

Unit 9

Big and small

Vocabulary words:

Like يحب	Tiny صغير	Wheels عجلات	Technology تكنولوجيا
Dislike يكره	Empty فارغ	Planet كواكب	Hospitals مستشفيات
Tale حكاية	Library مكتبة	Mars مريخ	Shows يوضح/عروض
Village قرية	Noisy ضوضاء	Ocean محيط	Hold يمسك
countryside ريف	Quiet هادئ	Dangerous خطر	Spaces مساحات
Country بلد	Scary مرعب/مخيف	Fall down يسقط	Designed صمم
City مدينة	boring ممل	Burning محروق	Size حجم
Friendly ودود	measure يقيس	light ضوء	Information معلومة
tools أدوات	reach يصل	patient مريض	Brain دماغ/مخ
helper مساعد	Wheelchair كرسي بعجل/كرسي متحرك	Turn on يشغل	Artificial صناعي
sofa كنب	brush فرشاة	motor محرك	member عضو
Arab robotics association جمعية الروبوتات العربية	hedgehog قنفذ	container حاوية	Asian elephant فيل اسيوي
Dart frog ضفدع	Mouse lemur فأر الليمور	Hungry جعان	shake يهز
Break يكسر	pond بركة	Earplugs سدادات أذن	fed يطعم
Loaf of	syrup شراب	Fit يناسب	lie يرقد

bread رغيف خبز			
grass عشب	lonely وحيد	Snowstorm عاصفة ثلجية	Dug يحفر
Baby ox صغير الطور	Exclaimed هتف	Wrestling مصارعة	Axe فأس
chop يقطع	logger حطاب	Forest غابة	team فريق
dragged يجر	Curvy river نهر منحنى	Floated يطفو	Stuck محشور
Pulled يسحب/يجر	straight مستقيم	Unstuck غير محشور	Bee hummingbird نحلة طائر الطنان
Straw ماصة/قشة			

City&town&village

City is bigger than town.

Town is bigger than village.

City is bigger than village.

Inventor: a person who is the first to make something.

Sofa: something you sit on.

Reach: be able to get to.

Clean: not dirty.

Surprised: to think something is unusual.

Big = (very big/huge/large/enormous/gigantic/massive/giant).

Small = (very small/tiny/teeny-weeny).

Future simple tense

المستقبل البسيط

+ الفعل في المصدر بدون أي اضافات

will

يتكون من:

I **will** buy this book.

I **will** go to school tomorrow.

I **will** visit my uncle.

عن ماذا تعبر؟

تعبر عن أي شيء سيحدث في المستقبل عموماً

النفى:

بما أن **will** فعل مساعد

بعدها

not

فنضيف

Will not

I **will not** (won't) visit my grand ma tomorrow.

في بداية الجملة وننهي الجملة
بوضع علامة الاستفهام

السؤال: نضع **will**

Will you visit your grand ma tomorrow?

Yes, I will (I'll).

No, I will not. (won't)

Comparative adjectives

صفات المقارنة

تستخدم للمقارنة بين شيئين متماثلين في الصفة او تميز شيء عن شيء اخر او تميز فرد او شيء من الكل

للتمييز بين شيئين او شخصين مشتركين في نفس الصفة:

as الصفة as

Ahmed is as smart as Ali.

Ola is as beautiful as Asmaa.

Asmaa is as beautiful as Ola.

للتمييز بين شيء عن اخر نضيف للصفة:

(-----er + than)

Ahmed is **smarter than** Khaled.

Ola is **taller than** Asmaa.

للتمييز بين شيء من كل او فرد من مجموعة:

(the الصفة + est)

Ahmed is **the smartest** student in the class.

Ola is **the tallest** girl in her family.

سنلاحظ ان هناك ثلاث حالات أساسية للمقارنات:

3 cases

(as الصفة as)

(er + than الصفة)

(the الصفة + est)

هذه القاعدة بالنسبة للصفات القصيرة ماعدا قاعده

(as الصفة as)

للصفات الطويلة والقصيرة

ملحوظه: الصفات التي تنتهي ب

(I) يقب الى (y) happy, angry

Happyy happier than the happiest

الصفات القصيرة التي لديها حرف متحرك واقعة بين حرفين ساكنين نضعف الحرف الأخير مثل

Big bigger than the biggest

Hot hotter than the hottest

اما بالنسبة للصفات الطويلة او التي لديها أكثر من مقطع مثل
(difficult / beautiful / expensive)

للمقارنة بين شيئين او شخصين:

(more الصفة than)

Ola is **more beautiful than** Walaa.

The shirt is **more expensive than** the dress.

نستخدم **More than** للمقارنة بين شيئين او شخصين او العدد:

Sally has **more** balls **than** Marwa.

نستخدم **The most** مقارنة بين اكثر من شيئين او شخصين:

Salma has **the most** balls of all.

للمقارنة بين شيء من كل او شخص من مجموعه للصفات الطويلة

(the most + الصفة)

The shirt is **the most expensive** shirt in the shop.

Ola is **the most beautiful** girl in the class.

نستخدم **Few** للمقارنة بين شيئين يمكن عدّها مثل **balls**

نستخدم **Less** للمقارنة بين الأشياء الغير معدودة مثل **Juice**

Comparing two:

Rania has **fewer** balls **than** Salma

Marwa has **less** juice **than** Salma

Comparing more than two:

Elham has **the fewest** balls.

Jody has **the least** juice.

More than	the most
Less than	the least
Fewer than	the fewest

والصفات الشاذة (لا ينطبق عليها القاعدة) مثل:

Good better **than** **the best**

Bad worse **than** **the worst**

Ola is **as good as** Asmaa.

Ola is **better than** Walaa.

Ola is **the best** student in the class.

Ahmed is **as bad as** Ali.

Ahmed is **worse than** Khaled.

Ahmed is **the worst** student in the class.

عند مقارنة الأرقام فإننا نستخدم: **More than / less than**

50 is **more than** 40.

40 is **less than** 50.

و عند السؤال نستخدم **Which**

Which is more, 32 or 38?

38 is more than 32.

Which is less, 65 or 56?

56 is less than 65.

أسئلة تطبيقية للقاعدة:

1- Ahmed is-----than Ali.
(old, older , the oldest)

2- Sara is as ----- as Ola.
(good, better, the best)

3- Sahara desert is the----- desert in the world.
(large , largest , larger).

4- Ola is -----than Sara.
(beautiful , beautifuller , more beautiful)

5- It was -----day of my life.
(happiest , the happier , the happiest)

Sequencing language (التسلسل الزمني)

:first.....,then.....,next.....,finally

Where do you live? In a city or in a small town?

I live in a city.

Or

I live in a town.

What do you like about your city? What good things about a big city?

My city is good, because there are museums, cinemas, shops, parks and cafés. You can also see different people.

What things don't you like about your city?

Things I don't like about my city that It's very crowd and noisy.

What do you like about your town?

I like my town, because there is more space, fresh air, less traffic and there is not many people.

What don't you like about your town?

I do not like my town; because there is not cinema and café.

Do you go to a big school or a small school?

I go to a small school in the countryside where I live.

Can you tell me about your school?

My school is not very big. There are only 40 children there. We have two teachers and two classrooms. We have small playground.

What do like about your school?

I like it, because it is really friendly and quiet. There are old children and young children all together in the same

classrooms, so the older ones can help the younger ones. At my school, everyone knows everyone else.

What is the best thing about your school?

The best thing about my school, that the teachers knows me very well and everyone likes me

Is there anything you do not like?

The only problem is that the playground is very small .There is not much space to play football and run.

Do you go to a big school or a small school?

I go to a very big school in the town where I live.

Can you tell me about your school please?

My school is very big .There are more than 800 children at my school, so you can choose lots of different children to make friends with.it has many classrooms and teachers.

What is the best thing about your school?

We have a very big playground, so there is lots of space to run around and we have got things like a swimming pool, a football playground and a really big hall.

Is there anything you do not like about your school?

Only that it can be very noisy sometimes, when we all are in the playground at the same time and very crowd.

Write a paragraph about an invention you want to invent to help people:

What would you like to be in the future?

I would like to be an inventor.

What would you like to invent?

I would like to invent robots.

Why do you like to invent robots?

I like to invent robots to help people everywhere and to make their work and life easy.

How will your robot move? Will it have wheels or legs? Will it fly or swim?

My robot will have wings, it can fly everywhere and it can reach to small places where people can't reach.

What will your robot look like?

I will invent a tiny flying robot; the size of bee .I will call it a Robobee.

What will the robot be made of?

It will be made of light metal with wings, light and a camera.

What do you think your Robobee can do?

It can go to small places where bigger robots can't go.

What other things can robots do in general?

They can take photos.

They can measure things.

They can collect things to study.

They can look for old ships on the ocean floor.

They can go into dangerous places to search for people.

They can send information to the people outside by camera.

They can help doctors in hospitals.

They can help people who are old or in wheelchairs.

What can robots in general do that's different from people?

In hospitals, robots help doctors. The robot arms hold tiny tools and lights .they can reach places that doctor's hands can't reach.

They also can go into dangerous places where people can't go, like burning buildings or buildings that have fallen down.

What can the robots do that is the same as people?

The robot can understand some words. They can walk, climb stairs, turn on the light, open doors and carry things.

Do you think robots are useful invention or useless?

Robots are very useful invention for everyone.

Audio script

L 1 p 148 (learner book):

I'm going to talk to two children from two schools which are different sizes.

Hi Rashid, can you tell me about your school?

Yes, I live in a small village in the countryside. My school is not very big. There are only 41 children there. We have two teachers and two classrooms.

What do you like about it?

I like it, because it is really friendly. There are old children and young children all together in the same classrooms so the older ones can help the younger ones. At my school, everyone knows everyone else.

Is there anything you don't like?

The only problem is that the playground is tiny .There is not much space to play football

Thanks Rashid.

Now I'm going to talk to Tariq.

Can you tell me about your school please?

Hello, I'm Tariq. I go to a very big school in the town where I live. There are more than 800 children at my school.so you can choose lots of different children to make friends with.

What else is good about it?

We have got an enormous playground, so there is lots of space to run around and we have got things like a swimming pool, a football pitch and a really big hall .small schools don't have things like that

Is there anything you do not like?

Only that it can be very noisy sometimes, when we all are having our lunch at the same time and when children start school, when they are only five years old, a big school can be quite scary.

Thanks for giving me your opinion Rashid and Tariq.

L 2 p 150 (learner book):

I'm watching a film in our big TV .I like watching films with my family on a big screen. My grandma ca hear very well, so we put in subtitles, so she can read the wards. You can't see subtitles on a little screen. I like watching films with my friends too. We can watch and eat popcorn at the same time.

I am watching a film on my phone .I love watching films on a small screen, because I can watch them by myself. I can watch the film that I like best .if you have a small screen you can take it with you and watch films in the car, in your bedroom anywhere. You can't do that with a big screen.

L 5 p 153(learner book):

Adeeb Al Baloushi is a twelve years old inventor from Dubai. he started inventing when he was nine. First, he helped his father with a new kind of artificial leg. Then, he decided to help his mother. It was hard for her to reach under the sofa to clean. Adeeb built a robot to do the job. It took him just one day. The robot is very small. So it can reach to places that are hard for a person to reach. It has a brush, a motor and batteries. When Adeeb's mother went into the living room, she was surprised that Adeeb was sitting on the sofa. She looked under the sofa and it was clean .Adeeb showed her the robot. Now, no one had to clean the floor because the robot could do it for them. Adeeb is a member of the Arab robotics association (جمعية الروبوتات العربية). Adeeb is still inventing. He hopes he will make many other new things that will help people.

L 12 p 113 (activity book):

1) A giraffe is a taller than an elephant, but is it also heavier?

No, a giraffe is tall and thin.it only weighs one thousand kilograms.

How much does an elephant weigh?

It weighs four thousands kilograms.

Woouoow that's a lot.

How about a hippo?

A hippo looks very heavy. Is a hippo heavier than an elephant?

No, a hippo weighs a lot but, it's not as heavier as elephant.

2) This report was invented in Japan as a report to help around the house. It looks like a child in a space suit.

Does it roll on wheels?

No, it doesn't. It has two legs it uses its legs to walk and climb stairs. It can even dance.

Can it fly well?

I Don't think so. It doesn't have wings.

3) I'm thinking of a secret number, it's between one and twenty.

Is it more than twelve?

Yes, it is.

Is it less than sixteen?

No, it is not.

Is it less than eighteen?

No, it is not.

I know what the secret number is. Mom do you know what the secret number is?

No, I'm afraid I don't. Can you help me?

Ok, let's do it again for mom. Listen carefully, mom.

Is it more than twelve?

Yes, it is.

Is it less than sixteen?

No, it is not.

Is it less than eighteen?

No, it is not.

Have you got it this time mom?

Yes, I think I know the secret number now.

Sal