food to eat and we were very hungry. There was a barbecue and my mother cooked delicious food.

There were many people camping. We played with my ball around the qhaf trees and we flew the kites. I saw many animals like camels and scorpions. My brother was excited but my sister was scared of the animal noises at night. We were very happy to all be together and it was a fantastictrip.

- 6. They went camping in thedesert.
- 7. He was happy because I likes sunnydays.
- 8. There was a barbecue and the father cooked the food.
- 9. They played with my ball around the qhaf trees.
- 10. His brother was excited but his sister enjoyed the animal noises atnight.

T	F
T	F
T	F
T	F
Т	F

People celebrate Eid- Alfir in UAE, India and many other countries. In Indonesia, parents give children a small amount of money. People go to shopping malls and buy new clothes, shoes and lots of food. In Egypt, on the first day of Eid Al Fitr, people visit their families. They also go to the cinema, parks orbeaches.

People eat special pancakes for Eid Al Fitr inMorocco. Breakfast is a very big meal and people drink mint tea. In Afghanistan, men meet in the park with hard-boiled eggs and play a game. They try to break each other's eggs. People go to parks and fly kites.

6. In Indonesia, parents give children a small amount of honey.	T	F
7. people visit their families on the first day of Eid Al Fitrin Egypt.	T	F
8. In Morocco people make special pancakes for Eid AlFitr Breakfast.	T	F
9. people drink mint tea inAfghanistan.	T	F
10. People go to parks and fly kites in Afghanistan.	T	F

Read and circle the correct answers

Redd dild ellete life collect dilsweis			
1. What is a good title for this text?			
A. Parentscelebrations	B. Campingtrip	C. Eid Al Fitrcelebratins	
3. How many countries are described in the text?			
A. 2 B. 3 C. 4			

My name is Renad. I am 11 years old. Last year, my school celebrated the National Day of the United Arab Emirates. My friends and I were very excited and I went to school early so I could help the teachers. There were so many things to do at school! We drank camel milk and ate dates and listened to stories about how the Bedouin used camels to travel across thedesert.

We painted our hands with henna and my teacher showed us how to make a basket using palm tree leaves. It was a lot of fun and I felt very proud when she told the class that my basket was the best! My mother loves the basket and uses it in the kitchen every day.

- 6. Renad in twelve yearsold.
- 7. She celebrated the National Day of UAE at school.
- 8. She went to school early so I could help the teachers.
- 9. The henna is a kind offood.
- 10. Her basket was made of palm treeleaves.

T	F
Т	F
Т	F
T	F
T	F

The Sahara Desert is the largest hot desert on Earth. It is very hot there and temperatures can reach as high as 57 degrees centigrade. The Sahara Desert is in northern Africa and it covers 12 different countries.

The Sonoran Desert is in North America. Like all other deserts, it is a dry place, but there are a few heavy rainfalls in the summer and in the winter, and it is wetter than the Atacama Desert. The saguaro cactus plant, the tallest cactus on Earth, grows in the Sonoran Desert. A saguaro cactus can grow as tall as a six-stored building.

The Gobi Desert is in Asia. It is called a 'cold desert' because in the winter it is very cold and very windy. But in the summer, the Gobi Desert can get veryhot.

- 6. The Sahara Desert is hot and covers 12 different countries.
- 7. The Sonoran Desert never getsrain.
- 8. The Sonoran Desert is hotter than the AtacamaDesert.
- 9. the tallest cactus on Earth is the saguaro cactus.
- 10. the Gobi Desert is is very cold in winter and can get very hot in thesummer.

T	F
T	F
T	F
T	F
T	F

Read the following Text and answer the questions

There are 24 different kinds of rattlesnake and each kind looks different, some are green, others are brown or black. Some kinds of rattlesnake live in the Sonoran Desert in North America, but other kinds live onmountains and in forests. Rattlesnakes have a poisonous bite, which they use to quickly kill the small animals they eat, such as mice, rabbits,

lizards and frogs. All rattlesnakes have a rattle at the end of their tail, and they shake it to tell other animals to not come near. They do this because they are afraid thatsome animals, such as coyotes and hawks, will eat them.

- 1. Where do rattlesnakeslive?
 - a) only in theforest,
 - b) Just in thedesert.
 - c) In different parts of theword.
- 2. What does quicklymeans?
 - a) Slowly
 - b) notfast
 - c) veryfast
- 3. what does the rattlesnakes have at the end of their tail?
 - a) aspine
 - b) rattle
 - c) aroundfeet.
- 4. Why do they shake the rattle on their tails?
 - a) to hunt
 - b) because they want tosleep

c) because they arescared

Read the text and answer the questions

Some animals change the colour of their fur in winter. Why do you think they do that? During the warm months, an Arctic fox has brown fur. Its brown colour matches the brown soil and grasses of the Arctic land where the fox lives. In winter, the Arctic land is covered with snow. When the cold weather begins, the Arctic foxgrows a coat of white fur. This camouflage helps the Arctic fox hide from hungry polar bears and wolves!

- 1. Why does the Arctic fox change its colour?
 - a) to find itsfood.
 - b) to hide from the dangerousanimals.
 - c) tosleep
- 2. What is the colour of the Arctic fox during the wormmonths?
 - a) brown
 - b) white
 - c) green
- 3. What are the animals that eat the Arcticfox?
 - a) just thewolves
 - b) only polarbears
 - c) polar bears andwolves
- 4. What does *meal*last linemean?
 - a) The outside part of a tree orbranch
 - b) Mix two things together so they become onething.
 - c) Food, for example lunch ordinner