

Unit 7:-Curtain Up!

7

Theatre

Jordan
TEAM
Together
Grade 5
Semester 2

Missing word: a _____
What doesn't belong in the picture?



Unit 7:-Curtain Up!

أهداف الوحدة

**التركيز على المفردات الجديدة

**كلمات مرتبطة بالمسرح والترفيه

**إستخدام الصفات التي تنتهي باللاحقة ful

**استخدام زمن المضارع التام للتحدث عن التجارب الماضية

Vocabulary معاني كلمات الوحدة

**المسرح

| Word | Arabic meaning |
|-----------|----------------|
| Act | يمثل |
| Audience | الجمهور |
| Backstage | خلف الكواليس |
| Cast | طاقم التمثيل |
| Cheer | يهتف |
| Costumes | الأزياء |
| Curtain | الستارة |
| Director | المخرج |
| Lighting | الإضاءة |
| Props | الأدوات |

| | |
|---------|---------|
| Scenery | المناظر |
| Stage | المسرح |

. (الترفيه)

| Word | Arabic meaning |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| Classical music | لموسيقى الكلاسيكية |
| Comic | كوميدي |
| Concert | حفلة موسيقية |
| Country music | موسيقى الريف |
| Festival | (مهرجان) |
| Musical | عرض موسيقي |
| Poem | قصيدة |
| Puppet show | عرض الدمى |

**الصفات التي تنتهي ب-ful

| Word | Arabic meaning |
|----------|----------------|
| Cheerful | (مبتهج) |
| Thankful | ممتن |
| Playful | مرح |
| Fearful | خائف |
| Peaceful | مسالم |

| | |
|-----------|--------------|
| Forgetful | كثير النسيان |
| Careful | حذر |
| Hopeful | متفائل |

Grammar

1. المضارع التام (Present Perfect):

الاستخدام: للتحدث عن التجارب التي حدثت في الماضي وتأثيرها على الحاضر.

أمثلة:

****I've read Alice's Adventures in Wonderland**

****I haven't seen the film**

He's seen Alice's costume somewhere, but he hasn't found it

2. اللاحقة -ful:

تستخدم لإنشاء صفات تدل على الصفات أو الحالات.

مثال: Hope → Hopeful (متفائل).

3. وصف الملابس:

****The trousers are too long** (البنطال طويل جدًا).

****The T-shirt is too small** (القميص صغير جدًا).

Worksheet

Question 1: Vocabulary

1. Write the meaning

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| Audience | |
| Hopeful | |
| Musical | |
| Thankful | |

2. Choose the correct word to complete the sentence:

1. The _____ opened, and the play began. (cast / curtain)
2. The _____ cheered loudly after the performance. (audience / props)
3. The director asked the _____ to stand in position. (cast / scenery)
4. The _____ looked beautiful under the lights. (costumes / backstage)

Question 3: Grammar (Present Perfect)

1. Complete the sentences using the present perfect:

1. I _____ (see) a puppet show before.

2. She _____ (not read) the new poem yet.

3. They _____ (perform) on stage many times.

4. He _____ (not watch) the musical

2. **Make question and negative form of these sentences:

1. He has visited the theatre.

Question: _____

Negative _____

2. They have prepared the props.

Question: _____

Negative _____

Question 4: Adjectives with Suffix -ful

1. Complete the sentences using the correct word with the suffix -ful:

1. The audience was very _____ after the great performance. (cheer)

2. Be _____ with the props; they are fragile. (care)

3. She was _____ to the director for giving her the lead role. (thank)

4. The lighting created a _____ atmosphere. (peace)

Question 5:-Write the sentences.

1 my friends and I not eat / junk food / for ages

My friends and I haven't eaten junk food for ages.

2 .my parents / buy / rice / for dinner

3 .Sana / write / an email / to her grandparents

4 .the actor /not visit /this theatre /for many years

Teacher Areej Mallah 

PRESENT PERFECT

We use the Present Perfect for actions completed recently or experiences.

| POSITIVE | NEGATIVE | QUESTION |
|--|---|---|
| I / You / We / They have played. | I / You / We / They haven't played. | Have I / you / we / they played? |
| He / She / It has played. | He / She / It hasn't played. | Has he / she / it played? |

Complete the sentences with the correct form of the verbs in brackets.

- 1- I _____ (visit) three different countries so far.
- 2- She _____ (never/eat) sushi before.
- 3- We _____ (study) English for five years.
- 4- They _____ (just/finish) their homework.
- 5- He _____ (not do) his homework yet.
- 6- _____ the team _____ (win) the championship?
- 7- I _____ (not see) that movie yet. Is it good?
- 8- Mary _____ (read) three books this month.
- 9- She _____ (travel) to every continent. It's amazing!
- 10- We _____ (already/take) the exam.

PRESENT PERFECT SIMPLE

Exercise 1. Write the past participle of these verbs:

| VERB | PAST PARTICIPLE |
|------|-----------------|
| be | |
| make | |
| take | |
| see | |

| VERB | PAST PARTICIPLE |
|-------|-----------------|
| do | |
| read | |
| win | |
| watch | |

| VERB | PAST PARTICIPLE |
|-------|-----------------|
| have | |
| write | |
| play | |
| study | |

Exercise 2. Choose the correct option:

- a) My father have / has been to London.
- b) My parents have / has been to New York.
- c) I have / has studied English since I was 3 years old.
- d) Marta have / has worked at Fontarron school for 5 years.
- e) I haven't / hasn't visited my granparents since last month.
- f) Coronavirus have / has killed many people.

Exercise 3. Complete the sentences using present perfect:

- a) I _____ (see) that movie 15 times!
- b) People _____ (travel) to the Moon.
- c) We _____ (read) the Quijote book with Sonia.
- d) Alicia _____ (be) to France four times.
- e) Marcos _____ (write) two poems.
- f) Xavi _____ (finish) his homework.
- g) Marta _____ (live) in Madrid for some years.

PRESENT PERFECT

I. Write **have** or **has**.

1. I _____ answered the question.
2. She _____ opened the window.
3. They _____ called us.
4. You _____ carried a box.
5. It _____ rained a lot.
6. We _____ washed the car.
7. He _____ closed the window.
8. Jenny _____ locked the door.
9. The girls _____ visited the museum.
10. John and Sophie _____ helped in the garden.

II. Put the verbs into the correct form in **Present Perfect**.

1. I _____ (not / work) today.
2. We _____ (buy) a new lamp.
3. We _____ (not / plan) our holiday yet.
4. Where _____ (be / you)?
5. He _____ (write) five letters.
6. She _____ (not / see) him for a long time.
7. _____ (be / you) at school?
8. School _____ (not / start) yet.
9. _____ (speak / he) to his boss?
10. No, he _____ (not / have) the time yet.

DATE: _____

GRAMMAR WORKSHEET

PRESENT PERFECT



| | | |
|------|------|--------|
| I | have | |
| You | have | |
| He | has | eaten. |
| She | has | |
| It | has | |
| We | have | |
| They | have | |

| | | | |
|------|------|-----|--------|
| I | have | | |
| You | have | | |
| He | has | not | eaten. |
| She | has | | |
| It | has | | |
| We | have | | |
| They | have | | |

have not = haven't
has not = hasn't



| | | |
|------|------|--------|
| Have | I | |
| Have | you | |
| Has | he | eaten? |
| Has | she | |
| Has | it | |
| Have | we | |
| Have | they | |

| | | | | |
|------|-------|------|------|------|
| Yes, | | No, | | |
| I | have. | I | have | |
| you | have. | you | have | |
| he | has. | he | has | not. |
| she | has. | she | has | |
| it | has. | it | has | |
| we | have. | we | have | |
| they | have. | they | have | |

- Complete the sentences below. Use 'haven't or 'hasn't' for negative sentences.

- I'm really hungry because I (eat) haven't eaten.
- A: _____ Mary (do) _____ her homework?
B: Yes, she _____.
- _____ we (see) _____ that movie? I can't remember.
- Oh no! I (lose) _____ my cell phone!
- No, Pat and Sue (arrive) _____. They're not here.
- _____ Mr. Smith (have) _____ breakfast?
- I'm nervous. I (fly) _____ in a plane before!
- A: _____ he (call) _____? B: No, he _____.
- _____ you ever (write) _____ a poem?
- I'm not happy. I still (find) _____ my cell phone.
- _____ you (decided) _____ what food you want to order?
- _____ Sarah (read) _____ the magazine I gave to her?
- _____ you (put) _____ all your toys away?
- It (rain) _____ for a very long time.
- I think I (forget) _____ to buy some bread.