

Quiz 10



Vocabulary

Choose the correct answers.

- 1 The Egyptian Pyramids were architect Juan Carlos Ramos' ___ for building Pyramid House.
a representation
b inspiration
c heritage
d civilisation
- 2 Warsaw is the ___ city of Poland.
a capital
b civilised
c culture
d customary
- 3 Clive was exhausted after his trip and is sleeping heavily; he's _____.
a in his own little world
b a man of the world
c got the world at his feet
d dead to the world
- 4 Liam has two passports because he has dual _____.
a civilisation
b existence
c nationality
d society
- 5 It is usual for one generation to pass down customs and ___ to the next.
a concepts
b traditions
c nations
d globes
- 6 It's hard to believe that nearly 7,000 languages ___ in the world, isn't it?
a interfere
b locate
c consist
d exist
- 7 Stonehenge is a part of Great Britain's _____.
a heritage
b culture
c geography
d nation
- 8 Carmen grew up in Italy, so she's a ___ speaker of Italian.
a mother
b native
c ethnic
d non-verbal
- 9 I think we should take a credit card with us when we travel to allow ___ emergencies.
a for
b in
c of
d with
- 10 It's important to study grammar and vocabulary when you are learning a foreign _____.
a speech
b language
c mother tongue
d custom
- 11 Yoga is actually an ancient ___ that started about 5,000 years ago.
a society
b planet
c practice
d dialect
- 12 I know you're upset that the trip to Germany was cancelled, but it is _____. You can go another time.
a not the end of the world
b a small world
c worlds apart
d in its own world
- 13 Will you hurry up? You're behaving like we have all the time ___, but the coach is about to leave!
a in the world
b of the world
c to the world
d in your own little world
- 14 Chile has one ___ language: Spanish.
a ethnic
b mother
c official
d capital
- 15 Great Britain consists ___ England, Scotland and Wales.
a in
b to
c with
d of
- 16 Although English is spoken in many countries all over the world, it is not ___ language.
a a national
b a universal
c an ethnic
d an existing
- 17 Sometimes a person's accent can interfere ___ communication.
a in
b to
c with
d for
- 18 Oceans and deserts as well as roads and buildings are all examples of ___ features.
a national
b customary
c civilised
d geographical
- 19 You can understand as much about a person from their ___ communication as you can from what they say.
a personal
b non-verbal
c dual
d native
- 20 The map was lost many years ago and no one knows its _____.
a geography
b location
c existence
d concept

Grammar

Choose the correct answers.

- 1 'How are Mum and Dad getting to the airport?'
'They said ___ a taxi.'
a we are taking
b to take
c we had taken
d they were taking
- 2 Jenny ___ the Great Barrier Reef in Australia had been a World Heritage site since 1981.
a told
b said that
c said us that
d told to us that
- 3 Our history teacher asked ___ our projects.
a had we all handed in
b if we have all handed in
c whether we had all handed in
d if had we all handed in
- 4 The travel agent advised ___ Machu Picchu at dawn when the sun comes up.
a to us to see
b for us seeing
c us to see
d us of seeing
- 5 'What did you ask the speaker?'
'I asked him ___ for our civilisation.'
a what future did he see
b was there a future
c what future he saw
d if did he see a future
- 6 'Julian has offered ___ to the museum later.'
'How kind of him.'
a driving us
b to drive us
c to driving
d that he will drive us
- 7 She explained what we'd be doing _____.
a the following day b next day
c the day before d previous day
- 8 The sign informed visitors ___ quiet.
a of being b for all to be
c that they had to be d for being
- 9 'Did Laura give you your book on British culture?'
'She ___ borrowing it in the first place.'
a denied b refused
c promised d explained
- 10 Charlie accused ___ his guide book.
a me losing b that I lost
c to lose d me of losing
- 11 'Did Maggie go with you to Stonehenge?'
'No, she told me she ____.'
a had seen it the year before
b had seen it the next year
c would see it the previous year
d is seeing it the year before
- 12 'Did you speak to Henry?'
'Yes, he promised ___ the details the next day.'
a me to send
b for sending
c to send
d that he should send
- 13 Our history teacher said ___ really well in our exam.
a we had all done
b we all have done
c that had all done
d what we had done
- 14 'What did the museum guard say?'
'He told me ___ photos.'
a please don't take b not to take
c no taking d to don't take
- 15 'Kate asked how many official languages ___ in Switzerland.'
a were they b there were
c were there d they were
- 16 The tour guide asked ___ down as quickly as possible.
a everyone sit b to sit
c that we sit d us to sit
- 17 David had a good idea and suggested ___ the Onyx Sanctuary.
a we visiting b us to visit
c for us to visiting d that we should visit
- 18 'Why did Ruth ring?'
'She reminded ___ her outside the museum at 12 o'clock.'
a me meet b me to meet
c me meeting d me to meeting
- 19 Olivia begged her husband ___ to India for a holiday.
a to taking her b that he would take her
c to take her d was taking her
- 20 Maria ___ she loved living in Mexico.
a told what b told us that
c said us that d said us

___ / 20

Mark: ___ / 40

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Reading

Read the four texts and answer the questions.

A

East meets west in Goa

Governed by Portugal for nearly 500 years, this beautiful area of Asia has a distinctly European feel. In North Goa, wander around the UNESCO-listed city of Old Goa, experience busy street markets or enjoy the water sports on offer at the beach by day and the parties by night. For something more relaxing, visit South Goa and enjoy the white sandy beaches, sleepy villages and luxurious 5-star hotels. Look no further than Goa – you won't be disappointed.

Contact your local travel agent to find out more.

C

The threat of popularity

The Indian state of Goa has been seen as an ideal holiday destination for decades, but its popularity is becoming a problem, as Nick White reports.

Approximately 2.5 million people visit Goa every year, twice as many as 10 years ago and considerably more than the 1.5 million people that live there. The effect on the environment is devastating. For example, beaches are covered in rubbish and coastal waters are polluted by waste from households, hotels and industry.

Environmentalists accuse the local authorities of not taking action to clean up the beaches and the coastal waters. Although the state is aware of

the problem, tourism is important to the area. One solution put forward is to develop inland tourism during the monsoon off-season to avoid making the situation worse. Goa has a spectacular architectural heritage and many less-known areas of natural beauty that tourists could enjoy. Despite financial help being available for villagers who open small hotels in such areas, tourism is still concentrated along the coast. One member of a local environmental action group said that unfortunately the government's idea of development is to open more and more hotels along the coast to attract more tourists and more money to an already over-developed area.

B

From: Simon

Good morning from Goa!

Well, what a place Anjuna is! We arrived here last week and we're having a great time! The hotel's on the most beautiful beach, so we've been lying in the warm sun and cooling off in the water afterwards. Goan cuisine is amazing, especially the traditional fish curry and rice – you know how I love to try unusual dishes! Mum and Dad would probably have chosen a quieter location, but Joanna and I love it – beach parties every night.

I'm not coming home until I've been bargain hunting in the famous flea market. I promise to bring you something back.

I'll ring when we're home so I can tell you more about it.

Wish you were here!

Simon

D

Goa, India

Located on the west coast of India, Goa is India's smallest state by area and fourth smallest by population. Rich in wildlife and well-known for its beaches and world heritage architecture, it is visited by large numbers of tourists every year.

Goa has a tropical climate and there are no extremes in temperature; it is warm and humid for most of the year. The hottest month is May, just before the rainy season begins. Most of Goa's annual rainfall is received in summer, when the monsoons start in early June until late September. It has a short winter season from mid December to February, where nighttime temperatures are a cool 18 degrees Celcius and daytime temperatures reach an average of 26 degrees Celcius.

Question 1 refers to section A.

- 1 What is the aim of section A?
a to advertise a local travel agent
b to explain the differences between North and South Goa
c to promote Goa as a holiday destination
d to inform tourists of what they can do during their stay

Question 2 refers to section B.

- 2 What has Simon NOT done yet on his holiday?
a bought souvenirs
b been to a beach party
c swimming and sunbathing
d eaten local food

Questions 3 and 4 refers to section C.

- 3 Why are environmentalists unhappy with the government?
a because it isn't developing the area fast enough
b because it doesn't realise the importance of tourism
c because it doesn't want tourists to travel inland
d because it isn't doing enough to help
- 4 What is the approximate population of Goa?
a 2,500,000
b 1,500,000
c 1,250,000
d 750,000

Question 5 refers to section D.

- 5 What is true of the climate in Goa?
a It is the same temperature all year round.
b It is warmest just before summer.
c Winter is very wet and humid.
d The rainy season doesn't last long.

Question 6 refers to sections A, B, C and D.

- 6 Which sections mention the weather?
a A and B
b B and C
c A and D
d B and D



Reading: ___ / 12

Vocabulary

1 Circle the correct words.

When in Rome ...!

Are you thinking about travelling abroad anytime soon? Well, if you are, once you have made all the usual preparations like ¹ **arranging / reaching** your accommodation, ² **hiring / exchanging** currency, ³ **contacting / renewing** your passport and, of course, ⁴ **packing / confirming** your suitcase, you should also take a little time and do some research on the place which you will be visiting. Most travellers know that people and countries can ⁵ **be worlds apart / have all the time in the world** when it comes to things like official ⁶ **globes / languages**, local ⁷ **dialects / nationalities** and personal ⁸ **speech / beliefs**, but not everyone knows that ⁹ **kayaking / customs** and ¹⁰ **traditions / backpacking** can vary greatly from place to place as well. To avoid having someone object ¹¹ **to / of** something that you might say or do while you are away, you should spend an hour or two surfing the Net or reading in the library. Look for information about what is considered appropriate, or not, in the ¹² **culture / adventure** of the country you are going to visit. In this way, you will be better prepared and more likely to enjoy your trip.

___ / 12

Progress Test 5 51

Progress Test 5



2 Complete the sentences with these words.

aisle Australia civilisation Europe gate geography package peak sunbathing travel

- _____ is the continent where the Alps and the Eiffel Tower are located.
- If you are going to go _____, make sure you wear a hat and use lots of sunscreen.
- I'm almost ready for my trip. The only thing I have left to do is buy _____ insurance.
- Would all passengers on Flight BA 121, please go to the departure _____ now, please.
- I would never go on holiday in Greece during _____ season because it gets too busy.
- Excuse me, but I think there's a problem – I asked for a(n) _____ seat, not one by the window.
- While we were on holiday in _____ we saw lots of koalas; we also tried surfing!
- My favourite subject at school is _____ because I love learning about different places.
- My travel agent suggested I book a(n) _____ holiday because the cost of flights and accommodation are included in the price.
- We can thank the ancient Greek _____ for things like the Olympic Games and the Acropolis.

___ / 10

3 Read the sentences and complete each gap with one word.

- Travellers take pleasure _____ meeting new people and seeing new places.
- We have no intention _____ spending our holiday by the pool; we're going sightseeing.
- Allowing _____ unexpected holiday expenses is always a good idea.
- The castle is huge; it consists _____ over 120 rooms and at least 4 towers.
- Some people in the village still believe _____ things like spirits and magic.
- Being a tour guide calls _____ patience, hard work and lots of knowledge.

___ / 6

Vocabulary: ___ / 28

Grammar

1 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verb in brackets.

- He's a successful businessman, so he is used to _____ first class. (travel)
- It's too hot _____ rock-climbing; let's go swimming instead. (go)
- My little sisters weren't allowed _____ at the beach by themselves. (swim)
- Jason might _____ taking a guided tour of the city. (like)
- _____ around the old city was tiring, but amazing. (walk)
- Our teacher let us _____ and take photos of the Tower of London. (stop)
- Mum and Dad are unhappy about _____ the island during peak season. (visit)
- You'd better _____ now if you don't want to miss your plane. (leave)
- Oh, no. I forgot _____ my passport in my bag – it's still home on the table! (put)
- Ollie stopped _____ for a moment to ask the air hostess to bring him a glass of water. (eat)
- I was made _____ my parents every night while I was in Europe. (call)
- I went to the local travel agent's _____ a city break for me and Bob. (book)

___ / 12

2 Complete the gaps in the sentences with one word.

- 1 The African continent is dryer _____ the North American continent.
- 2 Jake spends money _____ carelessly than me when we're on holiday, which is why he never has any!
- 3 Our guide walked the _____ quickly of all; we were always **trying** to keep up with her.
- 4 It is said that Singapore is _____ most expensive city in the world to live in.
- 5 In my opinion, Santorini is _____ lovely as Mykonos.
- 6 The more I travel the _____ I want to explore the world.
- 7 I'm sure the little hotel in my village is _____ busy than a big five-star hotel in New Your City.
- 8 The islands are becoming more _____ more popular with tourists from abroad.

___ / 8

3 Rewrite the sentences using reported speech and the reporting verbs in bold.

- 1 'I'm sorry I lost the tickets,' Tina said. **apologise**

- 2 'Is Mark coming whale-watching today?' I said. **ask**

- 3 'All right, I'll go deep-sea fishing tomorrow,' she said. **agree**

- 4 'I didn't steal this postcard from the shop,' she said. **deny**

- 5 'When does our plane take off?' Ben said. **ask**

- 6 'Stay on the coach until I get back!' the driver said to the children. **tell**

- 7 'Please have your passports and visas ready,' she said to us. **ask**

- 8 'You should take this train to get to the city centre,' the man said. **explain**

- 9 'We may go to Spain next year,' he said to them. **inform**

- 10 'I was reading about Japanese customs two hours ago,' she said to me. **tell**

___ / 10

Writing

Grammar: ___ / 30

You see this advert in an international travel magazine.

Reviews wanted

Cultural holidays for teens

We want reviews of cultural holidays for teenagers. Your review should include information about the place, what you can see and do there, and what you might learn on your holiday. Would you recommend it to other people your age?

The best reviews will be published in next month's magazine.

Writing: ___ / 10

Write your review. (140-190 words)

Mark: ___ / 80