المواضيع المطلوبة في الامتحان				
English Word Arabic Meaning Example Sentence				
	Envir	onment البيئة		
sustainable	مستدام	We need sustainable solutions to protect the planet.		
Initiative	مبادرة	The school started an initiative to reduce plastic waste.		
Renewable	متجدد	Solar energy is a type of renewable resource.		
Eco-triengly    صديق للبينة		She always buys eco-friendly cleaning products.		
Climate change	تغير المناخ	Climate change is causing more extreme weather.		
الوقود الأحفوري		Burning fossil fuels increases air pollution.		
Global الاحتباس الحراري warming		Global warming affects polar bears' natural habitat.		
	Anir	nals الحيوانات		
habitat	موطن طبيعي	Forests are the natural habitat of many wild animals.		
تعداد السكان / عدد الحيوانات		The panda population is slowly increasing.		
extinct منقرض		Dinosaurs have been extinct for millions of years.		

المواضيع المطلوبة في الامتحان					
English Word Arabic Meaning Example Sentence					
species	نوع / فصیلة	Tigers are an endangered species.			
threatened	مهدد بالانقراض	Many marine species are threatened by pollution.			
preserve	يحافظ على / يصون	We must preserve wildlife for future generations.			
hunting	الصيد	Illegal hunting is a major threat to elephants.			
المهن الاعمال Jobs					
employees الموظفون employees.					
ambitious طموح		She is an ambitious young engineer.			
social life	الحياة الاجتماعية	He struggles to balance work and social life.			
viral	ral شائع بسرعة / منتشر Her dance video went viral o				
long-term goal	هدف طويل الأجل	Becoming a doctor is his long-term goal.			
روية روية		The CEO shared his vision for the company's future.			

Choose the correct word to complete each sentence.

1.	To fight climate change, we need more sources of energy. a) extinct b) ambitious c) renewable d) fossil	:
2.	The new recycling has reduced waste in the community.  a) habitat  b) initiative  c) hunting  d) vision	
3.	This detergent is and safe for the environment.  a) eco-friendly b) viral c) ambitious d) threatened	
4.	Polar bears are because of melting ice in the Arct a) employees b) extinct c) threatened d) viral	ic.
5.	The oil company hires thousands of every year.  a) social lives  b) employees  c) species  d) goals	
6.	That video of the dancing cat went last night.  a) extinct  b) viral  c) preserve  d) eco-friendly	

7.	We must take action to the rainforest and its wildlife.  a) preserve b) threaten c) employ d) change
8.	The dodo bird is a well-known example of an species. a) renewable b) ambitious c) extinct d) social
9.	Solar and wind energy are considered resources.  a) threatened b) fossil c) renewable d) viral
10	. He's very and hopes to become a CEO one day. a) threatened b) ambitious c) extinct d) fossil
11	. Overpopulation can damage the natural of animals. a) initiative b) habitat c) employee d) climate
12	. My long-term is to open my own business. a) hunting b) population c) vision d) goal

13.	Many people find it difficult to balance work and				
;	a) eco-friendliness				
	) social life				
(	) initiative				
(	) employees				
14.	Using increases greenhouse gas emissions.				
i	) fossil fuels				
	) habitats				
(	) species				
(	) renewables				
15.	Scientists warn us that is a serious global issue.				
	) hunting				
	) population				
(	) global warming				
(	) social life				

## **Answer Key**

- 1. c) renewable
- 2. b) initiative
- 3. a) eco-friendly
- 4. c) threatened
- 5. b) employees
- 6. b) viral
- 7. a) preserve
- 8. c) extinct
- 9. c) renewable
- 10. b) ambitious
- 11. b) habitat
- 12. d) goal
- 13. b) social life
- 14. a) fossil fuels
- 15. c) global warming

\_\_\_\_\_

### Reading Text: "A Greener Future"

In recent decades, the world has faced growing environmental challenges that threaten the health of our planet and its inhabitants. One of the most urgent issues is climate change, largely caused by the burning of fossil fuels. These non-renewable energy sources, such as coal, oil, and gas, release greenhouse gases into the atmosphere, leading to global warming. The rising temperatures are not only melting polar ice caps but also affecting natural habitats around the world.

Many species are now classified as threatened or endangered. For example, the orangutan's forest habitat is rapidly disappearing due to deforestation and illegal hunting. If this trend continues, some species may become extinct within a few decades. In response, environmental organizations have launched initiatives to preserve biodiversity and protect ecosystems. These include setting up national parks, regulating hunting, and educating the public about eco-friendly habits.

Renewable energy has become a major part of the solution. Solar panels, wind turbines, and hydroelectric dams offer sustainable alternatives to fossil fuels. While these options are not yet available everywhere, many ambitious governments and companies are investing heavily in green technology. Their long-term goal is to reduce dependence on fossil fuels and transition to a carbon-neutral economy.

The shift toward sustainability has also created new job opportunities. Green jobs now exist in various fields—from solar panel installation to environmental education. Employees in these sectors often report a strong sense of purpose, knowing their work contributes to the planet's wellbeing. This new economic direction is supported by a growing population of young professionals who value social life, environmental responsibility, and innovation.

Despite progress, much work remains. Governments must continue to enforce environmental laws, companies need to reduce waste, and individuals must adopt greener habits. Only through a collective vision can we build a future where humans and wildlife coexist in harmony.

### **Comprehension Questions**

### Choose the best answer for each question.

- 1. What is the main cause of climate change mentioned in the text?
  - a) Deforestation
  - b) Hunting
  - c) Use of fossil fuels
  - d) Overpopulation
- 2. What consequence of global warming is mentioned in the article?
  - a) Decrease in employment
  - b) Melting of polar ice caps
  - c) Increase in social life
  - d) Improvement of habitats
- 3. Why are some animal species threatened with extinction?
  - a) Lack of food
  - b) Pollution from factories
  - c) Deforestation and illegal hunting
  - d) Changes in employment
- 4. What is the purpose of environmental initiatives?
  - a) To build new cities
  - b) To preserve biodiversity and protect ecosystems
  - c) To promote hunting
  - d) To increase fossil fuel use
- 5. What are examples of renewable energy mentioned in the text?
  - a) Oil and gas
  - b) Wind and solar power
  - c) Coal and diesel
  - d) Nuclear and plastic waste
- 6. What is described as a "long-term goal" for governments and companies?
  - a) Improving employee benefits
  - b) Protecting forests

- c) Transitioning to a carbon-neutral economy
- d) Reducing social life pressures
- 7. How has the shift to sustainability affected jobs?
  - a) It has caused job losses in all sectors.
  - b) It created new green jobs with meaningful purposes.
  - c) It increased the demand for oil workers.
  - d) It reduced employment in education.
- 8. According to the text, who supports this new direction in the economy?
  - a) Retired workers
  - b) People who dislike innovation
  - c) Young professionals valuing environmental responsibility
  - d) Hunters and fossil fuel users
- 9. What does the text suggest individuals must do to help the planet?
  - a) Avoid working in green jobs
  - b) Use more energy at home
  - c) Adopt greener habits
  - d) Depend on companies only
- 10. What tone does the author use in the final paragraph?
  - a) Humorous and sarcastic
  - b) Pessimistic and negative
  - c) Hopeful but realistic
  - d) Angry and urgent

### **Answer Key**

- 1. c) Use of fossil fuels
- 2. b) Melting of polar ice caps
- 3. c) Deforestation and illegal hunting
- 4. b) To preserve biodiversity and protect ecosystems
- 5. b) Wind and solar power
- 6. c) Transitioning to a carbon-neutral economy
- 7. b) It created new green jobs with meaningful purposes
- 8. c) Young professionals valuing environmental responsibility
- 9. c) Adopt greener habits
- 10. c) Hopeful but realistic

#### Reading Text: "Protecting the Wild"

Around the globe, thousands of animal species are facing the threat of extinction. Scientists warn that we are in the middle of a sixth mass extinction—caused not by natural events, but by human activities. The destruction of habitats, climate change, pollution, and illegal hunting are pushing many creatures to the edge of survival.

Forests, wetlands, and oceans are disappearing at alarming rates. As cities expand and industries grow, animals lose their natural homes, or *habitats*. Without a safe place to live, eat, and reproduce, their populations decline rapidly. For example, the tiger, once spread across Asia, now survives in only a few isolated areas. Its numbers have fallen due to deforestation and poaching.

Another major concern is climate change. As global temperatures rise, the natural balance of many ecosystems is disrupted. Polar bears are struggling to find ice to hunt on, sea turtles lose their nesting beaches, and coral reefs—home to thousands of marine species—are bleaching and dying.

Despite these challenges, there is still hope. Environmental organizations and scientists are working hard to preserve endangered species. Protected areas like national parks and wildlife reserves give animals a safe place to live. Laws against illegal hunting and trading have been strengthened in many countries. Additionally, education and awareness campaigns encourage people to adopt more ecofriendly lifestyles.

Technology is also playing a role in conservation. GPS tracking helps researchers monitor animals in the wild, drones are used to stop poachers, and genetic science is being explored to bring back extinct species or protect existing ones from disease.

Protecting animals is not just about saving beautiful creatures—it's about maintaining biodiversity, which is essential for the health of the planet. Each species plays a role in its ecosystem, and the loss of one can impact many others. Humans are part of this system, and by protecting animals, we are also protecting ourselves.

### **Comprehension Questions**

Choose the best answer.

- 1. What is the main cause of the current mass extinction according to the text?
  - a) Natural disasters
  - b) Evolution
  - c) Human activities
  - d) Animal diseases
- 2. Why are many animals losing their habitats?
  - a) Because of more predators
  - b) Due to expanding cities and industries
  - c) Because they migrate too often
  - d) Due to improved farming
- 3. What happened to the tiger population?
  - a) It increased in some countries
  - b) It went viral on social media
  - c) It decreased due to deforestation and poaching
  - d) It was preserved through hunting
- 4. What is coral bleaching a result of?
  - a) Overfishing
  - b) Pollution from plastic
  - c) Climate change and rising sea temperatures
  - d) Lack of sunlight
- 5. What is one benefit of protected areas like national parks?
  - a) They allow hunting of rare animals
  - b) They create new species

- c) They give animals a safe place to live
- d) They help animals adapt to cities
- 6. How does technology help conservation?
  - a) By replacing animals with robots
  - b) By letting tourists track animals
  - c) By helping monitor and protect animals
  - d) By improving fossil fuel efficiency
- 7. What is the purpose of awareness campaigns?
  - a) To entertain people
  - b) To sell animal products
  - c) To make people more eco-friendly
  - d) To teach hunting skills
- 8. What does the word "biodiversity" mean in the context of the text?
  - a) A way of growing food
  - b) The variety of living species in an ecosystem
  - c) The number of trees in a forest
  - d) The size of animal populations
- 9. What could happen if one species goes extinct?
  - a) It could be replaced easily
  - b) It may have no effect at all
  - c) It might affect the whole ecosystem
  - d) Other animals will increase
- 10. What is the author's main message?
  - a) Animals should be used for food and clothes
  - b) Conservation is a waste of time
  - c) Humans should protect animals to protect the planet
  - d) We need to stop using technology

## **Answer Key**

- 1.c) Human activities
- 2.b) Due to expanding cities and industries
- 3.c) It decreased due to deforestation and poaching
- 4.c) Climate change and rising sea temperatures
- 5.c) They give animals a safe place to live
- 6.c) By helping monitor and protect animals
- 7.c) To make people more eco-friendly
- 8.b) The variety of living species in an ecosystem
- 9.c) It might affect the whole ecosystem
- 10. c) Humans should protect animals to protect the planet

### Reading Text: "The Changing World of Work"

In the past, many people chose a job based only on salary or stability. Today, however, the world of work is rapidly changing. Employees now consider many other factors before accepting a position. They think about work-life balance, environmental impact, long-term goals, and how meaningful the job is.

A growing number of young professionals are choosing careers that match their personal values. They want more than just a paycheck—they want a job that makes a difference. For instance, green jobs are becoming increasingly popular. These include positions in renewable energy, environmental conservation, and sustainable development. People who work in these fields often feel they are helping to protect the planet, which gives them a strong sense of purpose.

In today's workplace, being ambitious does not only mean wanting a high salary or a big title. It can also mean having a vision for the future, aiming to improve society, or building a company with eco-friendly goals. Many young entrepreneurs are starting businesses that support sustainability, digital learning, or clean technology. Their long-term goals often include making a positive impact on both people and the environment.

Another major change in the job market is the importance of social life and mental health. During the COVID-19 pandemic, millions of people began working from home. As a result, companies started to focus more on employee well-being. Many organizations now offer flexible working hours, mental health support, and activities that help employees connect socially, even in digital spaces.

Technology is also reshaping how people work. Remote jobs, online platforms, and artificial intelligence are replacing some traditional roles, but they are also creating new ones. The most successful employees today are flexible, curious, and willing to learn new skills.

In conclusion, the modern job market offers exciting opportunities, especially for those who care about more than just money. With the right combination of ambition, purpose, and adaptability, today's professionals can build careers that are both successful and meaningful.

#### Choose the best answer.

- 1. According to the text, what do many modern employees consider when choosing a job?
  - a) Only the salary
  - b) Company size
  - c) Values, work-life balance, and impact
  - d) The distance from home
- 2. What is a key characteristic of green jobs?
  - a) They pay more than tech jobs
  - b) They are all part-time
  - c) They help protect the environment
  - d) They don't require education
- 3. How is the word ambitious described in the modern workplace?
  - a) Wanting to work fewer hours
  - b) Only wanting a promotion
  - c) Wanting to contribute to society or start something meaningful
  - d) Avoiding technology

- 4. What do long-term goals often include for young professionals today?
  - a) Becoming famous
  - b) Earning money quickly
  - c) Making a positive difference
  - d) Moving abroad
- 5. What did the COVID-19 pandemic teach companies?
  - a) That employees should work longer hours
  - b) That social media is more important than work
  - c) That employees need mental health support and flexibility
  - d) That home offices are bad for productivity
- 6. What is one way technology is changing the job market?
  - a) It is reducing education levels
  - b) It is removing all physical jobs
  - c) It is creating new job opportunities
  - d) It is ending ambition
- 7. Why do people feel satisfied working in green jobs?
  - a) They work fewer hours
  - b) They are doing something good for the planet
  - c) They get free vacations
  - d) They don't have to learn new skills
- 8. What is one benefit of working in a company that supports social life?
  - a) You don't need to work hard
  - b) You can avoid meetings
  - c) You feel more connected and supported
  - d) You work more overtime

- 9. What skills are important in the modern job market?
  - a) Physical strength and speed
  - b) Flexibility and curiosity
  - c) Silence and patience
  - d) Reading and writing only
- 10. What is the author's main point in the final paragraph?
  - a) Modern jobs are too difficult
  - b) There are few good careers today
  - c) People should not be ambitious
  - d) Modern careers can be both successful and meaningful

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## **Answer Key**

1.	C)	Values,	work-life	balance,	and	impact
	- /	,				

- 2. c) They help protect the environment
- 3. c) Wanting to contribute to society or start something meaningful
- 4. c) Making a positive difference
- 5. c) That employees need mental health support and flexibility
- 6. c) It is creating new job opportunities
- 7. b) They are doing something good for the planet
- 8. c) You feel more connected and supported
- 9. b) Flexibility and curiosity
- d) Modern careers can be both successful and meaningful

### Grammar

<b>1.</b> What I really need right now a short break.
A) is
B) are
C) be
D) was
2. You should earlier if you wanted to catch the bus.
A) leave
B) leaving
C) have left
D) had left

<ul> <li>3. If I had accepted that job, I working abroad now.</li> <li>A) will be</li> <li>B) am</li> <li>C) would be</li> <li>D) would have been</li> </ul>
<ul><li>4. She acts as though she all the answers.</li><li>A) has known</li><li>B) knew</li><li>C) knows</li><li>D) had known</li></ul>
<ul><li>5. I suggest we the meeting until next week.</li><li>A) to postpone</li><li>B) postpone</li><li>C) postponed</li><li>D) postponing</li></ul>
<ul><li>6. The teacher, we all respect, is retiring next month.</li><li>A) that</li><li>B) whom</li><li>C) which</li><li>D) whose</li></ul>

7. I didn't agree with the proposal, I kept my opinion to
myself. A) because
B) even though
C) so
D) although
<b>8.</b> This phone is more reliable the one I used before.
A) as
B) than
C) to
D) from
<b>9.</b> She shouldn't have him like that in front of everyone.
A) criticise
B) criticised
C) criticising
D) criticises
10 Ha's the kind of nargen always helps others even
<b>10.</b> He's the kind of person always helps others, even when he's busy.
A) that
B) which
C) where
D) when

### **Model Answers**

- 1. A) is (cleft sentence with "What...")
- 2. C) have left (past modal: regret or missed opportunity)
- 3. C) would be (mixed conditional: current result of a past action)
- 4. B) knew (subjunctive for unreal present condition)
- 5. B) postpone (suggestion using base verb form)
- 6. **B) whom** (non-defining relative clause)
- 7. **D)** although (expressing contrast)
- 8. B) than (comparative adjective)
- 9. B) criticised (past modal expressing disapproval)
- **A) that** (defining relative clause) 10.

Choose the best answer to complete each sentence.
<b>11.</b> What she said during the meeting everyone by surprise.
A) take
B) took
C) takes
D) taking
<b>12.</b> You shouldn't so much money on something you don't need.
A) spent
B) spending
C) have spent
D) spends

<b>13.</b> If I were in your A) told	place, I	_ her the truth	1.	
B) would tell				
C) will tell				
D) was telling				
<b>14.</b> The novel,	_won severa	ıl awards, is b	ased on a true	e story.
A) which				
B) who				
C) where				
D) what				
				<b>9</b>
<b>15.</b> He asked me w	hether I	_ to join them	for dinner.	
A) want				
B) have wanted				
C) wanted				
D) wants				
<b>16.</b> One of the main	n reasons for	the failure, $\_$	the poor	planning, was
avoidable.				
A) who is B) which was				
C) that was				
D) where was				
D) WHO Was				
<b>17.</b> I think we	book the tic	kets early to a	avoid disappo	intment.
A) will				
B) must				
C) should				
D) can				

<b>18.</b> That was the most disappointing performance I had ever seen.
A) that
B) which
C) what
D) whom
<b>19.</b> I would have helped you if you me earlier.
A) asked
B) ask
C) had asked
D) would ask
<b>20.</b> We were on the point of when the lights went out.
A) finishing
B) to finish
C) finish
D) finished

## **Model Answers (Set 2)**

- 11. **B) took** (cleft sentence with "What")
- 12. **C) have spent** (past modal for disapproval)
- 13. **B) would tell** (second conditional unreal present)
- 14. **A) which** (non-defining relative clause)
- 15. **C) wanted** (reported speech)
- 16. **B) which was** (non-defining relative clause)
- 17. **C) should** (suggestion)
- 18. **A) that** (defining relative clause + superlative)
- 19. **C) had asked** (third conditional)
- 20. **A) finishing** (on the point of + gerund)

## **SAMPLES**

Writing Exam 1: The Environment

Saving Our Planet Starts with Us

	<b>Part</b>	1: (	Opinion	Question
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Part 1: Opinion Question
What is your opinion about the idea that "Saving our planet starts with us"? Write at least two sentences expressing your viewpoint.
Part 2: Plan
Write a plan for an essay on the topic "Saving Our Planet Starts with Us." Please note, this question asks for a plan, not a full essay. You will write the essay in the next question. Write about:
Individual actions to protect the environment.
The role of education and awareness.
<ul> <li>How small efforts (like recycling or using less plastic) can create big change.</li> </ul>

### Part 3: Essay

Write an essay on the topic "Saving Our Planet Starts with Us." Include information about:

- Why personal responsibility is important in environmental protection.
- Simple strategies individuals can adopt to live sustainably.
- The long-term impact of small changes on the planet's health. Write at least 200 words in paragraphs.

#### Inference and Justification:

#### **Small Actions, Big Impact**

Many people believe that only large organizations or governments can solve the environmental crisis. While laws and global policies are important, the truth is that real change often begins at the individual level. Every time a person chooses to recycle, use public transport, reduce energy consumption, or eat more plant-based foods, they contribute to the health of the planet. These small actions, when multiplied by millions of people, create powerful results.

Studies show that individual lifestyle changes—such as using reusable bags, reducing meat consumption, and limiting car travel—can significantly cut carbon emissions. For instance, if every household reduced their energy use by just 10%, it would be the equivalent of removing millions of cars from the roads each year. Additionally, public pressure from individuals has often led companies to change their packaging, adopt greener production methods, and offer more sustainable products.

Education also plays a critical role. When people understand the effects of their choices on the environment, they are more likely to adopt eco-friendly habits. Schools, media, and community programs help spread awareness, inspiring collective responsibility. Young people especially have shown great enthusiasm for climate activism, proving that even those without voting power can influence real change.

While some argue that one person's actions don't matter, this view overlooks the ripple effect. A single environmentally responsible decision can influence others—friends, family, coworkers—and build momentum. Social media also allows individuals to share their habits and motivate thousands of others around the world.

In conclusion, saving our planet does not require heroic actions by a few, but consistent, thoughtful choices by many. Everyone has a role to play,

and when individuals take action, they contribute to a global movement that can protect Earth for future generations.

Inference Question
Does the author believe that individual efforts are essential in solving environmental problems?
Justification Question
Why is your answer to the inference question the best answer? Use
evidence and details from the text to support your answer.
Writing Exam 2: Animals
Endangered Animals Deserve Protection
Part 1: Opinion Question
Do you believe that all endangered animals should be protected, even
if it is expensive? Write at least two sentences expressing your
viewpoint.

### Part 2: Plan

Write a plan for an essay on the topic "Endangered Animals Deserve Protection." Please note, this question asks for a plan, not a full essay. Write about:

- The causes of animal endangerment.
- Reasons to protect endangered species.
- How protecting animals benefits humans and ecosystems.

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### Part 3: Essay

Write an essay on the topic "Endangered Animals Deserve Protection." Include information about:

- The main reasons animals become endangered.
- The importance of biodiversity and balanced ecosystems.
- What people and governments can do to protect species.
   Write at least 200 words in paragraphs.

#### Inference and Justification

The Value of Every Species

In today's world, many species of animals are facing extinction due to human activities such as deforestation, pollution, illegal hunting, and climate change. Some people question whether it is worth investing large amounts of time and money to protect these endangered animals, especially when there are so many human problems to solve. However, scientists, conservationists, and ethicists strongly argue that protecting wildlife is not only a moral duty but a practical necessity.

Animals play critical roles in ecosystems, maintaining balance and supporting life on Earth. For example, bees pollinate plants, which allows humans to grow food. Wolves keep populations of deer in check, which protects forests. Coral reefs, home to thousands of marine species, support the fishing industries that millions of people depend on. When one species disappears, it can cause a chain reaction that affects many others—including humans.

Beyond ecological value, animals hold cultural, educational, and emotional significance. Many people feel a deep connection to animals and believe they deserve respect and protection simply because they are living beings. Zoos, documentaries, and nature parks help educate the public about endangered species, often inspiring action to save them.

Protecting animals also benefits future generations. If species go extinct, they are lost forever—not only in nature but in science, medicine, and culture. Some animals may hold clues to medical breakthroughs or solutions to environmental problems. To let them disappear would be to throw away potential discoveries.

Therefore, efforts to protect endangered animals should be seen not as a luxury, but as a necessary part of a healthy planet. By saving animals, we are also saving ourselves and the future of life on Earth.

Inference Question
Does the author believe protecting endangered animals benefits both animals and people?
Justification Question
Why is your answer to the inference question the best answer? Use
evidence and details from the text to support your answer.
Writing Exam 3: Jobs
Job Satisfaction Is More Important Than Salary
Part 1: Opinion Question
Do you agree that job satisfaction is more important than a high salary? Write at least two sentences expressing your opinion.

#### Part 2: Plan

Write a plan for an essay on the topic "Job Satisfaction Is More Important Than Salary." Please note, this question asks for a plan, not a full essay. Write about:

- The emotional and psychological value of job satisfaction.
- Reasons some people choose high-paying jobs they don't enjoy.

• The long-term effects of doing work you love vs. working only for

money.

### Part 3: Essay

Write an essay on the topic "Job Satisfaction Is More Important Than Salary." Include information about:

- Why feeling satisfied in your job is important for health and motivation.
- Common reasons people choose high-paying but stressful jobs.
- Why people should think about their personal goals and happiness before choosing a job.

Write at least 200 words in paragraphs.

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#### Inference and Justification

Job Satisfaction vs. Salary: What Really Matters?

In choosing a career, people often face a difficult decision: should they choose a job that pays a high salary, or one that brings personal satisfaction? Many assume that a high-paying job leads to a better life. However, recent research and life experience suggest that job satisfaction plays a more important role in long-term happiness, productivity, and health.

People who enjoy their work tend to be more motivated, engaged, and creative. They are more likely to stay in their positions longer, develop strong relationships with colleagues, and maintain better mental health. On the other hand, those who work only for money often suffer from stress, burnout, and a lack of purpose. Even with a big paycheck, they may feel tired, disconnected, or unfulfilled.

Of course, financial stability is important, especially for people who support families or pay off debts. However, job satisfaction doesn't mean choosing low pay—it means finding balance. Some people find rewarding careers in education, healthcare, or the arts, where salaries may be modest but the emotional rewards are high. Others find meaning in roles that make a difference in society or allow for creativity and growth.

Moreover, satisfaction at work can affect every part of life. People who are happy at work often bring that positivity home, while those who are unhappy may carry stress into their personal lives. Over time, this affects relationships, physical health, and overall well-being.

In the end, while money is important, it cannot replace the sense of purpose, joy, and connection that comes from meaningful work. Choosing a career should involve more than just numbers—it should reflect a person's values, goals, and passions.

Inference Question

Does the author believe job satisfaction has a greater impact on life than a high salary?

Justification Question

Why is your answer to the inference question the best answer? Use evidence and details from the text to support your answer.

## **MODEL ANSWERS**

Writing Exam 1: Environment - "Saving Our Planet Starts with Us"

**Part 1: Opinion Question** 

I believe that saving the planet truly begins with our personal choices. Every small action we take—like recycling or conserving water—can make a big difference when millions of people do the same.

Part 2: Essay Plan

Main idea: Individual responsibility is crucial in environmental protection.

**Supporting points:** 

- People can help by recycling, saving energy, and using fewer plastics.
- Education raises awareness and changes behavior.

 Small actions, like turning off lights, can lead to big environmental improvements.

## Part 3: Essay

Saving our planet is a shared responsibility, but it often starts with the individual. While governments and organizations play a big role in environmental policies, everyday people have the power to create real change through simple actions.

One way individuals can help is by making sustainable choices. Recycling, using public transport, and avoiding single-use plastics are easy steps that reduce pollution. Even conserving electricity at home helps decrease energy consumption and lower carbon emissions. If many people commit to these habits, the environmental impact can be enormous.

Education is another key factor. When people understand how their actions affect the planet, they are more likely to adopt eco-friendly lifestyles. Schools and media campaigns can teach children and adults alike about the importance of protecting nature. Awareness leads to action.

Some believe their efforts are too small to matter. But if every person reduced waste and supported green initiatives, we would see major results. We can also influence companies by buying sustainable products and encouraging responsible business practices.

In conclusion, saving our planet is not just the job of governments or large organizations. It begins with each of us taking responsibility for our choices. Together, our individual efforts can create a global movement for a healthier Earth.

#### Part 4: Inference – Model Answer

Yes, the author believes individual efforts are essential in solving environmental problems.

### Part 4: Justification - Model Answer

The author clearly states that "real change often begins at the individual level" and that "small actions, when multiplied by millions of people, create powerful results." This shows that personal choices can lead to large-scale environmental improvements. The text also explains how individuals influence companies and governments, proving that personal responsibility matters.

Writing Exam 2: Animals – "Endangered Animals Deserve Protection"

Part 1: Opinion Question -

Yes, I believe all endangered animals should be protected, even if it costs a lot. These animals are part of our world and have the right to survive, just like humans do.

### Part 2: Essay Plan

Main idea: Endangered animals must be protected for moral and practical reasons.

**Supporting points:** 

- Human actions like deforestation and hunting are the main causes of extinction.
- Each animal plays an important role in ecosystems.
- Protecting animals helps the environment and future generations.

### Part 3: Essay

The extinction of animal species is one of the most serious environmental issues we face today. Many animals are endangered because of human activities, including habitat destruction, pollution, and illegal hunting. Despite the cost, protecting these species is not only an ethical responsibility but also essential for the health of our planet.

Every species plays a unique role in its ecosystem. When one disappears, it can disturb the balance of nature. For example, the loss of bees can affect food production because they pollinate crops. Without predators like wolves, some animal populations grow too large, damaging forests and other habitats. Protecting these animals protects entire ecosystems.

There are also long-term benefits to saving endangered species. Some animals may be useful in scientific research or medicine in the future. Others attract tourists, helping local economies. Beyond that, protecting animals teaches us to care for the Earth and all its living creatures.

Some may argue that human needs come first. But protecting animals doesn't mean ignoring people. In fact, healthy ecosystems provide clean air, water, and food that benefit us all.

In conclusion, endangered animals deserve protection, not just for their sake, but for ours too. The cost of saving them is small compared to the damage we cause by letting them disappear.

#### Part 4: Inference

Yes, the author believes protecting endangered animals benefits both animals and people.

#### **Part 4: Justification**

The author explains that animals help humans by pollinating crops, supporting ecosystems, and even contributing to science and tourism. The line "protecting animals doesn't mean ignoring people... it benefits

us all" clearly shows that saving animals is also good for humans and future generations.

Writing Exam 3: Jobs – "Job Satisfaction Is More Important Than Salary"

## **Part 1: Opinion Question**

I believe job satisfaction is more important than salary. If people enjoy their work, they are happier and more motivated, even if they earn less money.

### Part 2: Essay Plan

Main idea: Enjoying your job leads to a better life than just earning a high income.

### **Supporting points:**

- People who like their work are healthier and more productive.
- High-paying jobs can cause stress and burnout.
- Long-term happiness comes from doing something meaningful, not just making money.

### Part 3: Essay

In today's world, many people choose jobs based on how much money they can earn. While a good salary is important, job satisfaction is often even more valuable. A person who enjoys their work will be more productive, healthier, and happier in the long run.

Job satisfaction brings motivation and purpose. When people find meaning in their work, they wake up excited to start the day. They feel proud of their achievements and build stronger relationships with their colleagues. This leads to a more positive work environment and better performance.

On the other hand, high-paying jobs that are boring or stressful can cause serious problems. People may experience anxiety, exhaustion, or even

depression. Over time, they may lose interest in life outside of work and feel disconnected from what truly matters.

That doesn't mean money is unimportant. Everyone needs enough to live comfortably and support their families. However, if money is the only reason someone works, they are unlikely to feel truly fulfilled. Choosing a career that matches your interests and values is more rewarding.

In conclusion, job satisfaction should be a top priority when choosing a career. While salary is necessary, it cannot replace the joy, meaning, and well-being that come from doing work you love.

#### Part 4: Inference

Yes, the author believes job satisfaction has a greater impact on life than a high salary.

#### **Part 4: Justification**

The author writes that job satisfaction leads to better mental health, stronger relationships, and a more meaningful life, while high-paying jobs can lead to stress and burnout. The sentence "money is important, but it cannot replace the sense of purpose" shows clearly that job satisfaction is more valuable.

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# **TEST SAMPLE**

Part 1 – Opinion Writing (5 marks)

Do you think preserving wildlife habitats is more important than building new homes and roads?
Write at least two full sentences giving your opinion. Use appropriate vocabulary and complex sentence structure.
Part 2 – Essay Planning (5 marks)
Plan an essay in response to this question:
"Should more young people be encouraged to choose careers that support the environment?"
Include:
Your opinion
Three key points
A brief outline of your conclusion

Part 3 - Extended Writing (25 marks)

Instruction: Write around 170 words.

Many people are choosing jobs that help protect animals or reduce climate change. Why do you think this is happening, and how can governments support these choices?

Include points on:

- Education and awareness
- Social media and campaigns

· Long-term goals and sustainability

Part 4 - Inference & Justification (5 marks)

Read the narrative text and answer the questions below.		
"The Turning Point" (300 words)		
Lina always believed she would work in a big office and earn a high salary. That was her plan. But after visiting a coastal town during university, everything changed. She volunteered for a local wildlife group that rescued sea turtles.		
It was not glamorous. She cleaned beaches, lifted heavy crates, and stayed up all night watching for poachers. But it was the first time she felt truly alive. What made the biggest difference wasn't the turtles — it was the people. The children who cried when a turtle was injured. The fishermen who started protecting nests after learning how tourism increased.		
One night, Lina saw a baby turtle crawl safely into the ocean under the moonlight. It was then that she made her decision. "What I want isn't a job in an office," she whispered. "What I want is to create change."		
Now, Lina runs an international program that trains young people to become conservationists. If she had never gone to the beach that summer, her life would have looked very different.		
Q1 – Inference (2 marks): Why did Lina change her mind about her future job?		
Wily and Ema onango nor mina about nor rataro job.		
Q2 – Justification (3 marks):		
Explain your answer using evidence from the text.		

#### Part 5 - MAZE

Read the text and choose the correct word (a, b, or c) to complete each gap.

#### "Sustainable Work"

Today, many people want to work in jobs that are both meaningful and (1).

- a) secure
- b) securely
- c) security

These roles often focus on helping the environment or protecting (2) species.

- a) endangered
- b) endangeredly
- c) endanger

Although these jobs can be less (3) than traditional careers, they offer long-term satisfaction.

- a) profitable
- b) profit
- c) profitably

What really (4) is doing something that helps the planet.

- a) matter
- b) matters
- c) mattered

## Part 6 - MAZE

Read the text and choose the correct word (a, b, or c) to complete each gap.

### "Careers with Impact"

Jobs in climate science and environmental technology are growing. What many young people don't realize is that these jobs are often more (1) than others.

- a) demanding
- b) demand
- c) demanded

If governments had supported green training programs earlier, there (2) be more qualified workers today.

- a) will
- b) would
- c) would have

What we need now is a national initiative that (3) both funding and education.

- a) combining
- b) combines
- c) combine

Although salaries may not match corporate roles, the impact can be (4) greater.

- a) far
- b) most
- c) more

Professionals who work in these roles often report higher job satisfaction than those who do not, (5) the challenges they face.

- a) although
- b) despite
- c) unless

Many students choose this career path after watching viral videos that show (6) animals being rescued.

- a) threatened
- b) threatening
- c) threaten

They realise that the skills they have now (7) have made a difference ten years ago.

- a) will
- b) would
- c) would

The future belongs to those (8) believe in sustainable change.

- a) whom
- b) which
- c) who

### Part 7 – Reading Comprehension

"Why Climate Jobs Are the Future" Read the text and answer the questions.

More young professionals are entering fields like renewable energy, wildlife conservation, and green technology. This shift isn't just about passion — it's about practicality. Climate change has become a major issue affecting agriculture, housing, and public health.

Governments are responding by funding new programs and creating green jobs. For example, in Germany, wind energy has created over 100,000 jobs in the last decade. In Kenya, solar panel installations in rural areas have increased employment for technicians.

What makes these jobs attractive isn't only the salary. Many workers say they feel they are part of something bigger. "I used to work in sales," says Marcus, an environmental engineer. "Now I wake up excited because I know I'm contributing to the planet."

Still, challenges remain. Some green jobs are seasonal. Others require advanced training. Experts suggest improving access to education and offering incentives to companies that hire in the green sector.

Q1: Why are more young professionals entering environmental fields?

- a) To earn higher salaries
- b) To avoid seasonal jobs
- c) To address global problems

Q2: What has Germany done to support green jobs?

- a) Banned fossil fuels
- b) Funded wind energy
- c) Trained farmers

Q3: What job did Marcus do before?

- a) Sales
- b) Teaching
- c) Solar installation

Q4: What is one challenge mentioned in the text?

- a) Low interest in green jobs
- b) Too much funding
- c) Seasonal employment

Q5: What do experts recommend?

- a) Cut salaries in the green sector
- b) Create more sales jobs
- c) Improve education and incentives

Part 8 – Reading Comprehension

"Hope for the Forest"

In 2018, a video of an orangutan trying to fight off a bulldozer went viral. The bulldozer was clearing a forest for palm oil production. The image shocked millions.

The video didn't just show the tragedy — it sparked action. Young people began fundraising to support reforestation. A new generation of activists rose, including Maya, a high school student who created an app to track deforestation in real time.

What followed was a wave of change. Governments promised stronger protections. Companies changed suppliers. The forest wasn't saved overnight, but something had shifted.

Q1: What is the tone of the text?

- a) Hopeless
- b) Cautiously optimistic
- c) Critical

Q2: What inspired Maya to act?

- a) Her teacher's advice
- b) The viral video
- c) A government speech

Q3: What is the main message of the text?

- a) Technology is harmful to nature
- b) One video can cause lasting change
- c) Only governments can protect forests

## Part 9 – Reading Comprehension

## "The Problem with Progress"

In the early 2000s, a small coastal town in Southeast Asia began to grow rapidly. A new highway brought tourists from nearby cities, and with them came restaurants, hotels, and shopping centres. At first, the locals celebrated. Jobs were created, incomes

improved, and for the first time in decades, young people stayed instead of moving away.

But by 2010, the area's rapid growth had begun to affect the environment. The mangrove forests, which had once protected the coastline from flooding, were cut down to build luxury resorts. Fishermen noticed the fish population declining. Sea turtles stopped nesting on the now-busy beaches. "It's ironic," said an older fisherman. "What helped us in the short term is now destroying our future."

Some residents, especially younger ones, began taking action. One woman, a former hotel manager, started an eco-tourism initiative. Her tours teach visitors about local wildlife and how to reduce waste. A group of teenagers launched a campaign to restore the mangroves, planting over 5,000 trees in just two years. Local schools partnered with NGOs to educate children about climate change and sustainable living.

Still, challenges remain. Illegal dumping continues, and some companies resist new environmental regulations. "What we need now," said the mayor, "is a clear vision. It's not just about stopping damage — it's about creating a model for other towns."

The transformation is ongoing. What's clear is that sustainable development is no longer a dream — it's a necessity. And in this town, what once seemed like progress has become a wake-up call.

#### **Questions:**

Q1: What was the initial benefit of building the new highway?

- a) It protected wildlife
- b) It helped young people stay
- c) It stopped illegal dumping

Q2: What is one negative environmental effect mentioned in the text?

- a) Air pollution from factories
- b) Deforestation of mountain forests
- c) Decline in sea turtle nesting

Q3: What was ironic about the town's development?

- a) It created jobs but caused long-term harm
- b) It stopped tourists from coming
- c) It improved fishing but hurt tourism

Q4: How did the former hotel manager respond to the situation?

- a) She opened a resort
- b) She left the town
- c) She created an eco-tourism project

Q5: What role did local teenagers play?

- a) They blocked development
- b) They restored mangrove forests
- c) They built luxury hotels

Q6: What problem still continues in the town?

- a) Lack of tourism
- b) Illegal waste dumping
- c) Overfishing by locals

Q7: What is the mayor's attitude toward the future?

- a) Uninterested
- b) Practical and determined
- c) Negative and fearful

## Part 10 - Reading Comprehension

## "The Animal Who Changed a Career"

For most of her life, Sofia imagined she would be a vet. She loved animals and always got top grades. But something unexpected changed her direction completely — a documentary on endangered species in South America.

The film followed a biologist named Dr. Álvarez, who worked in the rainforest, tracking a rare species of monkey that was nearly extinct. Sofia was fascinated by the fieldwork: the long hikes through the jungle, the use of satellite tracking, and the deep connection between the environment and animal survival.

"What amazed me," she said later, "was how everything was connected. It wasn't just about the monkeys. It was about the people, the forest, the climate, even politics." That weekend, Sofia rewrote her university application and chose environmental science instead of veterinary medicine.

Now in her final year, she's completing a research project on local habitats under threat from urban expansion. Her team is using drones to map green spaces and identify areas where wildlife is struggling. The data is shared with city planners to help them build smarter, greener spaces.

"If I had become a vet," Sofia says, "I would have helped one animal at a time. But with this work, I feel like I'm helping whole ecosystems." Her work shows how inspiration can come from unexpected places — and how one story, one species, or one film can change everything.

## Questions:

Q1: What inspired Sofia to change her career plans?

- a) Her biology teacher's advice
- b) A trip to the rainforest
- c) A documentary about endangered monkeys

Q2: What is one way Sofia's team helps protect habitats?

- a) By protesting against developers
- b) By using drones to collect data
- c) By moving animals to safer places

Q3: What comparison does Sofia make between being a vet and her current work?

- a) Being a vet pays more
- b) Vets work harder than environmental scientists
- c) Her current work has a broader impact

#### **MODEL ANSWERS**

### PART 1 - Opinion Question (5 marks)

I agree that protecting animal habitats is more important than creating new jobs in certain cases. If we destroy the environment for short-term employment, we risk losing species forever, which damages ecosystems and affects future generations. Sustainable jobs should be created instead.

### PART 2 - Essay Plan (5 marks)

Prompt: "Many people believe it is more important to protect animal habitats than to create new jobs. Do you agree or disagree?"

Introduction: Introduce the topic; express agreement with protecting habitats.

Main Point 1: Destroying habitats leads to extinction and climate change.

Main Point 2: Long-term damage affects people, too — food, water, weather.

Main Point 3: Sustainable industries like eco-tourism or conservation create

### jobs.

Conclusion: It's possible to protect the environment and support the economy.

# PART 3 – Extended Essay (25 marks)

In my opinion, protecting animal habitats is more important than creating jobs that harm the environment. While employment is necessary for economic growth, the long-term consequences of destroying habitats can be irreversible.

When natural habitats are lost, species can become endangered or extinct. This loss harms biodiversity and affects ecosystems that humans also depend on. For example, deforestation not only reduces animal populations but also contributes to climate change, leading to more extreme weather and food shortages.

However, it's possible to balance job creation with environmental protection. Governments and businesses should invest in sustainable industries such as renewable energy, conservation, and eco-tourism. These sectors create jobs without damaging nature and often lead to long-term economic stability.

In conclusion, the health of our planet should be a priority. By focusing on sustainable development, we can protect wildlife and ensure people also benefit from safe, long-term employment.

#### PART 4 – Inference + Justification (5 marks)

He refused to leave because he felt a deep responsibility to protect the last elephant and the park's future.

#### **Justification**

The text says the ranger believed protecting the elephant was "his duty" and called it "a symbol of survival." He also told his son, "If I leave now, who will fight for the forest?" This shows he believed his presence was vital for conservation.

#### ART 5 - MAZE Task

- 1. c) growing
- 2. a) which
- 3. b) helped
- 4. c) saved

## PART 6 – MAZE

- 1. a) Although
- 2. c) long-term
- 3. b) had
- 4. c) protected
- 5. b) would
- 6. c) endangered
- 7. a) which
- 8. b) should have

### PART 7

- 1. b) Jobs that help the planet
- 2. c) Wind and solar energy
- 3. a) They reduce environmental damage
- 4. b) Lack of training for green roles
- 5. c) They offer long-term benefits for both people and nature

#### PART 8

- 1. a) Shocked and inspired
- 2. b) He wanted change
- 3. c) Pollution affected everyone

#### PART 9

- 1. b) It helped young people stay
- 2. c) Decline in sea turtle nesting
- 3. a) It created jobs but caused long-term harm
- 4. c) She created an eco-tourism project
- 5. b) They restored mangrove forests
- 6. b) Illegal waste dumping
- 7. b) Practical and determined

### **PART 10**

- 1. c) A documentary about endangered monkeys
- 2. b) By using drones to collect data
- 3. c) Her current work has a broader impact

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